Financial Results Briefing for 2Q FY2024

Revenue and profits increased steadily in the 1H, while investing for future growth

May 10, 2024

GMO Financial Gate, Inc.

(Ticker: 4051, TSE-Growth)

16th IR Presentation



https://gmo-fg.com/



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The content of these presentation materials is based on generally recognized economic and social conditions, as well as assumptions judged to reasonable by GMO Financial Gate as of May 10, 2024

Note that presentation material content is subject to change without prior notice in response to changes in the business environment or other unforeseen circumstances



Meeting Agenda

Main Agenda

- 1. Summary of Financial Results for 2Q FY2024
- 2. KPI
- 3. Business Highlights
- 4. Growth Strategy and Progress

Supplemental Agenda

- 5. Financial Information, Investment and Shareholder Return Policies
- 6. ESG Initiatives (Details)
- 7. Appendix



Summary of Financial Results for 2Q FY2024

1



1.1 2Q FY2024 Summary

Progress on track for the 1st half for revenue and operating profit. Active investment for future growth led to recurring revenue, profit growth

1H FY2024 P7

- Revenue : ¥ 9.24bn(YoY+27.2%) Progress towards 1H forecast 100.4% Progress towards full-year forecast 48.1%
- Operating Profit : ¥ 0.92bn(YoY+45.2%) Progress towards 1H forecast 124.7% Progress towards full-year forecast 65.4%

Revenue by Business Model P9

- Initial revenue: ¥ 6.05bn(YoY+18.2%) - Recurring-Model revenue: ¥ 3.18bn(YoY+48.9%)

KPI P 12-14

- Transaction Volume (Number of Transactions): **0.17bn(YoY+57.9%)**
- GMV : ¥ 1.50tn(YoY+58.8%)
- Number of Active Terminals (2Q): 344K (YoY+111K, YoY+47.3%)
 - 1 Built up multiple pipeline of new projects by utilizing solution assets P 25
 - ②Accelerating terminal-less payment services through expansion of "stera" lineup (stera fasstap/tap) and conclusion of investment agreement with Softspace P26
 - 1 Obtained guarantee from an external certification body for GHG (greenhouse gas) P 31 2 Achieved Scope 1 and 2 carbon neutrality through GHG visualization and acquisition of
 - non-fossil certificates, promoting ESG advancement

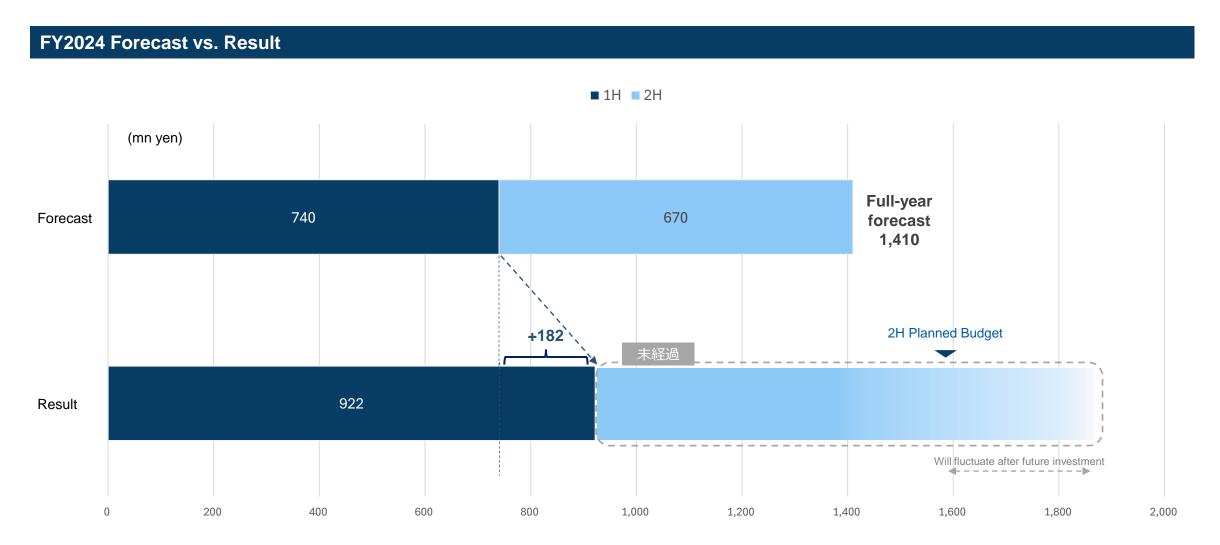
Business

Topics

Quantitative

1.2 Operating Profit Forecast for FY2024

OP progress as of 1H is c.65%. Forecast for full-year remains unchanged as on schedule progress is expected for 2H





1.3 Summary of Financial Results

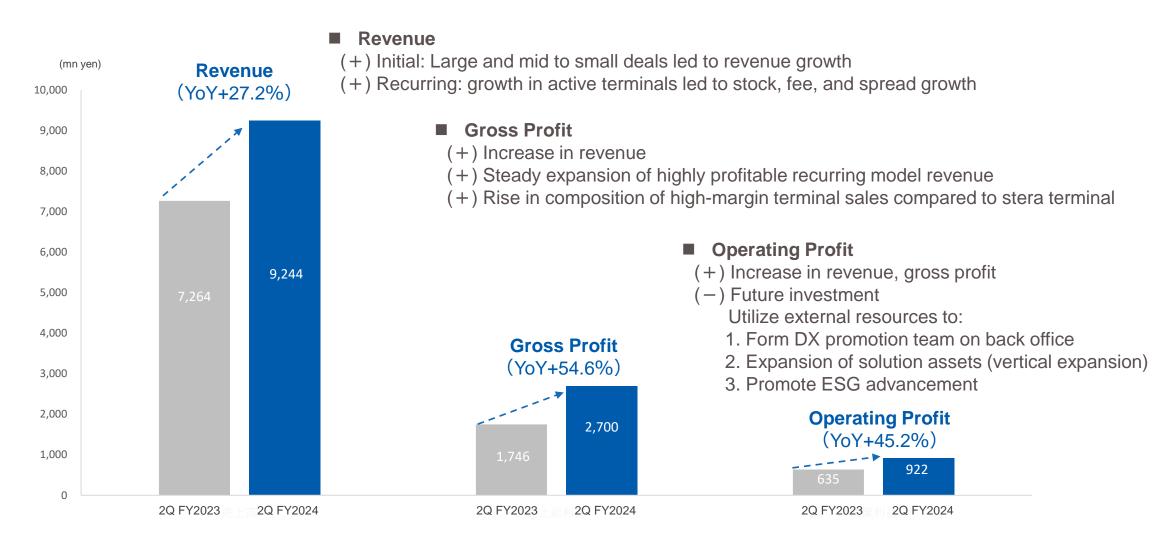
Solid progress in both revenue and profit. KPI numbers continued to grow as expected

(mn yen)	1H FY2023	1H FY2024	YoY	Forecast 1H FY2024 (Full-year)	Progress towards forecast 1H FY2024 (Full-year)		
Revenue	7,264	9,244	+27.2%	9,208 (19,200)	100.4% (48.1%)		
Gross profit	1,746	2,700	+54.6%	2,421 (5,095)	111.6% (53.0%)		
Operating profit	635	922	+45.2%	740 (1,410)	124.7% (65.4%)		
Profit attributable to owners of parent	394	551	+39.9%	472 (859)	116.9% (64.2%)		

	Number of active terminal (2Q FY2024 Only)	Transaction Volume (2Q FY2024 Only)	Transaction Value (GMV) (2Q FY2024 Only)
KPI	344,564	c. 170.5mn	c. ¥ 1,502bn
(YoY)	(+47.3%)	(+57.9%)	(+58.8%)

1.4 Breakdown of Financial Results

Steady growth in both initial and recurring revenue. Improvement in margin of initial terminals and growth in recurring revenue led to increase in operating profit



1.5 Revenue by Business Model (YoY)

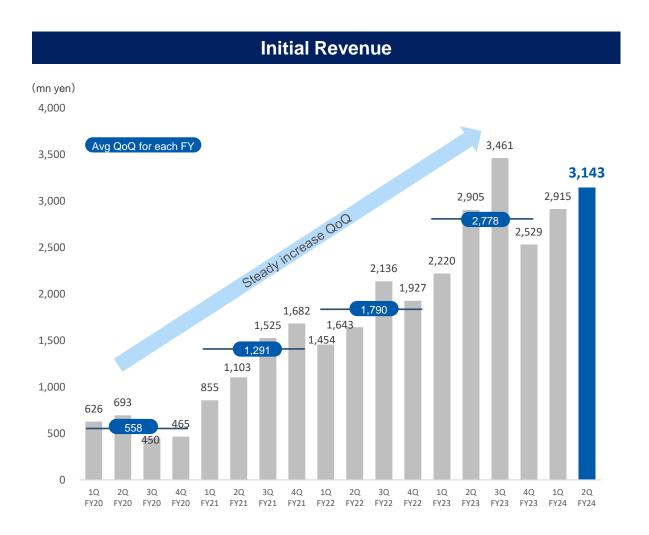
Each revenue with steady increase. Composition of reccuring revenue rose from 29.4% to 34.5%

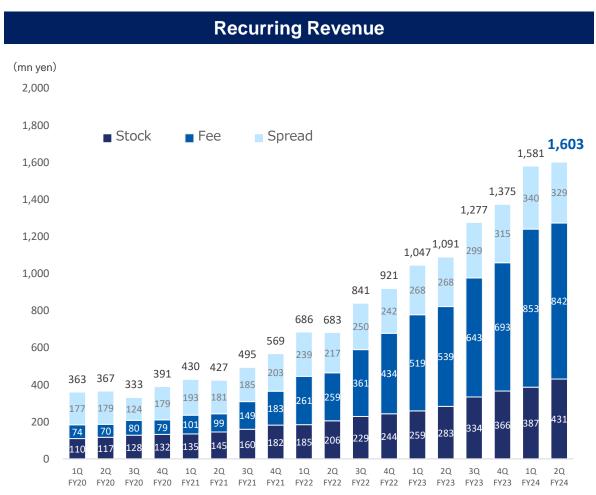
(mn yen)	1H FY2023 (Composition %)	1H FY2024 (Composition %)	YoY		
Initial	5,125 (70.6%)	6,059 (65.5%)	+18.2%		
Recurring-Model	2,139 (29.4%)	3,185 (34.5%)	+48.9%		
Stock	543 (7.5%)	818 (8.9%)	+50.7%		
Fee	1,059 (14.6%)	1,695 (18.3%)	+60.1%		
Spread	536 (7.3%)	670 (7.3%)	+25.1%		
Total Revenue	7,264	9,244	+27.2%		



1.6 Revenue by Business Model (Quarterly)

Initial: Steady QoQ growth due to mid-size deals Recurring: Growth in number of active terminals led to QoQ growth despite seasonality impact







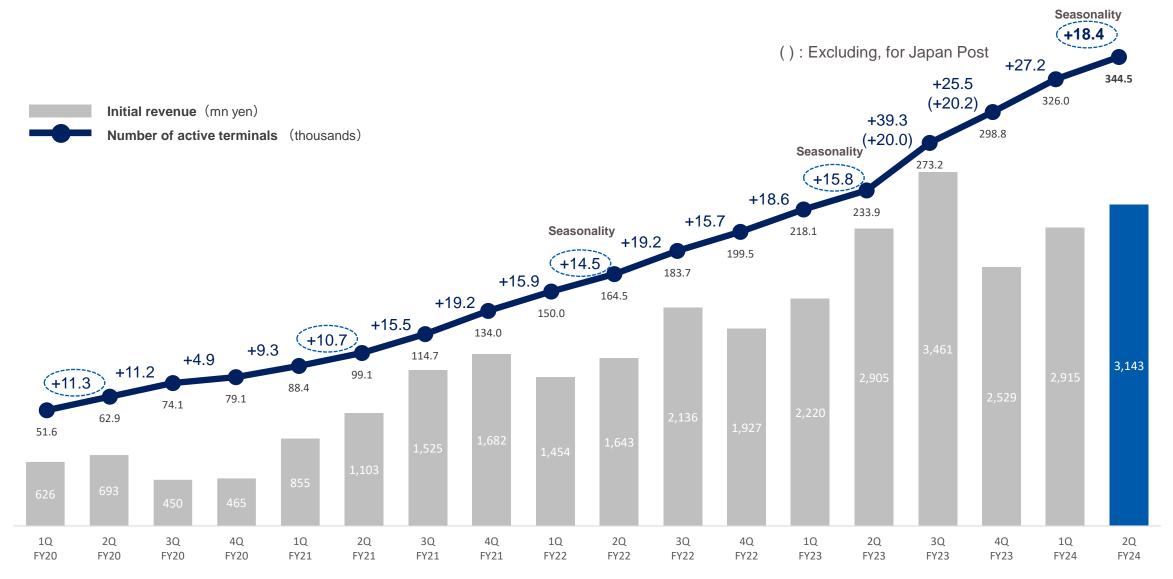
KPI

2



2.1 Initial Revenue and Number of Active Terminals

Steady initial revenue, number of active terminals even with seasonality effects





2.2 Consolidated KPI (Number of active terminals)

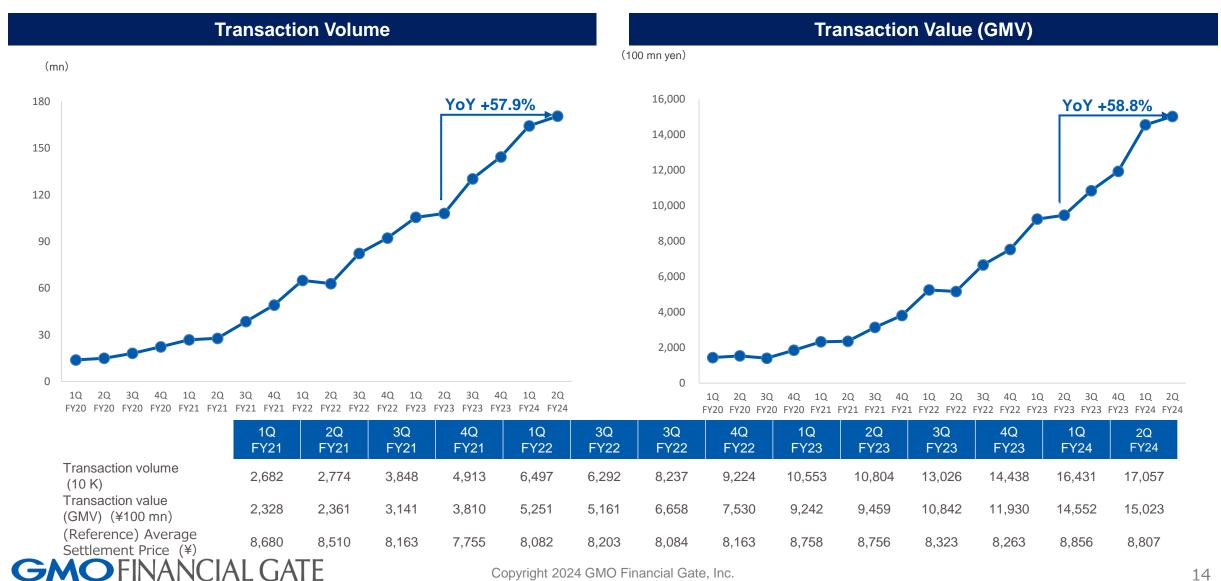
Continued steady progress. The number of IoT terminals is increasing due to implementation in large lot customers





2.3 Consolidated KPI (Quarterly Transaction volume / GMV)

Transaction volume and value increased by more than 50% YoY



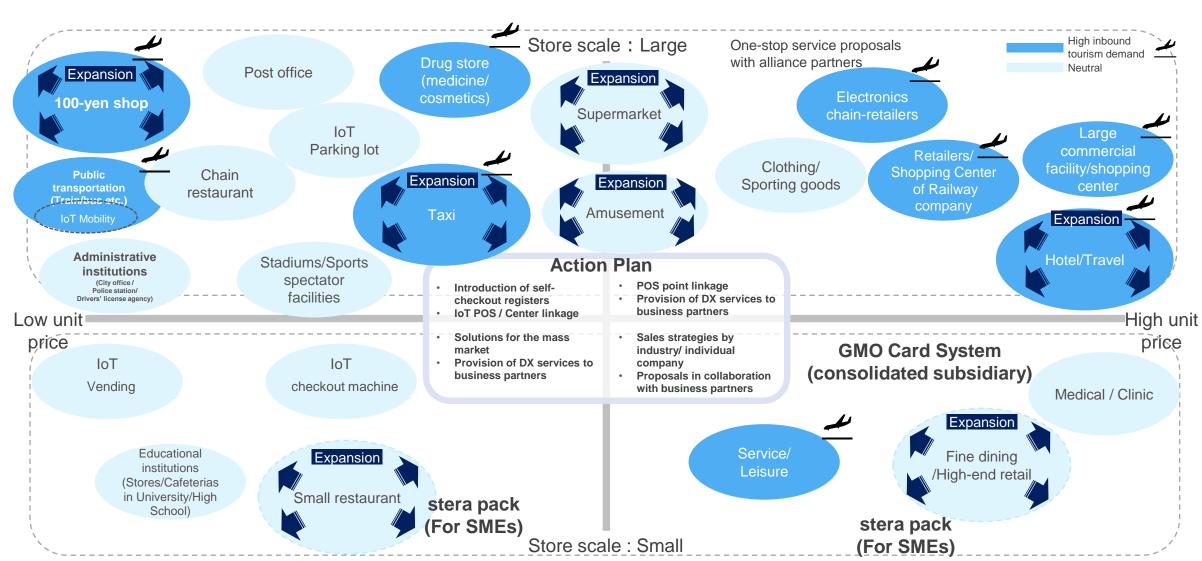
Business Highlights

3



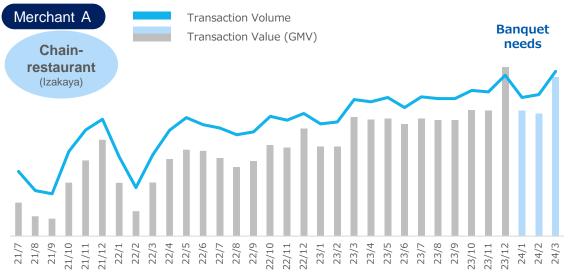
3.1 Trends by Merchant Industry

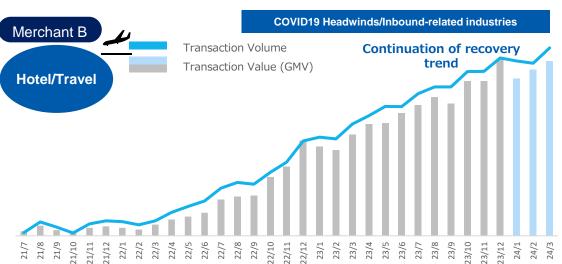
Installation of self-checkout, mobile terminals at 100-yen shops, supermarkets, and taxis are increasing

