Financial Results Briefing for 3Q FY2024

Profit progress is ahead of schedule toward full-year forecast. Continue future pipeline expansion

August 9, 2024

GMO Financial Gate, Inc.

(Ticker: 4051, TSE-Growth)

17th IR Presentation



https://gmo-fg.com/



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The content of these presentation materials is based on generally recognized economic and social conditions, as well as assumptions judged to reasonable by GMO Financial Gate as of August 9, 2024

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Meeting Agenda

Main Agenda

- 1. Summary of Financial Results for 3Q FY2024
- 2. KPI
- 3. Business Highlights
- 4. Growth Strategy and Progress

Supplemental Agenda

- 5. Financial Information, Investment and Shareholder Return Policies
- 6. ESG Initiatives (Details)
- 7. Appendix



Summary of Financial Results for 3Q FY2024

1



Revenue remained in-line with FY forecast, operating profit largely achieved the FY forecast Expanding profit pipelines for next fiscal year and beyond while continuing future investment

Q3 FY2024 P6

- Revenue: ¥ 13.59bn (YoY+13.3%) Progress towards full-year forecast 70.8%
- Operating Profit: ¥ 1.39bn (YoY+ 43.3%) Progress towards full-year forecast 99.3%

Revenue by Business Model P8

- Initial revenue: ¥ 8.64bn (YoY+0.7%) - Recurring-Model revenue: ¥ 4.95bn (YoY+44.9%)

KPI Q3 FY2024 P12-14

- Transaction Volume (Number of Transactions): 0.19bn (YoY+53.0%)
- GMV: ¥ 1.64tn (YoY+51.7%)
- Number of Active IDs (3Q) *: 361K (YoY+88K, YoY+32.2%)

*Due to expansion of payment solutions that do not require payment terminals, starting from 3Q, "number of operating terminals" will be changed to "number of active IDs"



- Horizontal x Vertical expansion leads to an ecosystem in large scale merchants. Active ID and ARR expansion continues
- Pipeline expansion continues steadily. New projects which will contribute to current and next financial year also steadily expands
- Increase in implementation of mobility domain in the Tokyo metropolitan area installation in every station of certain private railways leads to increase in number of transactions

 P22



Launched MSCI, Sustainalytics score improvement project – will strengthen collaboration with external advisory firms



1.2 Summary of Financial Results