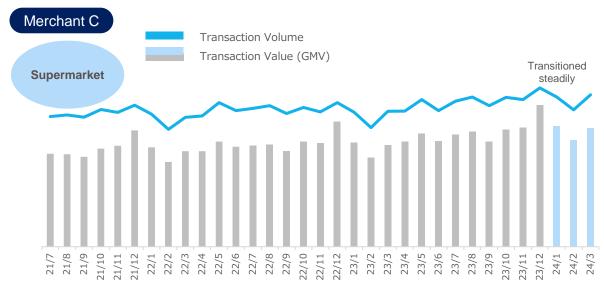


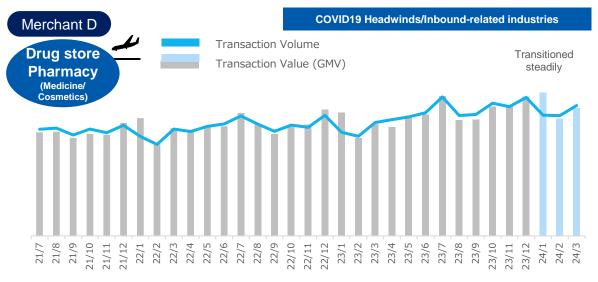
3.2 Transaction Trends by Industry (2Q)

Restaurant, hotel/travel industries increased by capturing seasonal demand. Supermarket and drugstores continued on a steady trend





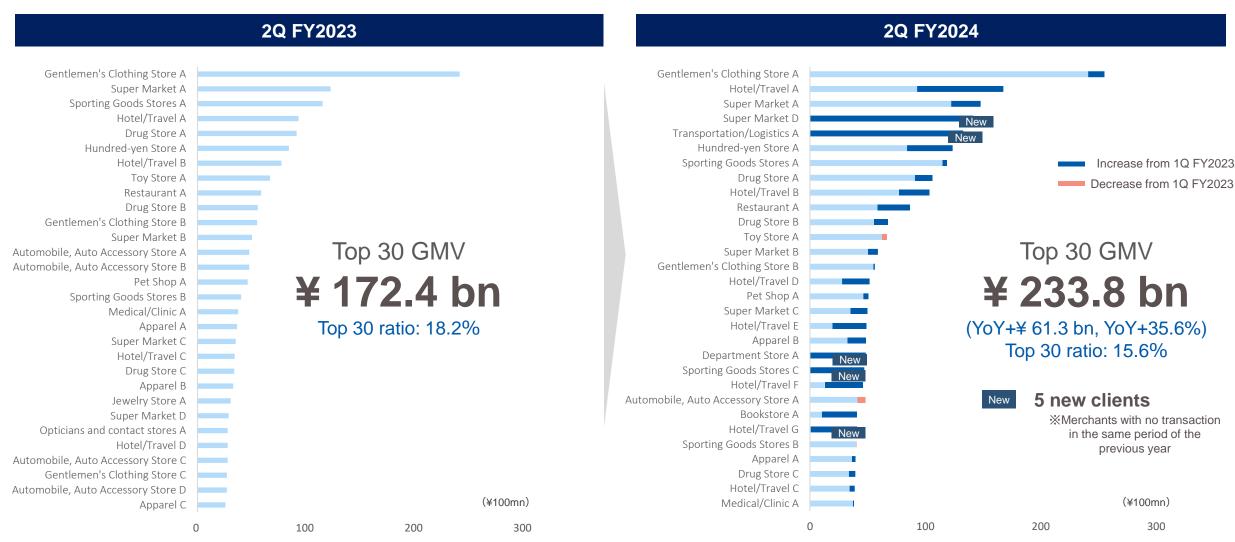




3.3 Top 30 Merchants (GMV basis)

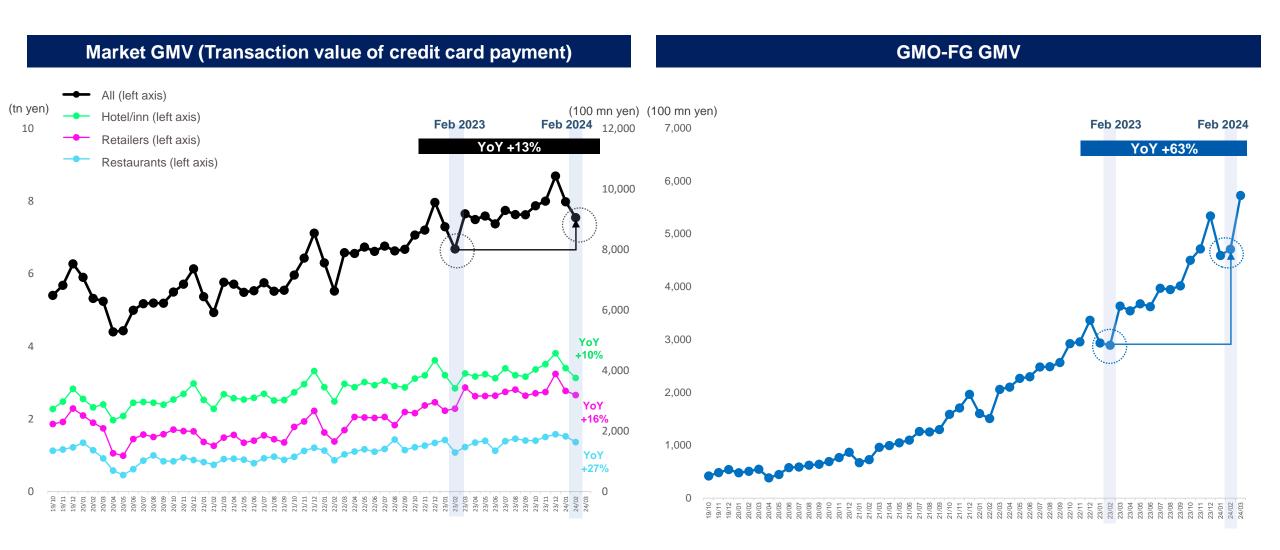
Men's clothing merchant increased due to seasonality

Large merchants increased due to vertical expansion – five large lot merchants increased YoY



3.4 Comparison to Market Growth (February YoY)

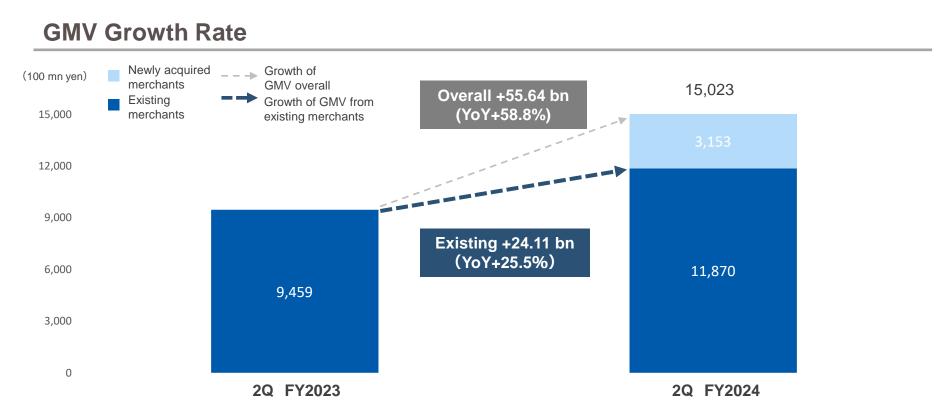
Overall market growth is +13% YoY while GMO-FG grew +63% YoY, significantly exceeding macro trends





3.5 Settlement Platform which Grows with its Merchants

GMO-FG GMV grew at +58.8% YoY for 2Q, +25.5%YoY for existing merchants Merchants grew with GMO-FG's settlement platform



^{*}Existing merchants are calculated as the number of merchants in the same period of the previous year. Existing merchants increase in "the number of payment terminals" and "new store openings" are also considered as existing growth.



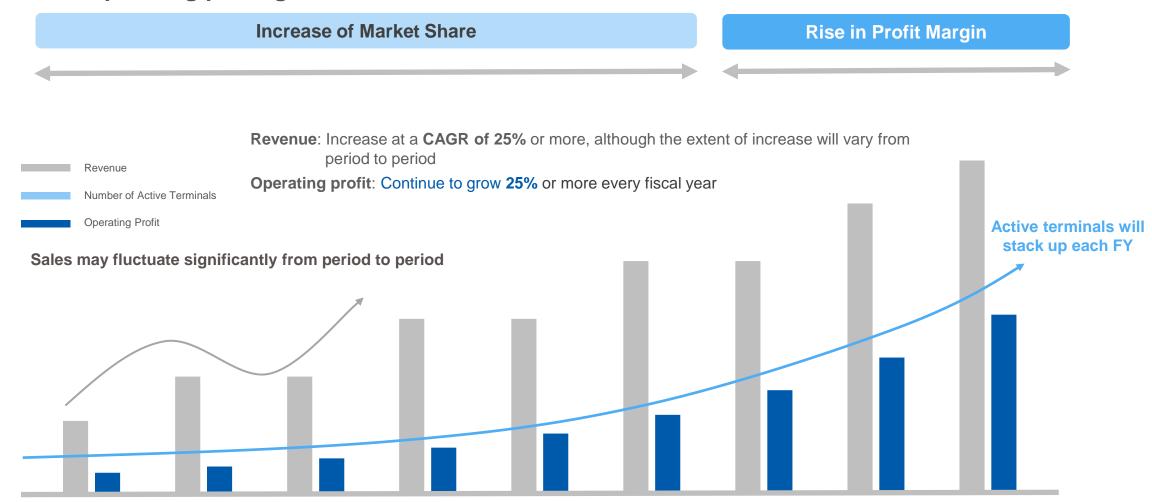
Growth Strategy and Progress



4.1 Image of rise in Revenue & Operating Profit

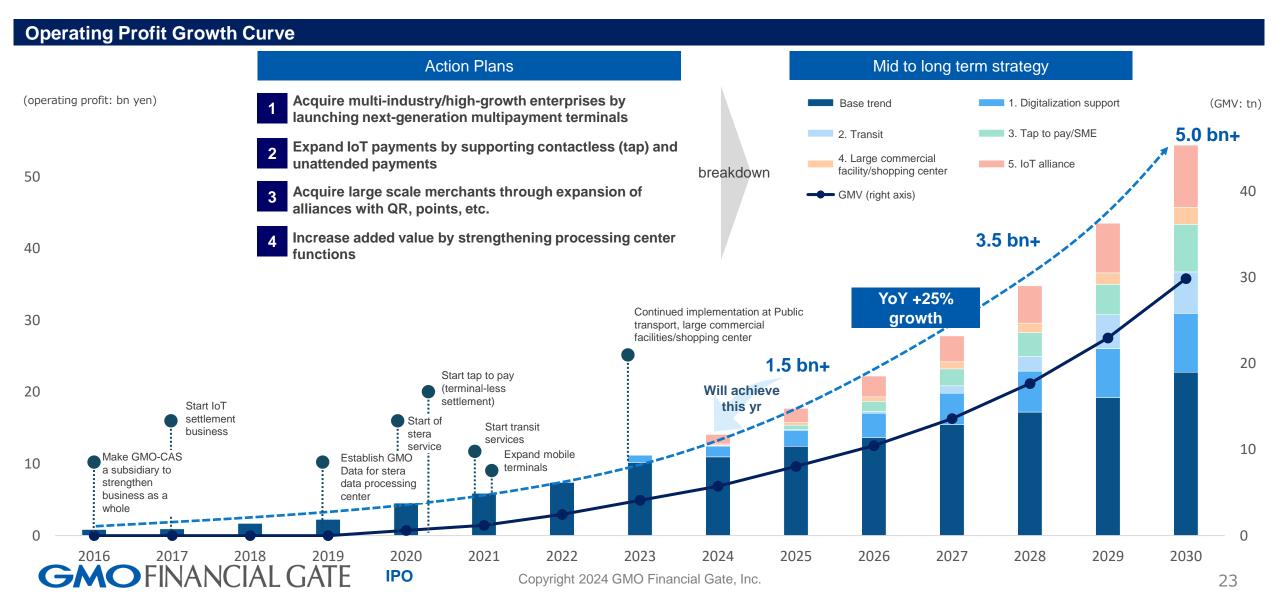
Market Share Expansion Phase: focus on sales/activation of payment terminals and revenue will be fluctuated.

Margin Increase Phase: recurring revenue will increase due to increase in active terminals which will contribute to operating profit growth

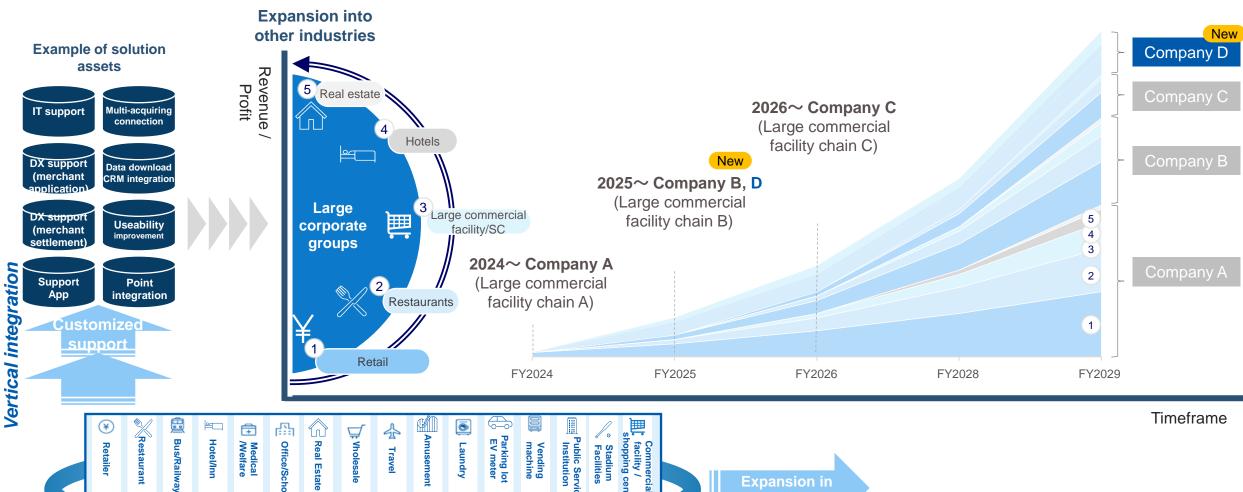


4.2 Mid-term Financial Plan

OP of 1.5bn yen will be achieved this year ahead of schedule – a new five-year plan has been created to promote operating profit of 5bn yen in 2030



Accelerate business expansion with large corporate groups by providing a variety of tailor-made services - expanding profit opportunities by applying this to other large corporate groups



Horizontal integration (1, Payment terminal, 2. Processing center, 3. PSP service)

Office/School



customer industry

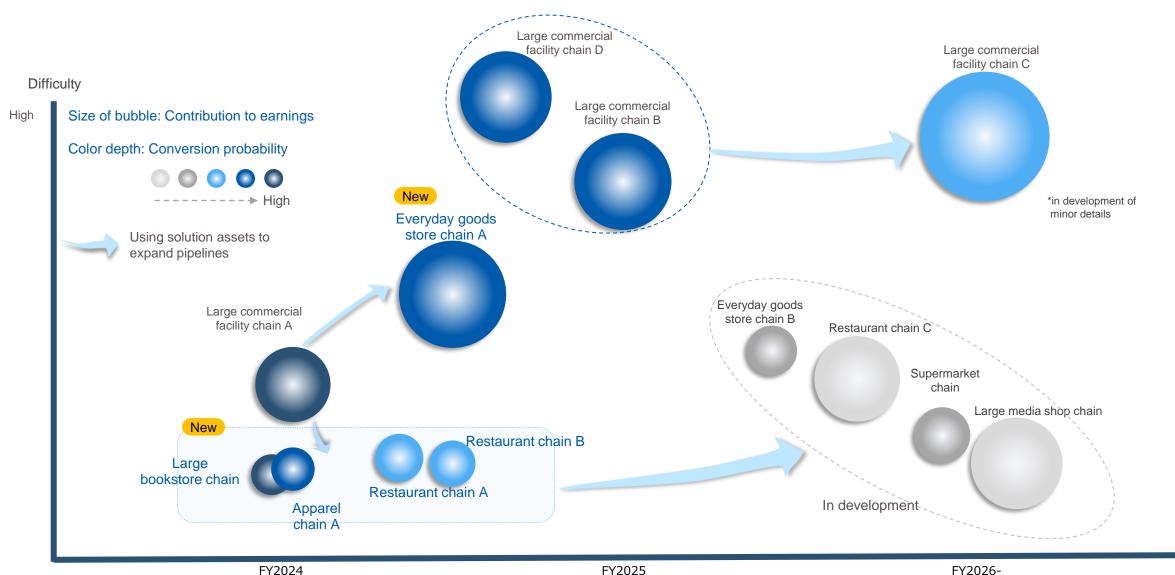
Vending machine

4.4 Expanding Pipelines utilizing our Solution Assets

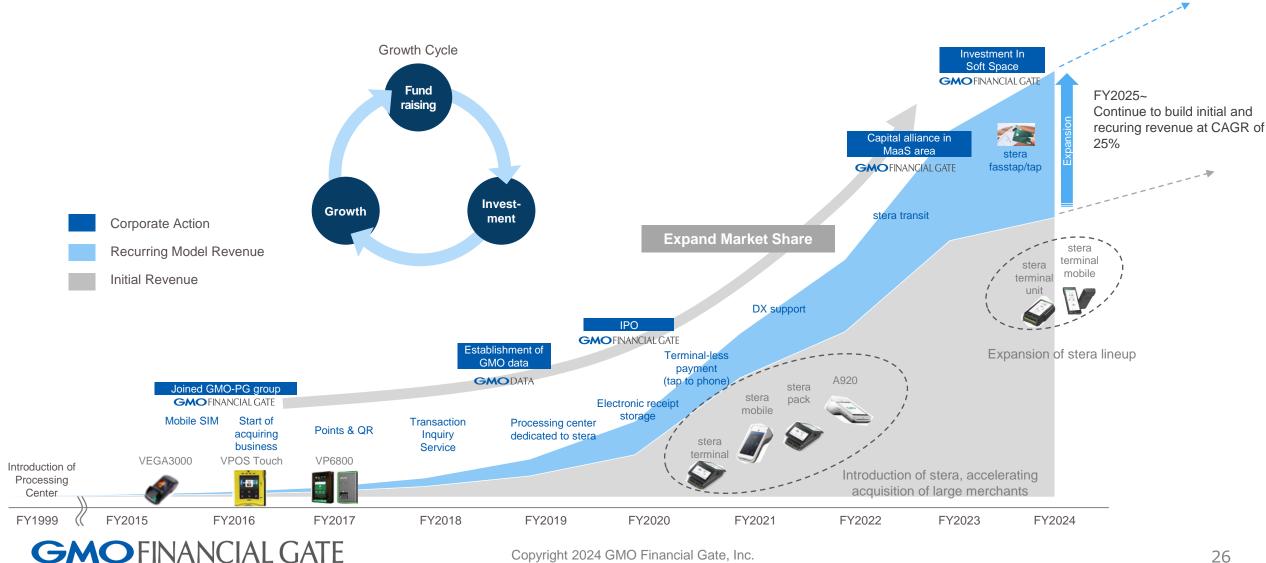
Action plans

1 2 3

Steadily building on new pipeline by utilizing solution assets cultivated through vertical expansion



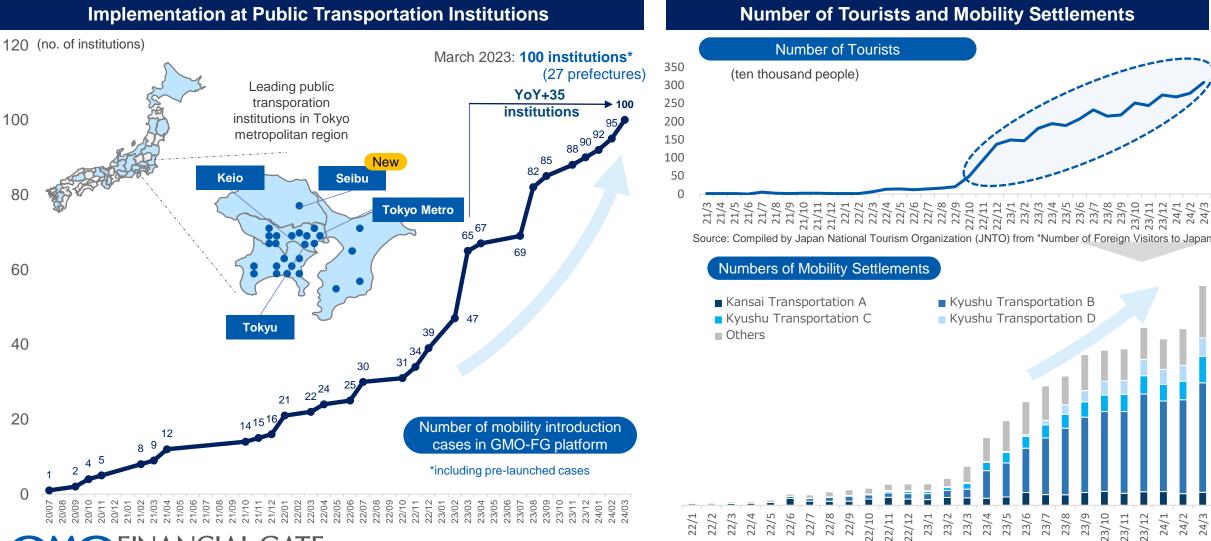
Recurring sales steadily increased as we increase market share – will continue to aim for well-balanced growth in both initial and recurring model by expanding our service lineup



4.6 Expansion of Payment Platforms - Mobility Domain

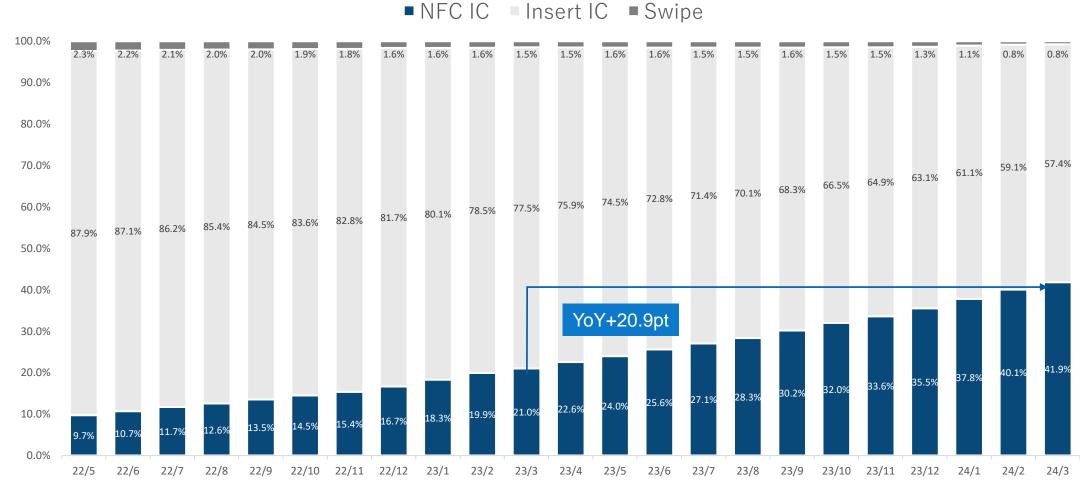
Action plans

With the recent increase in the number of foreign visitors to Japan, mobility payments in urban areas are on the rise - provided services to 100 enterprises as of Mar. 2024. Experimental implementation is scheduled to start with Seibu in 2024



The percentage of credit touch payments at our processing center is on an upward trend. Growing awareness of the convenience of NFC is driving the future spread of credit touch in the mobility field

Credit and debit payments at our centers / Proportion of payment methods



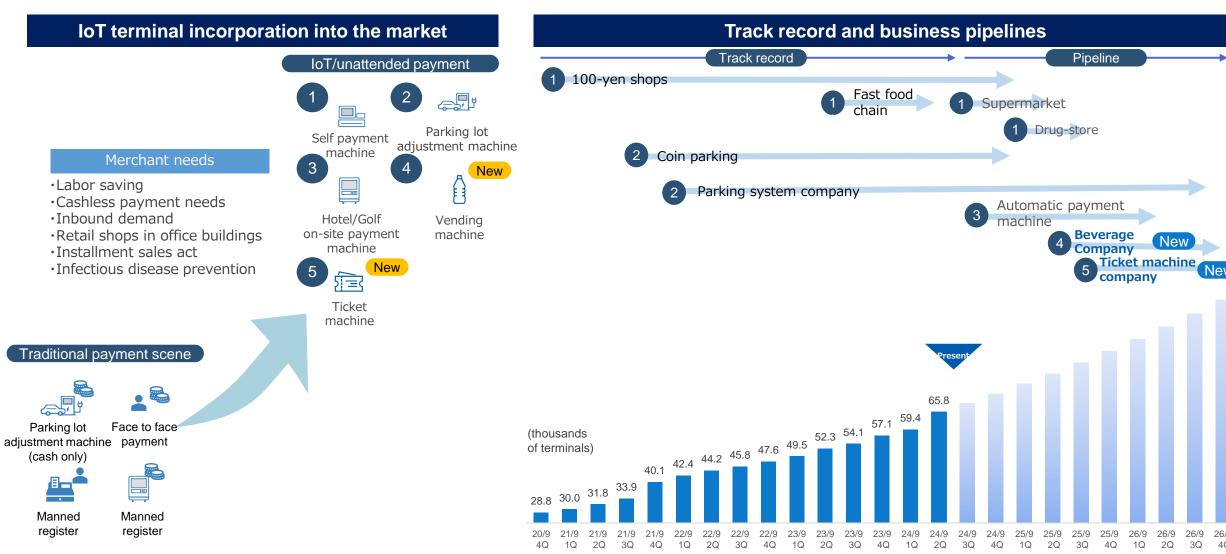


4.8 Progress in IoT/Unattended Payment

Action plans

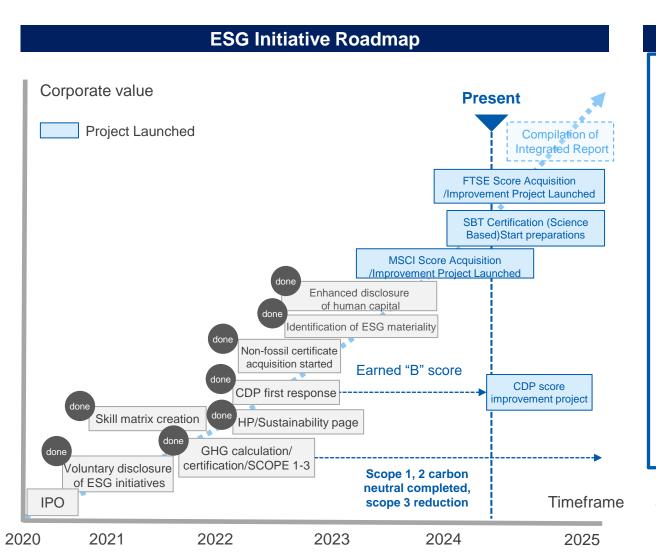


Supporting the transition from traditional to unmanned terminal (IoT) payments Expanding business pipelines based on track record with major merchants



4.9 Expanding ESG Initiatives

Continuous promotion of ESG initiatives to improve corporate value – will continue to improve as a infrastructure corporation – has completed scope 1, 2 carbon neutral



To Do's

Promote MSCI score acquisition/improvement project

- Promote project with external consultants to improve MSCI score
- Since the scoring is a relative evaluation, we aim to improve the level of disclosure with consideration for other companies in the same industry.

Project launched for SBT certification (Science Based Targets)

- The SBT (Science Based Targets) Secretariat carries out certification after comparing the levels required by the Paris Agreement with the greenhouse gas emission reduction targets set by each company.
- Project launched to reduce greenhouse gases and data verification continued by thirdparty verification organization

CDP score improvement project

- · Earned B score in 2023
- Will strive to earn A score by implementing external consultants

FTSE score acquisition/improvement project launched

- Visualize issues with the assumption that they will be subject to scoring in the near future
- · Started considering countermeasures

Creation of Integrated Report

Formed Project Team

 We plan to create an integrated report from the perspective of enhancing information disclosure in order to promote management that involves more stakeholders.



4.10 ESG / External Certification

Obtained a Scope 1~3 guarantee for GHG (greenhouse gas) emissions in September 2023. Achieved carbon neutral for Scope1, 2. Will continue dialogue with partner companies to reduce Scope 3

External Certification (FY2023)

Independent Assurance Report



Mr. Kentaro Sugiyama
President & Chief Executive Officer
GMO Financial Gate. Inc.

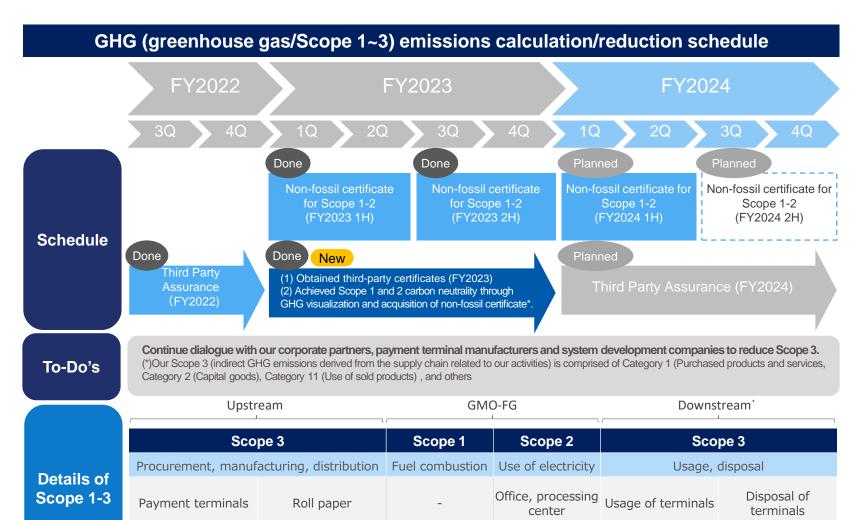
We, SOCOTEC Certification Japan (hereafter "SOCOTEC"), have performed a limited assurance engagement, in response to the entrustment from GMO Financial Gate, Inc. (hereafter "the Company"), in order to provide an opinion as to whether the subject matter information ("GHG Emissions Calculation Report for the 25th fiscal year" (period: 1 October 2022 to 30 September 2023)) of the Company meets the criteria in all material respects.

1 Subject Matter Information and Criteria

The subject matter information ("GHG Emissions Calculation Report for the 25th fiscal year" (period: 1 October 2022 to 30 September 2023)) for our assurance is "a report on energy-derived greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 is not applicable, Scope 2 (location-based and market-based)) and all other indirect greenhouse gas emissions that occur in a company's value chain (Scope 3 (Categories: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11))" covering business activities of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (2 subsidiaries) described in "GHG Emissions Calculation Procedure Manual (Ver.3.0)".

The criteria for preparing subject matter information is "GHG Emissions Calculation Procedure Manual (Ver.3.0)".

Energy-derived GHG emissions			All other indirect GHG emissions that occur in a company's value chair							
Scope 1:	_	t-CO2e	Scope 3: 19,501 t-CO2e							
Scope 2: location-based	87	t-CO2e	e Breakdown (t-CO2e)							
market-based	0	t-CO2e	Category 1: 13,982	Category 2: 110	Category3:	0				
			Category 4: 1	Category 5: 4	Category 11: 5	5,405				
				he aggregate results for each atch the aggregate results tha						



*Non-fossil Certificates: Certificates for electricity generated from non-fossil power sources, such as renewable energy sources like solar and wind power, and

nuclear power. By purchasing Non-Fossil Certificates, companies can indirectly reduce CO2 emissions related to the electricity they use.



Supplemental Information

Financials, Investment /

Shareholder Returns



5.1 Profit & Loss

(thousands of yen)	1H FY2023	1H FY2024	YoY
Revenue	7,264,812	9,244,148	+27.2%
Cost of goods sold	5,518,271	6,543,482	+18.6%
Gross profit	1,746,541	2,700,665	+54.6%
SG&A	1,110,898	1,777,934	+60.0%
Operating profit	635,642	922,731	+45.2%
Ordinary profit	633,973	916,784	+44.6%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	394,368	551,697	+39.9%



5.2 Revenue by business model (Quarterly)

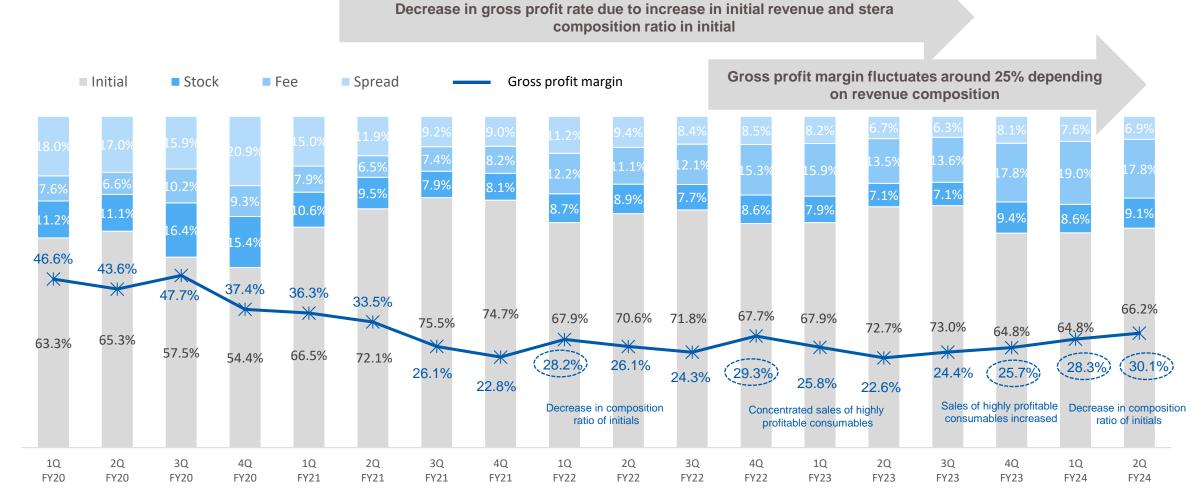
(mn yen)	1Q FY21	2Q FY21	3Q FY21	4Q FY21	1Q FY22	2Q FY22	3Q FY22	4Q FY22	1Q FY23	2Q FY23	3Q FY23	4Q FY23	1Q FY24	2Q FY24
Initial	855	1,103	1,525	1,682	1,454	1,643	2,136	1,927	2,220	2,905	3,461	2,529	2,915	3,143
- Recurring-Model	430	427	495	569	686	683	841	921	1,047	1,091	1,277	1,375	1,581	1,603
Stock	135	145	160	182	185	206	229	244	259	283	334	366	387	431
. Fee	101	99	149	183	261	259	361	434	519	(539)	643	693	853	Seasonali 842
Spread	193	(181)	185	203	239	217	250	242	268	268	299	315	340	Seasonali 329
Total	1,286	1,531	2,020	2,252	2,141	2,327	2,978	2,849	3,267	3,997	4,738	3,905	4,496	4,747



5.3 Changes in Revenue Composition and Changes in Gross Profit Margin

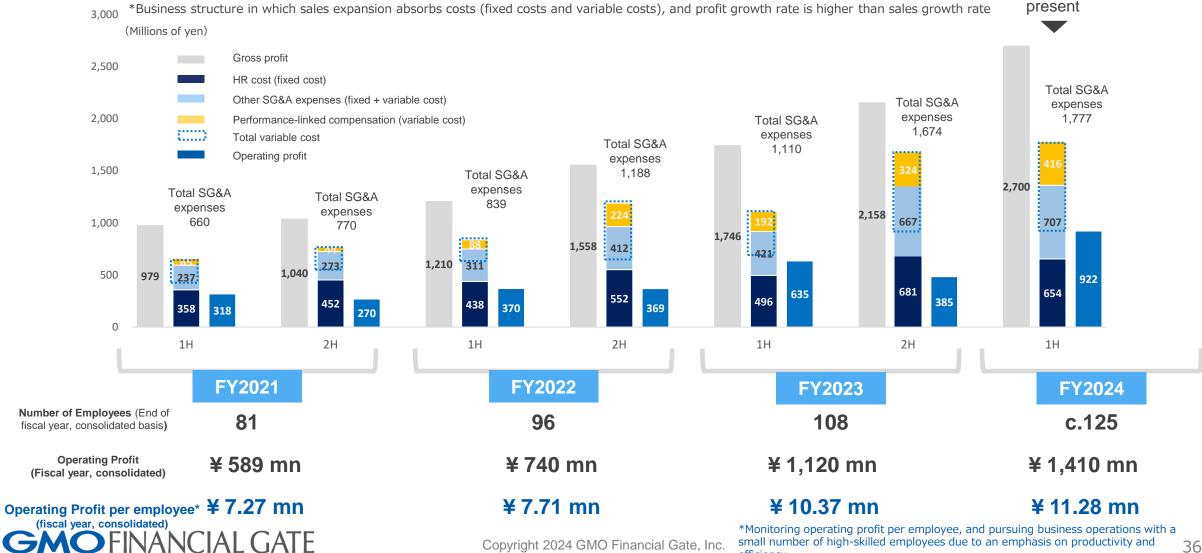
Gross profit margin remained in line with sales composition, around the 30% range, rising for four consecutive quarters

Although the recurring ratio has declined due to QoQ, initial gross profit margin has improved due to increased sales of unmanned terminals, etc.



5.4 SG&A and Profit Trends (half-year transition)

While actively implementing growth investments that are variable cost elements (1) performance-based compensation, (2) other SG&A, the ability to generate profits has been improved through operating leverage*. Growth investment will be continued in the second half of this year



5.5 Balance sheet

Small increase in cash & cash equivalent, merchandise

End of 2Q FY2024 (thousands of yen)

Cash and cash equivalents (38.3%)
4,216,506

Merchandise (Payment terminal) 3,344,423

Other current assets 1,540,300

Non-current assets 1,893,441

Asset

Current liabilities 3,619,735

Non-current liabilities 2,062,812

Total net assets (48.4%) 5,329,154

Total liabilities and net assets

■ Note

Merchandise: ¥ 3.34 bn

Increased by 260mn yen from end of 1Q

Current liabilities: ¥ 3.61 bn

Increased by 320mn yen from 1Q due to increase in deposits etc.

Non-current liabilities: ¥ 2.06 bn

Increased by 10mn yen from end of 1Q

Cash and cash equivalents: ¥ 4.21 bn

Increased by 3.1mn yen from end of 1Q



5.6 Balance sheet (Quarterly)

	(mn ye	en)	4Q FY21	1Q FY22	2Q FY22	3Q FY22	4Q FY22	1Q FY23	2Q FY23	3Q FY23	4Q FY23	1Q FY24	2Q FY24	QoQ	YoY
		Cash and cash equivalents	3,434	1,425	1,618	2,231	2,519	1,720	2,190	2,779	4,015	3,897	4,216	+319	+2,026
	Current assets	Merchandise	1,615	2,177	2,523	1,545	1,507	2,511	3,131	2,733	2,396	3,077	3,344	+267	+213
Asset		Others	741	868	1,007	884	990	1,527	1,520	1,412	1,093	1,555	1,557	+2	+20
	Non-c	current assets	1,347	1,409	1,445	1,497	1,622	1,567	1,651	1,692	1,757	1,846	1,893	+30	+242
	То	tal assets	7,136	5,879	6,593	6,157	6,638	7,326	8,493	8,617	9,262	10,376	11,011	+618	+2,518
Liabilities		ent liabilities	2,720	1,538	2,135	1,575	1,929	2,801	3,220	2,114	2,604	3,298	3,619	+223	+399
		urrent liabilities	40	37	33	30	39	39	539	1,540	1,541	2,042	2,062	+19	+1,523
	Net As	sset	4,376	4,304	4,425	4,552	4,671	4,485	4,732	4,962	5,115	5,036	5,329	+374	+597
Total liabilities and net assets		7,136	5,879	6,593	6,157	6,638	7,326	8,493	8,617	9,262	10,376	11,011	+618	+2,518	



5.7 Consolidated KPIs (Number of Active Terminal)

The number of operating terminals is steadily increasing, driven by manned terminals, while number of unmanned terminals continues to increase due to the trend of self-service and labor saving

(thousand)	4Q FY21	1Q FY22	2Q FY22	3Q FY22	4Q FY22	1Q FY23	2Q FY23	3Q FY23	4Q FY23	1Q FY24	2Q FY24	4Q FY21	1Q FY22	2Q FY22	QoQ (%)	YoY (%)
Manned	39.5	48.4	61.6	75.2	88.3	101.3	118.7	132.7	149.4	162.7	199.5	222.2	246.7	258.3	+11.5 (+4.7%)	+95.5 (+58.7%)
Unmanned (IoT)	30.0	31.8	33.9	40.1	42.4	44.2	45.8	47.6	49.5	52.3	54.1	57.1	59.4	65.8	+6.4 (+10.9%)	+13.5 (+25.8%)
Sold by others	18.8	18.8	19.0	18.6	19.2	18.9	19.2	19.1	19.1	18.8	19.5	19.3	19.9	20.3	+0.4 (+2.1%)	+1.4 (+7.8%)
Total	88.4	99.1	114.7	134.0	150.0	164.5	183.7	199.5	218.1	233.9	273.2	298.8	326.0	344.5	+18.4 (+5.7%)	+110.5 (+47.3%)



5.8 Capital Allocation Policy

Aim to achieve continuous business growth in accordance with the investment funding policy and capital allocation policy

Investment Source Funding Policy

Priority of investment resources (1) Operating cash flow, (2)
 Interest-bearing debt, (3) Equity

(1) Operating Cash Flow

Leverage operating CF from continuous profit growth

(2) Favorable sub liabilities, etc.

Flexibly consider the use of interest-bearing debt in accordance with our investment policy based on our financial condition, market environment, and interest rate levels

(3) Equity

We will make a comprehensive evaluation of the stock price level, market environment, financial condition, and other factors. and financial conditions, etc., and consider capital procurement to realize continuous business growth through investment. Consider capital procurement to achieve sustainable business growth through investment based on a comprehensive assessment of stock price levels, market environment, financial conditions, etc.

Capital Allocation Policy

 Priority will be given to business investment and growth investment in accordance with our business strategy, while at the same time, we will continue to provide a certain level of shareholder returns.

Business Investment

Business investment to implement market share expansion strategy

Growth Investments

Strategic investments in preparation for profit margin increase strategy

Shareholder Returns

Stable and continuous dividend payments while securing internal reserves for business and growth investments to support continuous business growth



5.9 Investment Policy

Proactive business investment to execute "market share expansion strategy" necessary for medium to long-term operating profit growth of +25% YoY

	Business investment	Growth investment
Main Investment Target	 Investments in data centers, terminal development, and internal systems Investment in human resources (organizational enhancement, hiring, performance-linked compensation, etc.) Development investment for IoT (mobility), touch settlement in transportation systems (trains, buses, etc.), and labor-saving/self-support 	 Support for cashless transactions in the area of small and medium-sized merchants New business related to money services/payment Data service/marketing support business Building alliances (business alliances, capital tie-ups, etc.)
Basic Investment Policy	•In principle, business investments are made within the budgeted framework based on the assumption that the profit plan will be achieved, and additional investments are made according to the progress of actual performance.	 Careful verification of business profitability and growth potential Start lean and small Expand investment limits in phases where return on investment is expected



5.10 Shareholder Return Policy

Aiming to increase corporate value through business growth while providing stable and continuous dividends simultaneously

Basic Policy on Shareholder Returns

Increase in corporate value

•Aim to increase market capitalization over the medium to long term through continuous business growth

To increase net income attributable to shareholders through business growth in revenue (CAGR 25%) and operating profit (+25% YoY or more) . Increase net income attributable to shareholders through business growth

Stable and continuous dividends

Stable and continuous dividend payments

Aim for shareholder returns of 50% or more while ensuring capital needs and internal reserves to support business growth (currently in place).



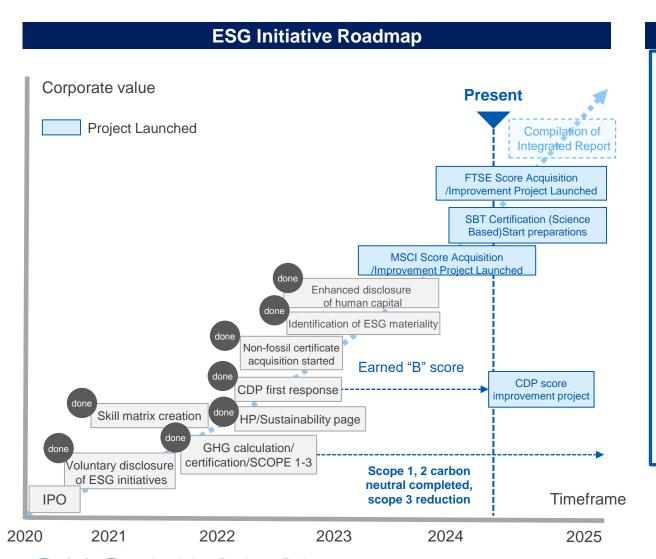
Supplemental Information

ESG Initiatives (Details)



6.1 (Reposted) Expanding ESG Initiatives

Continuous promotion of ESG initiatives to improve corporate value – will continue to improve as a infrastructure corporation – has completed scope 1, 2 carbon neutral



To Do's

Promote MSCI score acquisition/improvement project

- Promote project with external consultants to improve MSCI score
- Since the scoring is a relative evaluation, we aim to improve the level of disclosure with consideration for other companies in the same industry.

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- The SBT (Science Based Targets) Secretariat carries out certification after comparing the levels required by the Paris Agreement with the greenhouse gas emission reduction targets set by each company.
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- Earned B score in 2023
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- Visualize issues with the assumption that they will be subject to scoring in the near future
- · Started considering countermeasures

Creation of Integrated Report

Formed Project Team

 We plan to create an integrated report from the perspective of enhancing information disclosure in order to promote management that involves more stakeholders.



6.2 (Reposted) ESG / External Certification

Obtained a Scope 1~3 guarantee for GHG (greenhouse gas) emissions in September 2023. Achieved carbon neutral for Scope1, 2. Will continue dialogue with partner companies to reduce Scope 3

External Certification (FY2023)

Independent Assurance Report

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We, SOCOTEC Certification Japan (hereafter "SOCOTEC"), have performed a limited assurance engagement, in response to the entrustment from GMO Financial Gate, Inc. (hereafter "the Company"), in order to provide an opinion as to whether the subject matter information ("GHG Emissions Calculation Report for the 25th fiscal year" (period: 1 October 2022 to 30 September 2023)) of the Company meets the criteria in all material respects

Subject Matter Information and Criteria

The subject matter information ("GHG Emissions Calculation Report for the 25th fiscal year" (period: 1 October 2022 to 30 September 2023)) for our assurance is "a report on energy-derived greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 is not applicable, Scope 2 (location-based and market-based)) and all other indirect greenhouse gas emissions that occur in a company's value chain (Scope 3 (Categories: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11))" covering business activities of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (2 subsidiaries) described in "GHG Emissions Calculation Procedure Manual (Ver.3.0)".

The criteria for preparing subject matter information is "GHG Emissions Calculation Procedure Manual (Ver.3.0)".

Energy-derived GHG emiss	ions		All other indirect GHO	emissions that occur in	a company's value	chair		
Scope 1:	_	t-CO2e	Scope 3: 19,501 t-0	CO2e				
Scope 2: location-based 87 t-CO2e			Breakdown (t-CO2e)					
market-based	0	t-CO2e	Category 1: 13,982	Category 2: 110	Category3:	0		
			Category 4: 1	Category 5: 4	Category 11: 5	5,405		
			*The Scope 3 totals are to and do not apparently m category.	he aggregate results for each atch the aggregate results tha	category, including dea t are rounded off for ea	cimals, ach		

GHG (greenhouse gas/Scope 1~3) emissions calculation/reduction schedule FY2022 FY2023 FY2024 4Q Done Plannec Done Planned Non-fossil certificate Non-fossil certificate for Non-fossil certificate Non-fossil certificate for for Scope 1-2 for Scope 1-2 Scope 1-2 Scope 1-2 (FY2023 1H) (FY2023 2H) (FY2024 1H) (FY2024 2H) Schedule Done Done New Third Party (1) Obtained third-party certificates (FY2023) Third Party Assurance (FY2024) Assurance (2) Achieved Scope 1 and 2 carbon neutrality through (FY2022) GHG visualization and acquisition of non-fossil certificate*. Continue dialogue with our corporate partners, payment terminal manufacturers and system development companies to reduce Scope 3. (*)Our Scope 3 (indirect GHG emissions derived from the supply chain related to our activities) is comprised of Category 1 (Purchased products and services. To-Do's Category 2 (Capital goods), Category 11 (Use of sold products), and others GMO-FG Downstream' Upstream Scope 3 Scope 1 Scope 2 Scope 3 Procurement, manufacturing, distribution Fuel combustion Use of electricity Usage, disposal **Details of** Office, processing Usage of terminals Scope 1-3 Disposal of Payment terminals Roll paper terminals

*Non-fossil Certificates: Certificates for electricity generated from non-fossil power sources, such as renewable energy sources like solar and wind power, and

nuclear power. By purchasing Non-Fossil Certificates, companies can indirectly reduce CO2 emissions related to the electricity they use.



6.3 ESG-related topics (Materiality Identification/CDP Score B earned)

(1) Identified materiality. (2) Received a "B" in CDP, focusing on prime companies, exceeding the industry average, the Asian average, and the global average. Aiming for "A" in the future, and aiming to improve the score of low evaluation items.

ESG Materiality

			Materiality	Contribution to SDGs
ility	1	Infrastructur e & Security	Provide safe and secure face-to- face cashless payment infrastructure	11 thattans
Social Responsibility	2	Decarboniza tion & Environmen t	Provide environmentally friendly payment terminals	7 エネルダーをおんなに 12 つくら R.H. 13 常教家 B.C. 17 パートナーシップで もしてクリーシに
Soci	3	Business Innovation	Incorporate technological advancements	8 massis 9 massis 1 mass
nagement	4	Human Resources Human Rights	Secure highly specialized human resources and strengthen investment in their training	3 FATOAL SALES ARULES ARULES
Senior Management	5	Governance	Establish a fair and equitable governance structure	16 ##&&## *** 16 ###&################################</th></tr></tbody></table>

CDP Score: B earned

What is CDP

Non-government organization for global warming countermeasures. Sends out a questionnaire to leading companies around the world on topics such as greenhouse gas emissions, business risks and opportunities due to climate change, and evaluates companies' responses to climate change issues based on their responses. Ratings are given in 8 stages: A, A-, B, B-, C, C-, D, D- (B rating is third from the top

B Score

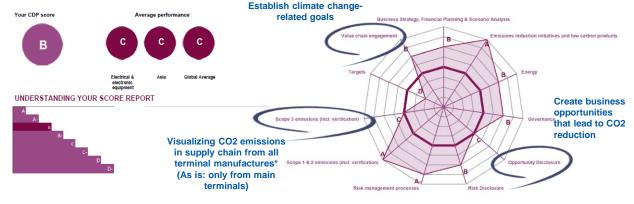
A score of "B" is considered to be at the management level, and indicates that the company has been evaluated as "taking coordinated action on climate issues"

- While our industry average, regional average, and global average are "C", we are a TSE growth market company and has a "B" score that exceeds these standards
- We will continue to strive to enhance disclosed information and aim to obtain an A score

CDP SCORE REPORT - CLIMATE CHANGE 2023



46



6.4 ESG Initiatives / Environment

In the provision of our payment platform, we promote business operations that consider environmental impact. Working to reduce CO₂ emissions related to our business

Specific Efforts

- Recycled paper is used for receipts (paper rolls) used at each payment terminal.
- Provide electronic storage services for sales slips to reduce the number of receipts (paper rolls)
- Use of environmentally friendly materials for payment terminal components
- Reuse of payment terminals returned by merchants as replacement terminals (refurbished terminals) in the event of malfunctions, etc.

	Environment Related Data							
Our Supply	Chain pstream	GN	/IO-FG	downstream				
SC	SCOPE 3		SCOPE 2	SCO	PE 3			
	Procurement, Manufacturing and Distribution		Electricity use	Use and	disposal			
payment terminal	Sales of roll paper	_	Office,Settleme nt Centers	Payment Terminal Use	Payment terminal Disposal			

Supply chain CO ₂ emissions	FY2022	FY2023
SCOPE 1 (t-CO2)	0	0
SCOPE 2 (t-CO2)	105	0
SCOPE 3 (t-CO2)	13,927	19,501
Electricity consumption for SCOPE 1 and 2 (kwh)	231,210	200,949

^{*} The subject companies are GMO Financial Gate, GMO Card Systems, and GMO Data, a consolidated group of companies.



^{*} Data for SCOPE 1~3 will be verified by a third-party verification organization in the future.

^{*} Achieved virtually 100% renewable energy by using renewable energy equivalent to SCOPE 1 and 2 electricity consumption.

6.5 ESG Initiatives / Social

Aiming for sustainable growth by hiring excellent human resources and enhancing various systems that contribute to improving the capabilities of all partners* in order to create corporate value and solve social issues

*Employees are referred to as partners

Initiatives

Human Resource Development and Welfare System

- Career design system: System to provide advice and support on career development
- **360-degree multidimensional evaluation system**: A system that allows partners to evaluate their supervisors without a name.
- **Countermeasures to the falling birthrate**: Financial benefits and special exceptions for work at various stages of marriage, childcare, etc.

Work-style reform

- Promote a telework work system that takes into consideration the safety of executives and employees
- Promotion of maternity and paternity leave
- Encouraging shorter working hours for childcare
- Providing post-retirement reemployment opportunities
- Providing an hourly annual leave system, etc.

Employment of the Disabled

• Inclusivity of diverse employees, creating a better workplace

Social Related Data						
	FY2022	FY2023				
Number of Partners*	124	148				
(Breakdown) Number of employee partners	96	108				
(Breakdown) Number of temporary partners	28	40				
Percentage of women among employee partners	22.8	32.4				
Percentage of women in management partners	14.3	13.6				
Average years of service	3y 7m	3y 10m				
Average age	40.9	42.7				
Turnover rate	9.5	4.6				

^{*}Number of partners" covers the consolidated corporate group GMO Financial Gate, GMO Card Systems, and GMO Data.



^{*}Number of partners" is the total number of regular employees, rehired employees, contract employees, and seconded employees (excluding employees seconded from our group to outside the group, but including employees seconded from outside the group to our group).

^{*}Number of temporary partners" is the average total number of part-timers and temporary employees during the past year.

^{*} Figures for "Ratio of women among employee partners" and "Ratio of women among management partners" are for "employee partners.

^{*} Average years of service, average age, and turnover rate are non-consolidated figures for GMO Financial Gate.

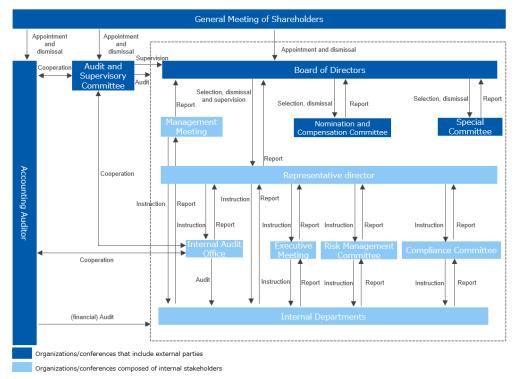
^{*} From the fiscal year ending September 2023, contracted and dispatched partners will be excluded from the calculation of the turnover rate.

6.6 ESG Initiatives / Governance

Focus on enhancing corporate governance by establishing a decision-making structure that responds quickly and appropriately to changes in the business environment, a fair, transparent, and efficient business execution structure

Specific Efforts

- Transition to a company with an audit and supervisory committee: External
 directors account for more than 1/3 of the Board of Directors, eliminating decisionmaking that would create a conflict of interest with shareholders.
- **Establishment of a special committee**: Strengthen the governance of the board of directors and protect the interests of minority shareholders



Governance Related Data

Outside Directors/Female Directors	FY2023
Number of directors	7
Number of independent outside directors (%)	2 (28.6%)
Number of female directors (%)	1 (14.3%)

^{*}Number and percentage of directors expected to be in office as of 12/14/2023

Attendance rate at Board of Directors Meetings (FY2023)

	Held/	Sugiyama	Aoyama	Fukuda	Tamai	Koide	Shimamura	Asayama
Times Held	Percentage	President and Representative Director	Board Member	Board Member	Board Member	Board Member	Independent Outside Director	Independent Outside Director
17 times	Times Attended	17	17	17	14	17	17	17
17 times	attendance rate	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}Directors in office as of the date of submission of this document (12/14/2023)

Board of Statutory Auditors FY2023

Number of times	Number of	Nagasawa	Ozawa	linuma
implemented	times/percentage	Independent Outside Corporate Auditor	Independent Outside Corporate Auditor	Auditor
10	Times Attended	14	14	14
13	Attendance Rate	100%	100%	100%

IR Activities	FY2022	FY2023
Financial Results Briefing	4	4
Number of 1-on-1 meetings	267	232
Group meetings sponsored by brokerage firms	3	3

^{*}For directors appointed during the term, indicate the number and rate of attendance since their appointment.

6.7 ESG Initiatives / Board of Directors

Governance structure built around technology and financial background

Internal Director (Managing Director)

Kentaro Sugiyama / President and Representative Director

Worked in the systems industry for 14 years with clients in the financial industry; joined GMO-FG in May 2017 after having worked for GMO-PG since 2014; became President and Representative Director in December



Akio Aoyama / Director, General Manager, Solution Partner Division

Worked in the systems industry for 21 years with clients in the financial industry; joined GMO-FG in April 2018; became Director in December 2018, responsible for Solution Partner Division; President and Representative Director of GMO Data since August 2019



Tomonaga Fukuda / Director, General Manager, IT Platform Division

18 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the financial industry; joined GMO-FG in September 2019, appointed as Director in December 2020, in charge of the IT Platform Division



Tomoki Tamai / Director, General Manager, Corporate Support Division

Engaged in sales and corporate affairs at major banks and operating companies; joined GMO-FG in August 2021; appointed Director in December 2022; in charge of Corporate Support Division



Director concurrently serving as GMO-PG

Tatsuya Koide / Director

35 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the public and manufacturing industries Joined GMO-PG in September 2021, also serving as Director of GMO-FG Appointed Senior Executive Officer of GMO-PG in December 2021



Independent External Director

Nao Shimamura / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

Engaged in legal practice in the legal industry for 15 years; appointed as an outside director in September 2019 (appointed as an outside director because he has the knowledge and experience to make decisions on important management matters of the Company and to supervise the execution of business operations in an accurate and fair manner).



Rie Asayama / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

Engaged in finance-related business for 36 years at a major banking group; appointed outside director in December 2021 (appointed as outside director because of her experience in promoting diversity and as executive vice president of a general business company).



Takayoshi Nagasawa / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

36 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the financial and distribution industries; appointed as an auditor in December 2016 (appointed as an outside director as a member of the audit committee to strengthen the internal control system and to audit the directors' execution of their duties); concurrently serving as an auditor of GMO Data from August 2019



Satoru Ozawa / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

46 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the corporate management and banking industries; appointed as an auditor in December 2016 (appointed as an outside director as an audit committee member to strengthen the internal control system and to audit the directors' execution of their duties).



Definition of notation

GMO-FG: GMO Financial Gate, GMO-PG: GMO Payment Gateway

* Describes directors in office as of March 31, 2024.

6.8 ESG Initiatives / Executive Skills Matrix

Appointment of human resources that contribute to the enhancement of corporate value as directors, with a view to building a system that enables the Board of Directors to function effectively.

Identity	Kentaro Sugiyama	Akio Aoyama	Tomonaga Fukuda	Tomoki Tamai	Tatsuya Koide	Nao Shimamura outside the company Independent Director	Rie Asayama outside the company independent Director	Takayoshi Nagasawa outside the company Independent Director	Satoru Ozawa outside the company Director
Job title	President and Representative Director	Director, General Manager, Solution Partner Division	Director, General Manager, II Platform Division	Director, General Manager, Corporate Support Division	Director	Director (Audit and Supervisory Board Member)	Director (Audit and Supervisory Board Member)	Director (Audit and Supervisory Board Member)	Director (Audit and Supervisory Board Member)
Practicing GMO-ism*	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Corporate management	•	•					•		•
System Security			•						
Risk managAement			•	•			•		•
Legal & Governance				•		•		•	•
Finance, Accounting & Tax				•					
Sales and Marketing		•							
Investment (M&A)									
Financial Business									
Human Resource Development and Recruitment, Diversity					•		•		
ESG & Sustainability				•		•	•		

^{*} GMO-ism is the collective name for the company motto and company precepts that express the "Spirit Venture Declaration" and "55-Year Plan," the unchanging goals of the GMO Internet Group, as well as "Executive Principles" and "Laws of Victory.

^{*} Describes directors in office as of March 31, 2024.



Supplemental Agenda

Appendix



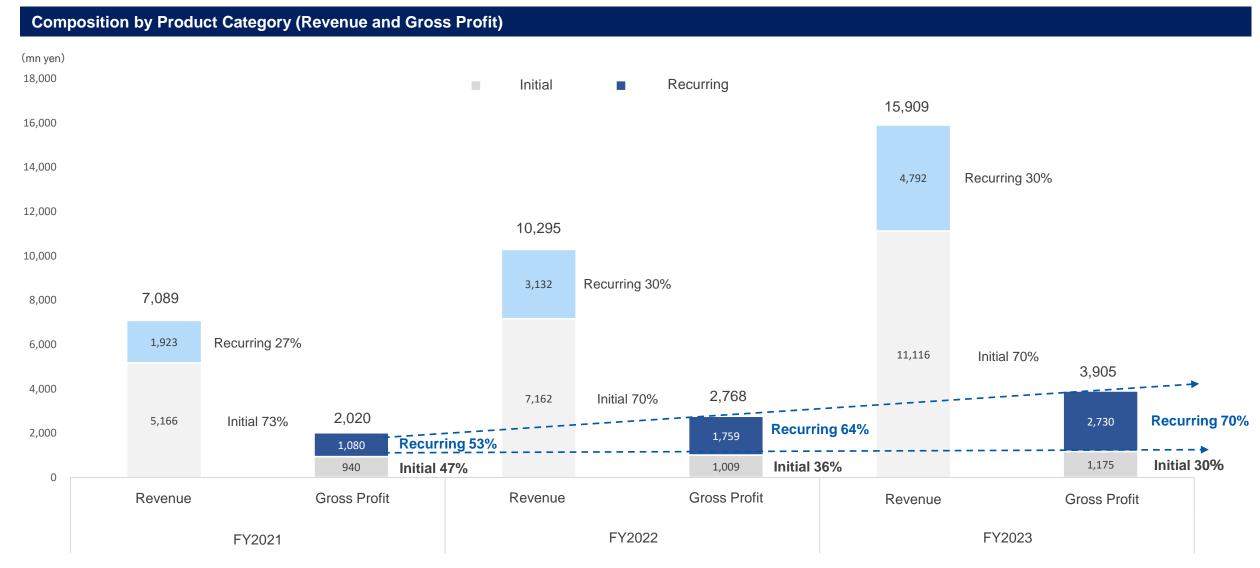
GMO-FG is focusing on offline payment



- Physical hardware network
- Proprietary programming code specifications
- Regulation

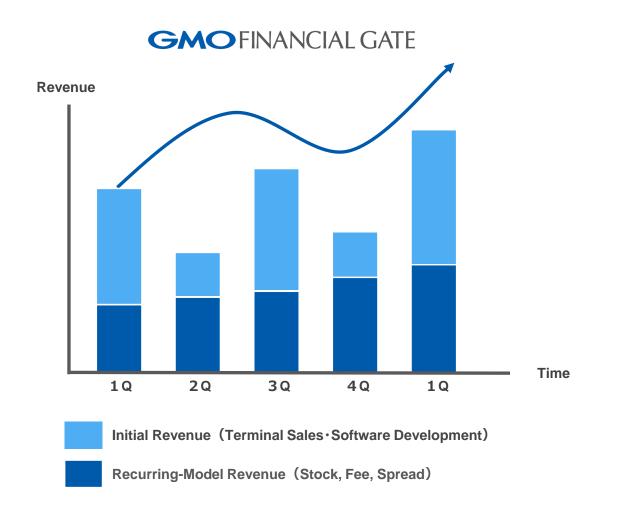


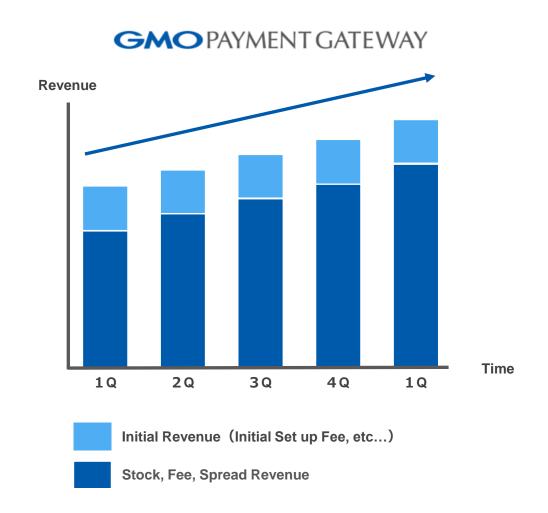
Growth in recurring revenue leads to steady profitability base



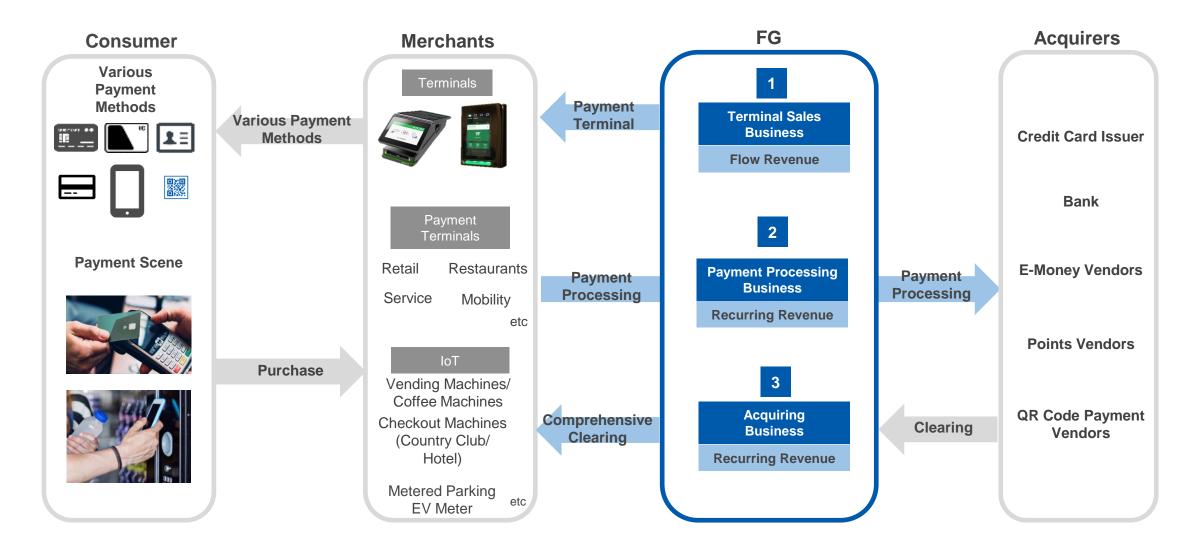


Initial revenue in offline payment is tend to be fluctuate because of its seasonality of terminal delivery

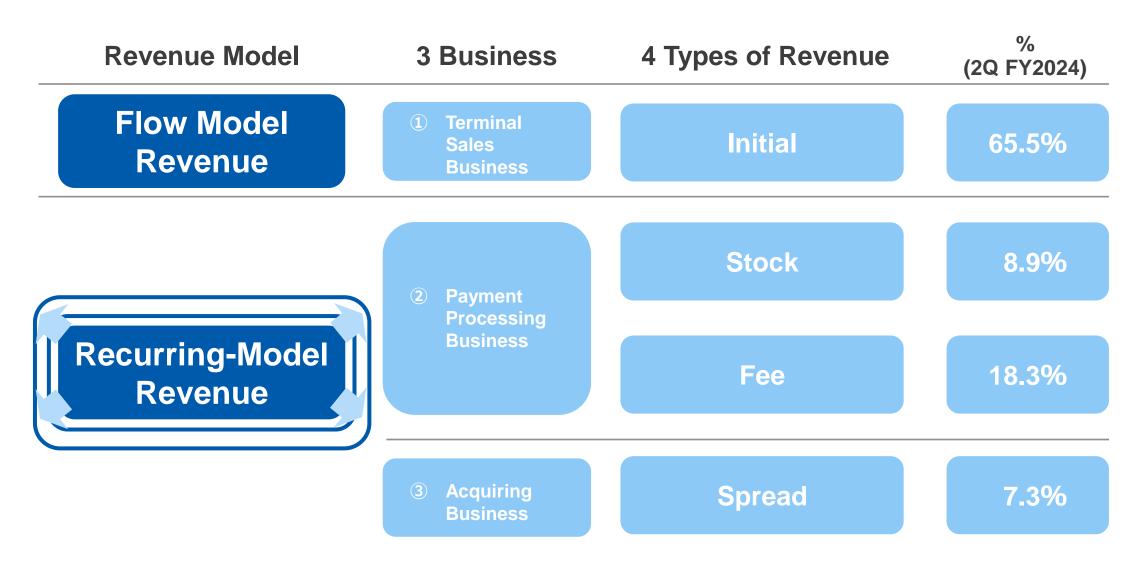


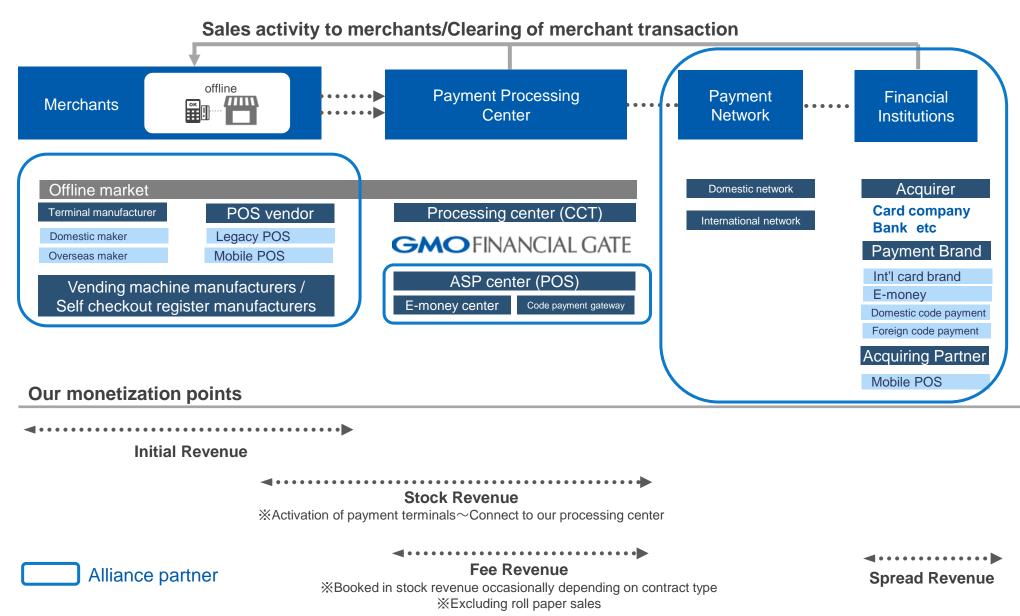


One-stop platform covering all settlement processes between merchants and acquirers



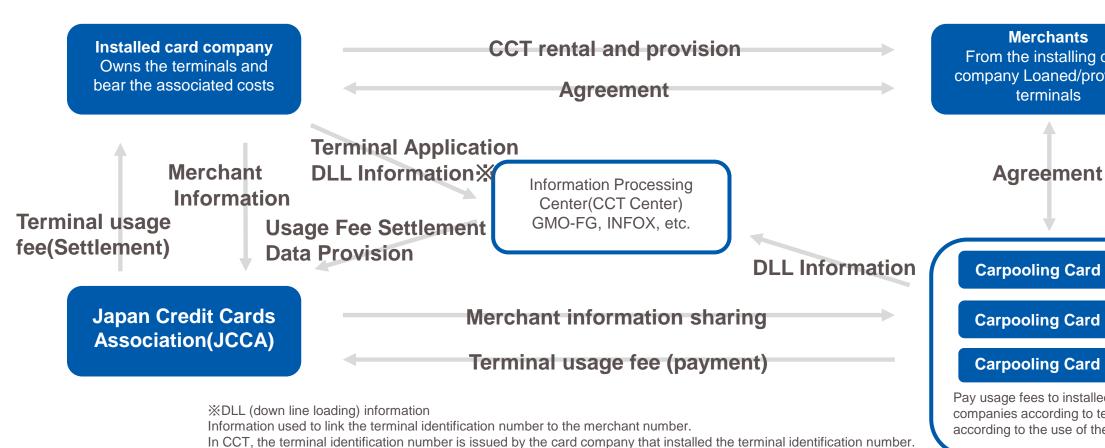
Recurring-model revenue grows with flow model revenue which is mainly coming form the sales of payment terminals





CCT(Credit Center Terminal)

It is a terminal name authorized by the information processing center (CCT Center) designated by the Japan Credit Card Association (JCCA) and operated in accordance with the guidelines, etc., established by the JCCA. A single card company owns the terminal on behalf of another card company and lends it to a merchant for installation. Multiple card companies jointly use the terminals and pay usage fees to the card companies that installed them



From the installing card company Loaned/provided

Carpooling Card Company A

Carpooling Card Company B

Carpooling Card Company C

Pay usage fees to installed credit card companies according to terminal usage according to the use of the terminal

In merchant POS, the terminal identification number is issued by the merchant.

Merchant POS

In general, POS (Point of Sales) is a generic term for a service that provides information on sales performance trends such as the date, time, quantity, and price of products sold, but in the credit industry, the term merchant POS is customarily used to refer to all terminals capable of processing credit card transactions that are not CCT terminals. In a merchant POS, the merchant itself owns the terminal, prepares the card payment environment, and makes a separate contract with the credit card company. While this requires more time and effort on the part of the merchant, it also allows for a more flexible design that is not bound by the JCCA (Japan Credit Card Association) guidelines

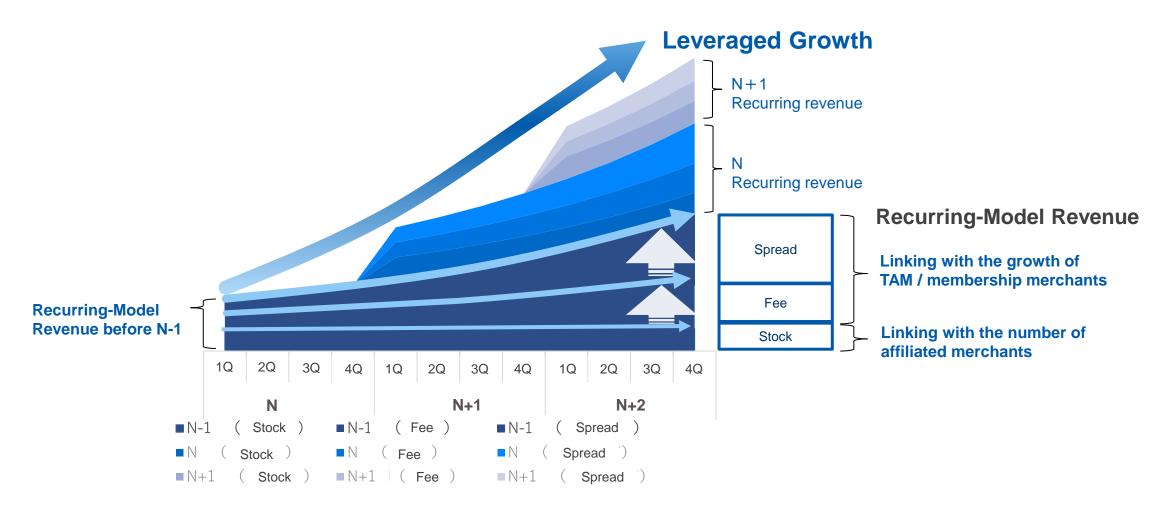
Merchants Own terminal Agreement Merchants pay roll paper cost and credit card electronic receipt storage cost company A **DLL Information Japan Credit Cards** Agreement Association(JCCA) **Information Processing Center** Agreement (merchant POS centers) GMO-FG, INFOX, etc. credit card company B credit card company C * DLL (down line loading) information Information used to link the terminal identification number to the merchant number.



stera unit, mobile has been released in addition to stera terminal Usage expected to increase in different scenes



Fee and spread revenue are expanding with the market /growth in membership merchants





Initial revenue = Number of terminals sold \times Average selling price per terminal + Accessory sales + Development sales Number of active terminals = Number of terminals that have processed payment at least once in the quarter

Time lag between terminal sales and activation Start of activation **Terminal sales** (Recognition of recurring-model revenue begins) (Initial Revenue) There is a time lag between the time of terminal sales and the time of activation. The time lag varies depending on the contract, terminal model, and other factors. Recurring-model revenue Recurring-model revenue Recurring-model revenue N+1month N+2months N+over six months · Even if a company sells terminals, it will not generate recurring revenue unless the terminals are in operation. We place importance on the number of active terminals, which is the source of recurring

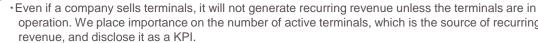


Image of quarterly balance in "Terminals sold" and "new active terminals" Depending on the timing of projects ■ Number of terminals sold there are quarters in which the ■ Number of new active terminals number of active terminals exceeds the number of terminals sold. New active terminals: disclosed Number of units sold: not ⇒Unrelated to average terminal selling price disclosed ⇒Needed for average terminal unit price calculation

·Sales and capacity utilization both rise and fall each quarter, depending on the project, and are not completely linked.

Random

quarter

Random

quarter

- ·However, there are also quarters in which "utilization > sales" due to simultaneous utilization of large projects, etc.
- ·However, there are also quarters when "utilization exceeds sales" due to large projects going into operation simultaneously, etc.



Random

quarter

Random

quarter

Random

quarter

Random

quarter

Random

quarter

Random

quarter

Details on each revenue ①

Initial	Content	Revenue Model	
Payment terminal sales	Revenue from Payment terminals purchased from terminal manufacturers, and then confirm certain measures of payment methods that each merchant needs to accept.	 Terminal Selling Price × Units Sold ✓ More than 10 types of terminals ✓ Price range is from about ¥30K up to ¥100K 	
Software development	Software development that meets customers needs such as widening acceptable payment measures and adding point-payment functionality	• Number of Deals × Ordered value ✓ Since software development is tailor made type revenue, deal size and margin vary from time to time	
Stock	Content	Revenue Model	
Transaction Inquiry Service	It is a service that provides merchants with their daily sales data that go through our processing center. We charge it as monthly fixed fee		
Points & QR	It is a service to add point/QR payment app to the terminals merchants have. We charge it as monthly fixed fee	Number of contracts × Service Price	
Rental (Mobile terminal)	It is a service to rent mobile type terminals that enable merchants to use them in wireless setting. We charge it as monthly fixed fee	✓ Service price is around ¥500 to ¥1K per terminal per month	
Mobile SIM	It is a SIM card fee to use mobile type terminals. We charge it as monthly fixed fee		
Digitalization Assistance	Revenue from settlement data transferred to merchants, registration changes, assistance which leads to back office support for clients	Number of contracts × Monthly Fixed Fee ✓ Monthly fixed fee will vary depending on the size of contract etc	
Processing (Monthly fixed fee model)	It is a processing fee based on monthly fixed rate *Basically, it is defined as "Fee" revenue when it comes to the case we charge as Pay As You Go billing, not fixed rate		

Generally, the economics of services above vary depend on merchants. And there are services that some merchants do not apply



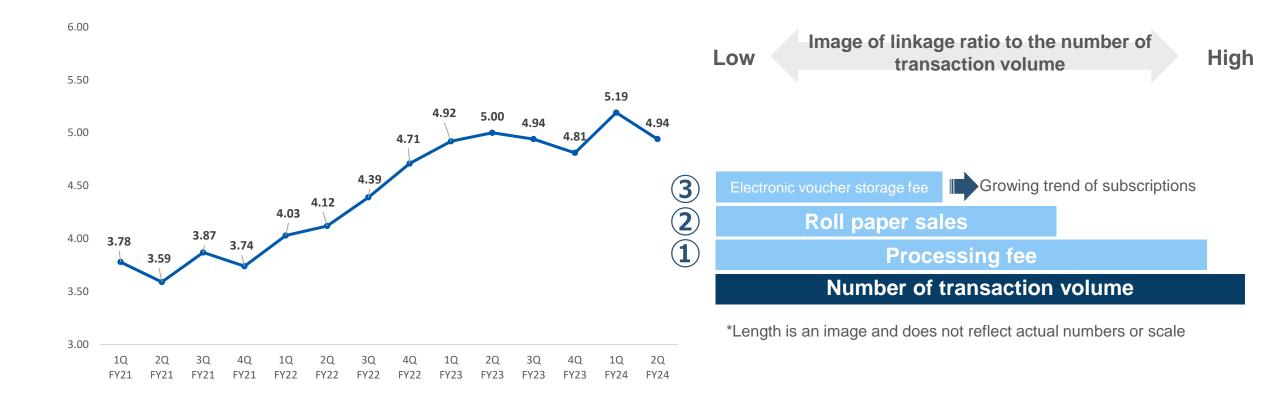
Fee	Content	Revenue Model
Processing	It is a fee we charge toward monthly transaction volume based on the rate per transaction	 TRX Volume× Processing Fee ✓ Processing fee is about ¥2 to ¥3 per transaction
Roll paper	This is a sales of roll paper that is used with payment terminals at stores	 Number of Order × Price of Roll Paper ✓ The price range of roll paper is about ¥130 to ¥200.
Electronic receipt storage	Optional service to store vouchers electronically, sales to be billed based on the number of payment transactions subject to the contract	 Number of settlement processes subject to contract x unit processing fee ✓ Unit processing fee is about ¥1 per transaction

Spr	ead	content	Revenue Model
Acqu	iiring	We charge spread fee (α) towards clearing amount to merchants	GMV of Agent Contract × Spread fee we charge (about 0.3~0.4%)
(Settleme	ent agent)	We received indicator rate (N) from acquirers, then we acquire merchants instead of acquirers with the new rate (N+ α = merchant fee)	



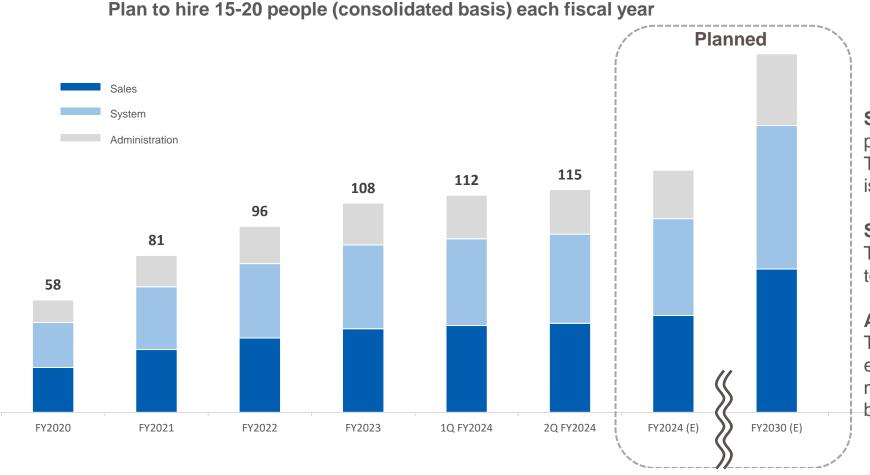
Fee revenue fell in 2Q due to fluctuations in roll paper cost.

■ Fee ARPU (Fee revenue divided by Transaction volume)





Plans a net increase of 15 to 20 employees per fiscal year to achieve the management benchmarks. Assumed composition of work force is approximately 40% sales, 40% systems, and 20% administration



Sales: can build alliances and promote

Talents who solutions to merchants' issues.

System:

Talents who can promote strategies to leverage digital technologies.

Administration:

Talents who can promote the establishment of an advanced management system in line with business expansion.



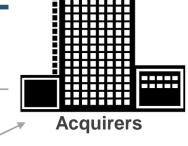
Our total GMV is the sum of 1 and 2 below. Spread revenue is generated only in the case of 2 Agent contract. Since 1 also contributes significantly to GMV, the linkage between total GMV and Spread revenue tends to decline

Direct contract Mainly large merchants



terminals

Directly acquiring

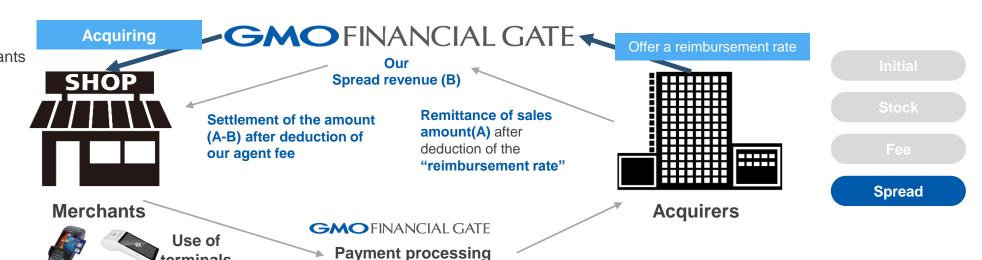


Enjoyable revenue





GMOFINANCIAL GATE



In addition to the increase in the number of active terminals, revenue opportunities for Stock revenue will increase, but the status of subscriptions to paid services will differ depending on the needs/demand of merchants

Payment Terminal Offering





Embedded Model



POS Model

Mobile Model



Merchants (Acquisition opportunity image of Stock revenue)

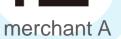


Stock Revenue



Non-Stock Revenue









The status of subscriptions to paid services that contribute to recurring revenue varies depending on the type of merchants and terminals

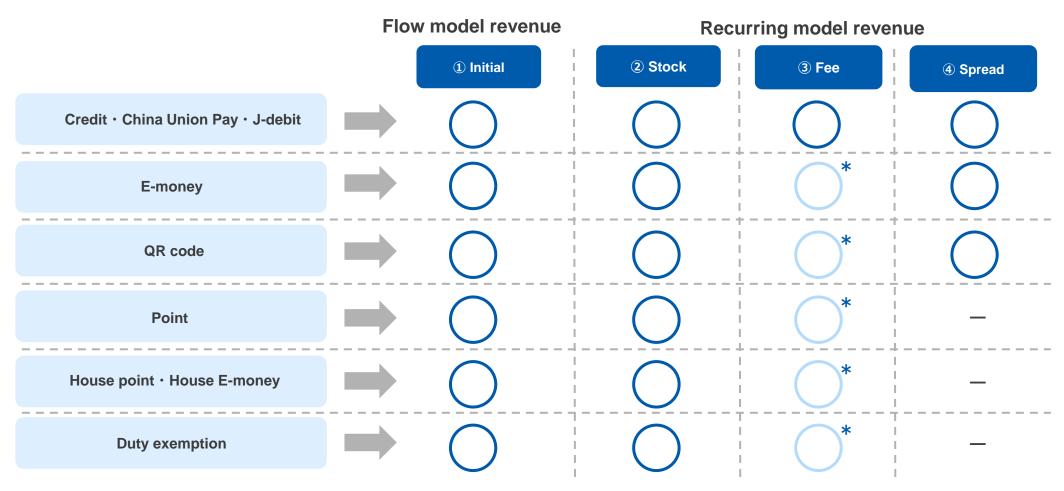








We operate different business models according to payment method as a cashless platformer. Growth in each payment method contributes to our growth as well



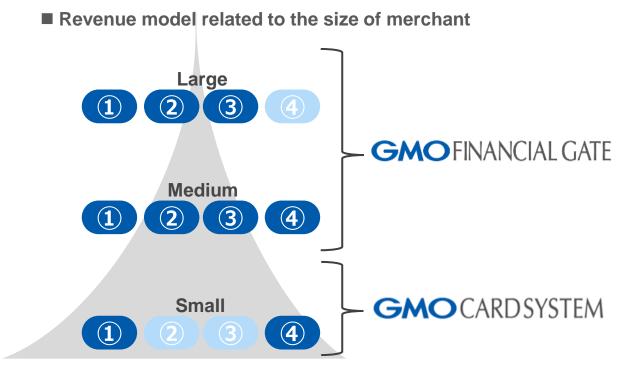
*There is no "processing fee" that constitutes Fee revenue because the transaction is not processed at our processing center, but the paper rolls consumed in conjunction with the transaction contribute to the increase of Fee revenue.



We mainly acquire medium- to large-sized merchants through alliances with major financial institutions. We mainly acquire small merchants (=long tail segment) through our subsidiaries

■ Four types of revenue model

1 Initial	Terminal sales, Software development, Initial registration fee, etc
2 Stock	Monthly recurring revenue, communication fee of terminals, etc
3 Fee	Processing revenue related to TRX volume, Receipt paper sales, etc
4 Spread	Commission fee based on TRX value

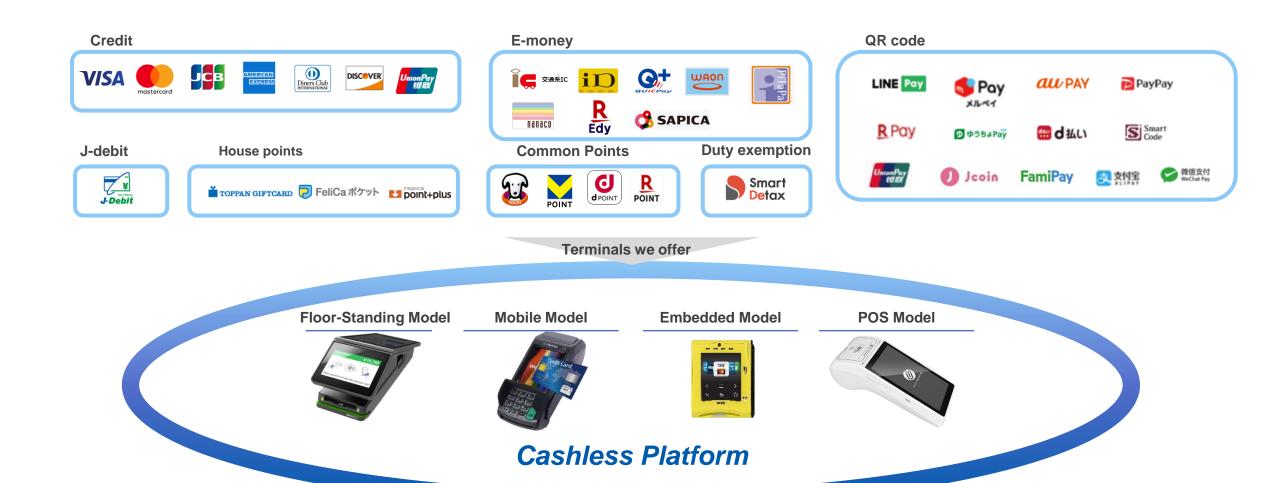




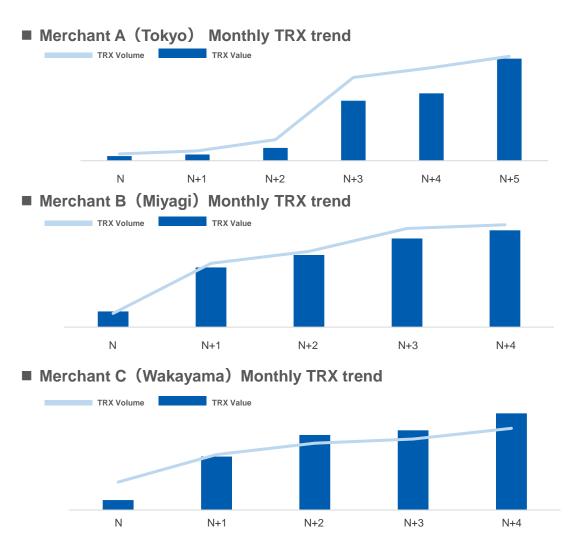
: Realization of the revenue varies from contract to contract



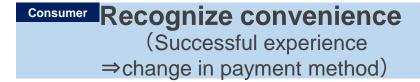
Meeting customer needs through enhanced credit payment functions and alliances with QR / points vendors



TRX volume & value tend to go up in a few months to six months after the merchants introduced cashless payment for the first time



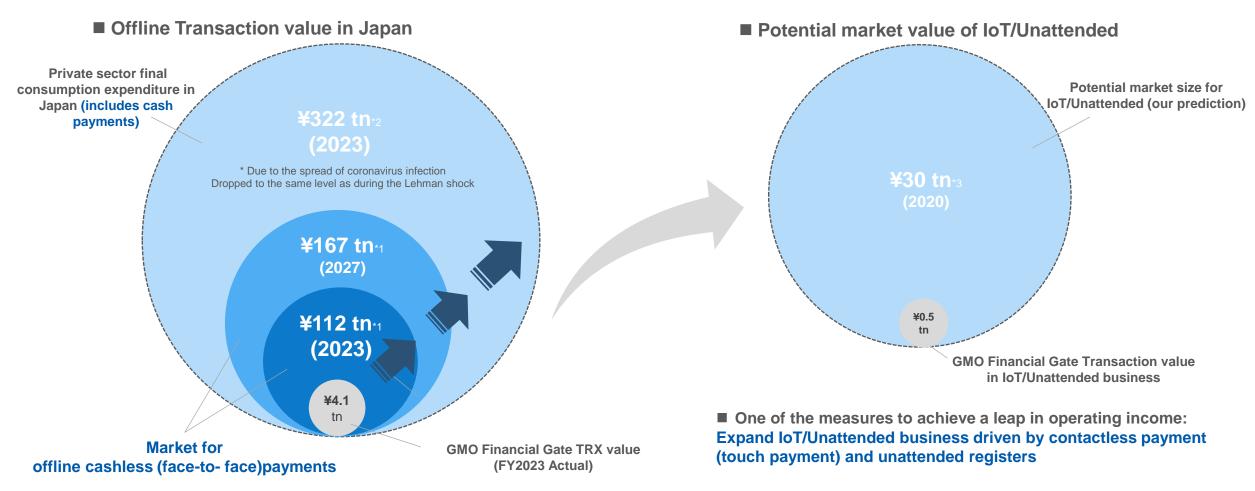




TRX volume/value per terminal will increase

Recurring-Model revenue will increase

Transaction Value of cashless (face-to-face) payment is expanding rapidly, as the value of IoT / Unattended



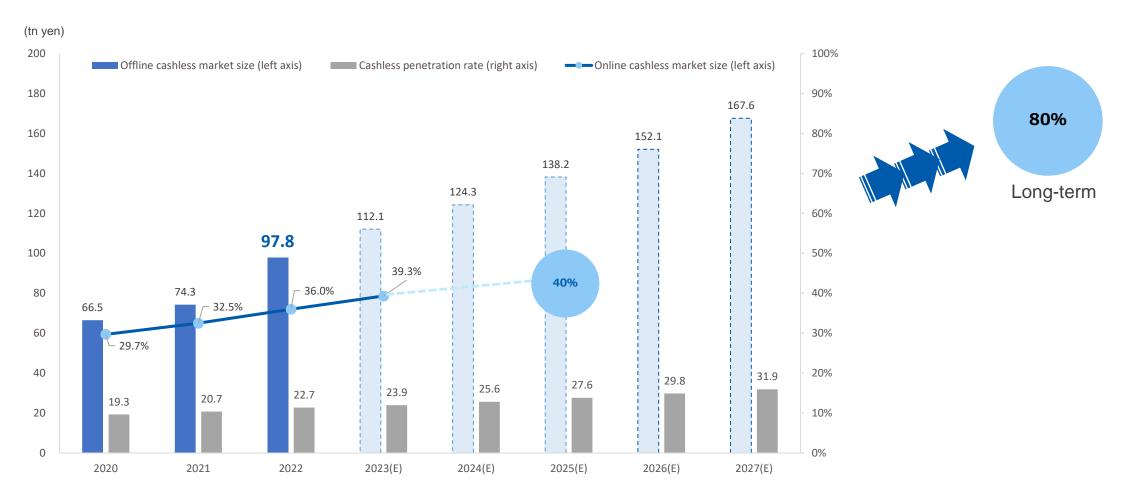
^{(*1) &}quot;2024 Edition: Actual Status and Future Forecast of the Cashless Payment Market in Japan" and "2024 Edition: Current Status and Future Forecast of Online Payment Service Providers" Yano Research Institute Ltd.

^{(*3) &}quot;Breakdown of Domestic Household Final Consumption Expenditure" by the Cabinet Office, Japan Vending Market," etc. The potential market size of unattended parking facilities is calculated based on the market size of buses/railways, hotels/inns, amusement, vending machines, and parking lots/EVs, which are the areas where IoT/Unattended is expected to grow in the future.



^{(*2) &}quot;Composition of Final Consumption Expenditures by Household Type" the Cabinet Office.

The market for offline cashless payments is currently ¥98 tn, four times larger than the online market. Cashless penetration is expected to rise driven by government-led cashless policies



Source: Cashless payment ratio in 2023,METI

"2024 Edition: Actual Status and Future Forecast of the Cashless Payment Market in Japan" Yano Research Institute Ltd "2024 Edition: Current Status and Future Forecast of Online Payment Service Providers" Yano Research Institute Ltd.



Even in an environment of significant growth in the proportion of QR codes, transaction value and volume of credit continue to grow

Transaction Value

Composition	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Credit	89.7%	86.8%	85.3%	84.5%	83.5%
Debit	2.1%	2.5%	2.8%	2.9%	2.9%
E-money	7.0%	7.0%	6.3%	5.5%	5.1%
QR code	1.2%	3.7%	5.6%	7.1%	8.6%
(tn yen) 140	Transactio	on value(a	bsolute v	alue)	
120	■ Credit ■	Debit E -	money	QR code	10.9
100		5.3		7.9 6.1 3.2	6.4
80 1.0	3.2 6.0 2.2	6.0			
60					105.7
⁴⁰ 73.4	74.5	81.	0	93.8	
20					
2019	2020	202	1	2022	2023

Transaction Volume

Composition	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Credit	60.7%	58.2%	55.3%	53.7%	52.4%	
Debit	1.8%	2.2%	2.5%	2.5%	2.2%	
E-money	33.1%	27.1%	22.8%	19.9%	18.0%	
QR code (100 mn)	4.3%	12.4%	19.4%	23.9%	27.4%	
400	Transacti	on volume	e(absolute	value)		
350	■ Credi	t ■ Debit ■ E	-money QR	code		
300					93.6	
250				70.4		
200	27.2		49.0	58.8	61.6	
150 62.3	59.2 —4.9		6.2 6.2	7.4		
100	4.5			450.5	178.7	
50 114.2	127.0	1:	39.4	158.5		
2019	2020	2	2021	2022	2023	



The number of terminals is expected to be equal to or greater than the market for payment terminals in real stores. Unattended market (= general term for vending/service machine market) is expected to expand further due to changes in the external environment such as a decrease in the working population



Offline

Market



Tickets

EV chargers



sweet treats

Self-checkout machine (Golf/Hotel)



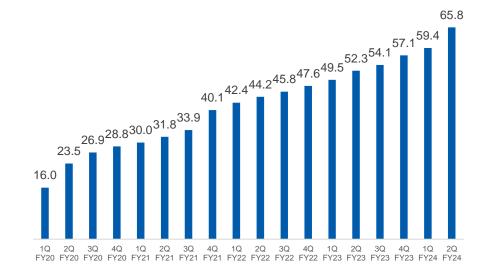
Push factors associated with changes in the external environment

- **Declining workforce**
- Labor-saving support
- Obtaining inbound demand
- · Retailers moving into offices
- Revision of the Pro-Sales Act
- COVID-19

■ No of active IoT terminals

Net increase in 2Q was (+6,400 units) in QoQ, and large-lot deals also contributed to the increase. The number of large-lot transactions also contributed to the quarterly increase. Aiming for further acceleration in the future

(Thousand)



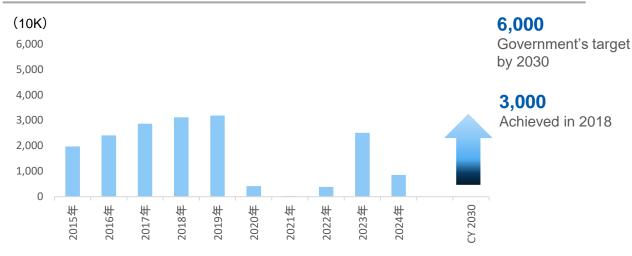




Source: The Japan Vending System Manufacturers Association, Japan Ministry of Health Labor and Welfare, Yano Research Institute Ltd.

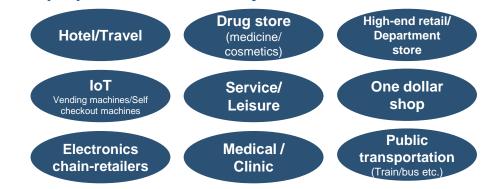
After a rapid recovery from the post covid, number of visitors has gradually stabilized

Number of visiting foreigners (annually)

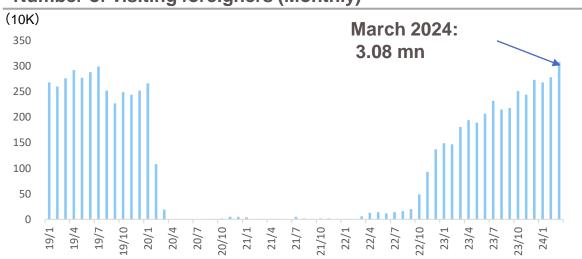


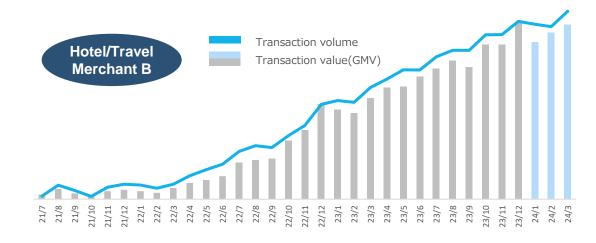
Our inbound-related industry merchants

Aggressively cultivate merchants in related industries in preparation for recovery of inbound demand



Number of visiting foreigners (Monthly)





Our growth strategy is based on the perspective of "a payment platform that provides value to society as an infrastructure company supporting a cashless society". We develop growth strategies focusing on "value creation"

growth strategy

- Market Share Expansion Strategy
 Provision of multiple payment terminals, accumulation of solution assets through Vertical deployment
- Operating profit growth of +25% every fiscal year (Operating profit 1.5 billion in FY2025, GMV ¥5 tn)

Value

- GMO Financial Gate pursues the value of existence
- Progressive, growth, profitability, immediacy, rationality, social, diversity

Mission

- We support value creation for our customers by demonstrating a high level of professionalism and encouraging them to take the initiative.
- We will contribute to the progress and development of society through our strong will to develop and create new markets and by conducting our business with integrity, fairness and honesty.



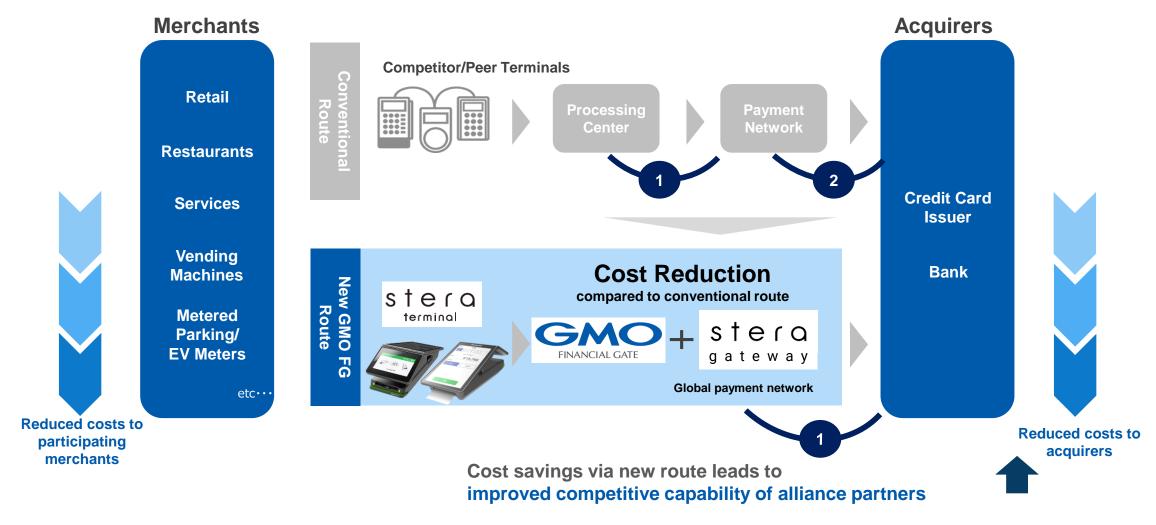
Vision

Revolutionizing Payments: Becoming the No. 1 Cashless Platformer that Transforms Society



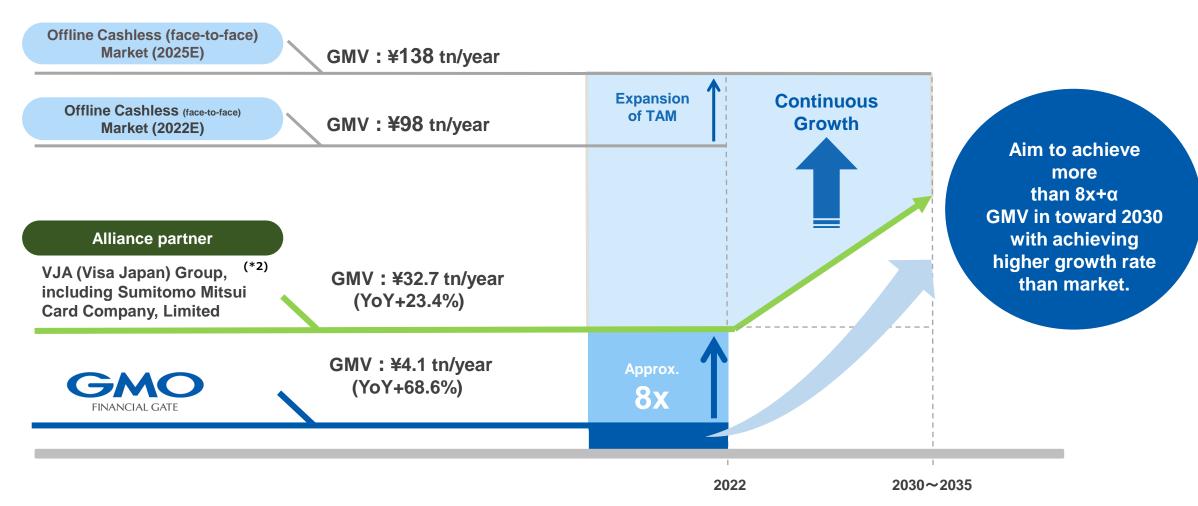


We created a new payment processing route with alliance partners. This route increases GMV, as the route reduces costs to participating merchants and acquirers





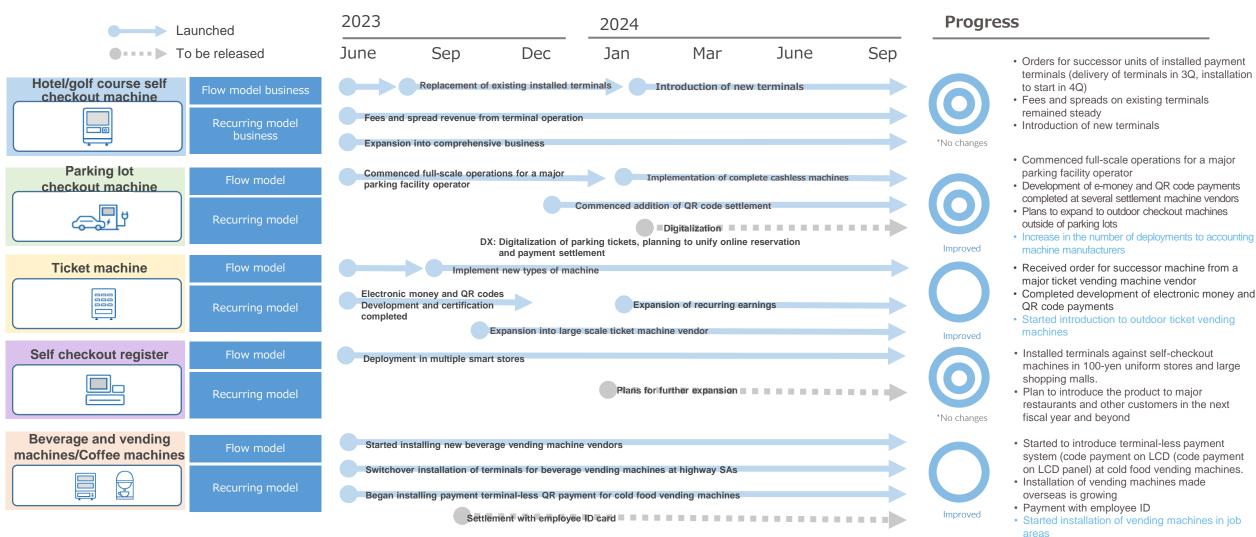
Due to cashless settlement penetration, TAM of our service scope has continuously expanded – New process network alliance partner will contribute to GMV increase



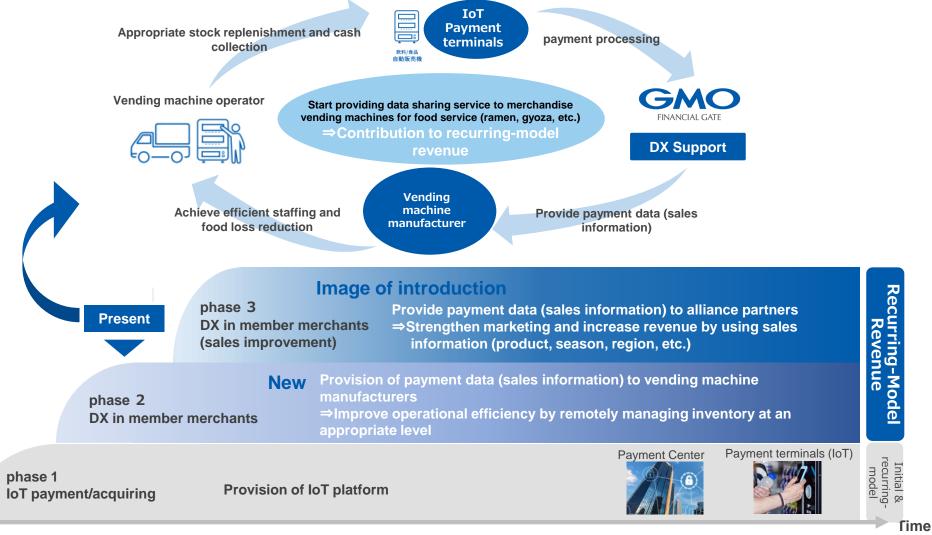
(*1) Source: "2024 Edition: Actual Status and Future Forecast of the Cashless Payment Market in Japan" and "2024 Edition: Current Status and Future Forecast of Online Payment Service Providers" Yano Research Institute Ltd. (*2) Source: VJA



Unmanned Terminals (IoT) has strengthened alliance initiatives in multiple areas Initiatives to monetize data is planned to materialize in the near future



Started providing payment data service for merchandise vending machines, contributing to recurring-model revenue. Supporting merchants' operational efficiency improvement and sophistication (DX) using data



Unique Positioning

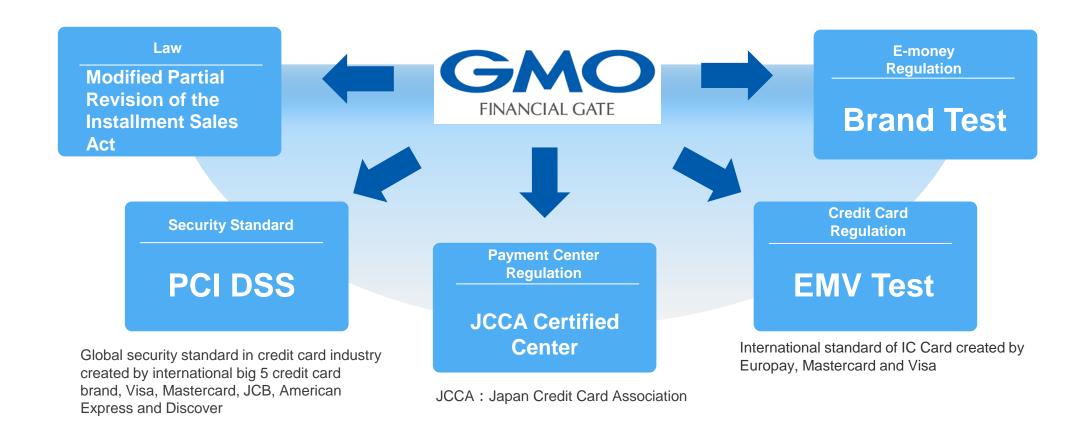
End-to-end solutions via one-stop platform allows us to create alliances with many players in the market

■ Solutions in Offline Payment Market Adaptation of Customization Payment Clearing/ Maintenance/ **Terminal** Top-End POS (Customize Payment Processing Settlement Adjustment Support Methods) Register Models FG N Leading payment network player R Major operating company Using their own registers only P Leading payment vendor

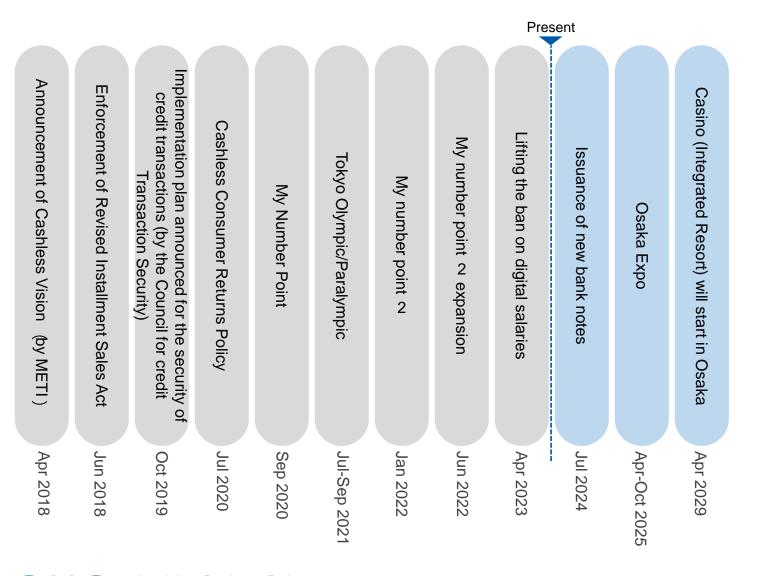


Barriers to Entry (Regulations to be Followed)

Many kinds of regulations exist in the face-to-face payment market depending on the payment method, and the number of regulations are increasing. As payment methods become more diversified, the barriers to entry become more challenging



METI announced its Cashless Vision policy in 2018, Japanese cashless market will expand in response



Impact on Business

Increasing demand for cashless terminals as merchants are obligated to use credit card IC Expanding demand for cashless terminals as merchants become obligated to use credit card IC

Consumer redemption projects have resulted in Increase in the amount of payments processed

With/after COVID, the Expanding Contactless and IoT Payment Needs

Inbound Demand Leads to Expanding need for cashless payment terminals Expansion of mobility payment needs

In line with the cost of adapting to the new banknotes Stimulus to introduce cashless payment terminals

Expanding needs for small payments due to the spread of terminal-less payment taps to pay/phones

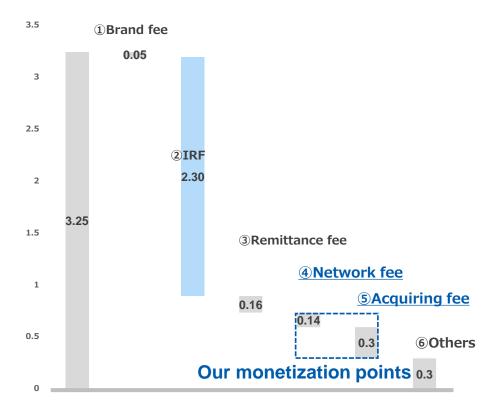
Government Announces Policy of Going Completely Cashless for Osaka Expo; Plan to install 1,000 terminals

Osaka IR to be Approved by Government, Targeting Opening in Latter Half of 2029 Expanding demand for cashless terminals In response to a request from the Japan Fair Trade Commission, Visa, Mastercard, and UnionPay announced their intention to disclose their interchange fee rates by the end of November

METI requires fee among credit card companies Fee among credit card companies is actually paid by merchants Brand fee 0.05% Brand fee 0.2% Internation al Brands Fee among card companies (Interchange fee) 2.3% Card Card Billing company company (Acquiring) (Issuing) Reimbursina Merchant fee 3.25% Payment Billina Reimbursing Billina Rate in longtail could be higher than this Goods/Service **Merchants** Consumers

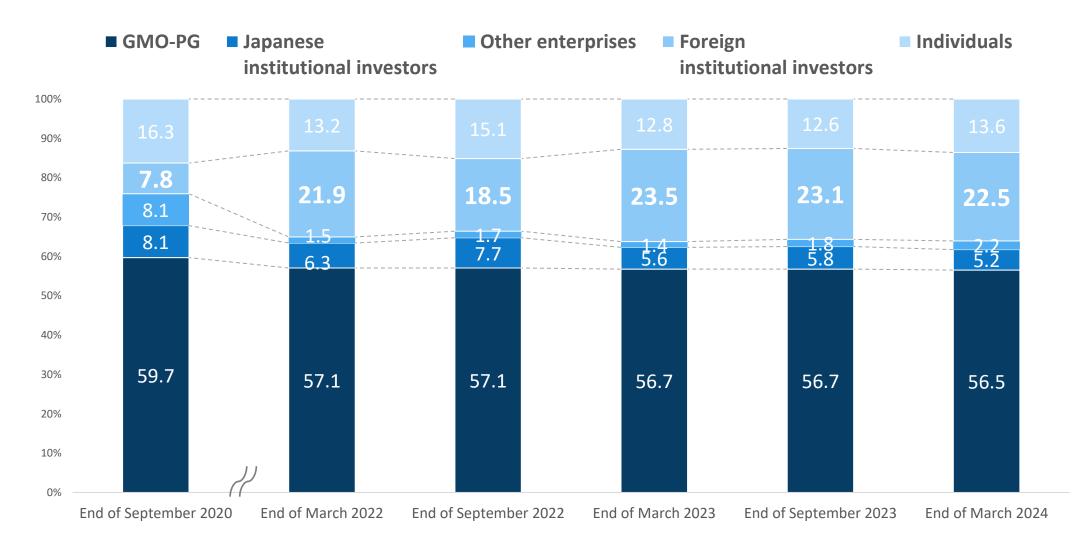
Breakdown of MDR

(model case: AOV ¥5K SME merchant)



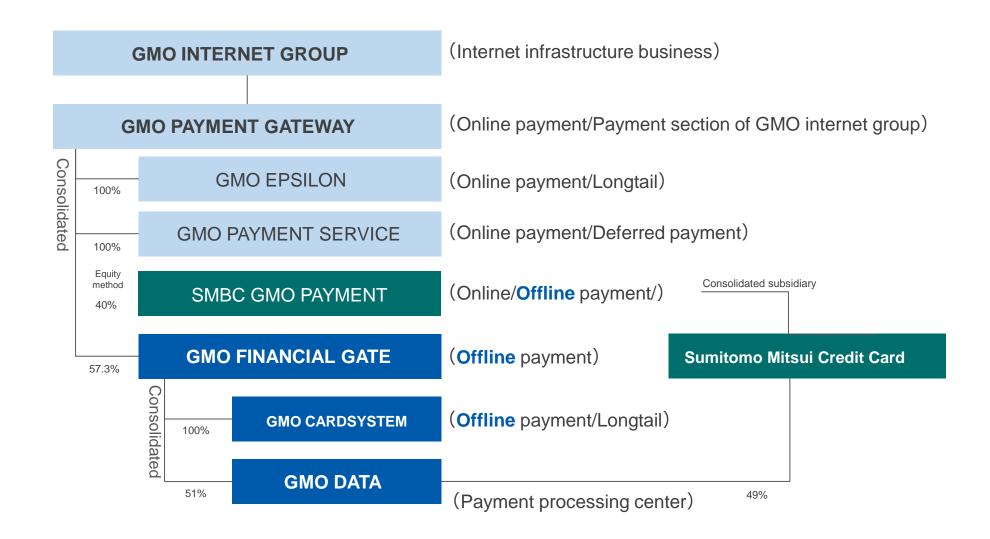


Actively engaged in IR activities for domestic and foreign institutional investors through 1-on-1 meetings and conference appearances, maintaining the ratio of foreign institutional investors at over 20%.





GMO-FG serves in offline face to face payment market as a consolidated subsidiary of GMO-PG





■ Company GMO Financial Gate, Inc. (TSE Growth Ticker:4051)

■ Foundation September 1999

■ Address Humax Shibuya Building 7F, Shibuya Dogenzaka 1-14-6, Tokyo

■ Stock Capital ¥1,638 mn(end of March 2023) ■ Major Shareholder GMO Payment Gateway, Inc.

■ Board Member Representative Director, President Kentaro Sugiyama

Director Akio Aoyama (Solution Partner Division Executive Manager)
Director Tomonaga Fukuda (IT Platform Division Executive Manager)
Director Tomoki Tamai (Corporate Support Division Executive Manager)

Director Tatsuya Koide (GMO Payment Gateway, Inc. Chief Managing Executive Officer)

External Director Nao Shimamura External Director Rie Asayama

External Director Takayoshi Nagasawa

External Director Satoru Ozawa

■ Subsidiary GMO CARD SYSTEM, Inc. shareholding ratio:100% GMO CARD SYSTEM

GMO DATA, Inc. shareholding ratio: 51.0% (Mitsui Card Company, Limited:49.0%)

■ Business Cashless payment infrastructure service (credit card, debit card, e-money etc.)



Floor-Standing Model



Mobile Model



Embedded Model



POS Model

(As of February 14, 2024)



Reference

Site name	URL	
GMO Financial Gate	https://gmo-fg.com/	
IR	https://gmo-fg.com/ir/	
Sustainability	https://gmo-fg.com/sustainability/	
Recruitment information	https://gmo-fg.com/recruit/	
GMO Financial Gate (English)	https://gmo-fg.com/en/	
GMO Payment Gateway	https://www.gmo-pg.com/	
Cashless Roadmap 2023	https://paymentsjapan.or.jp/publications/20230816_roadmap2023/	
Selected Service Industry Current Statistics Survey	https://www.meti.go.jp/statistics/tyo/tokusabido/index.html	
Cashless payment ratio in 2023	https://www.meti.go.jp/press/2023/03/20240329006/20240329006.html	
Statistics of foreign visitors to Japan	https://www.jnto.go.jp/statistics/data/visitors-statistics/	
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Thank you CMOFINANCIAL GATE

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IR web site URL https://www.gmo-fg.com/ir/

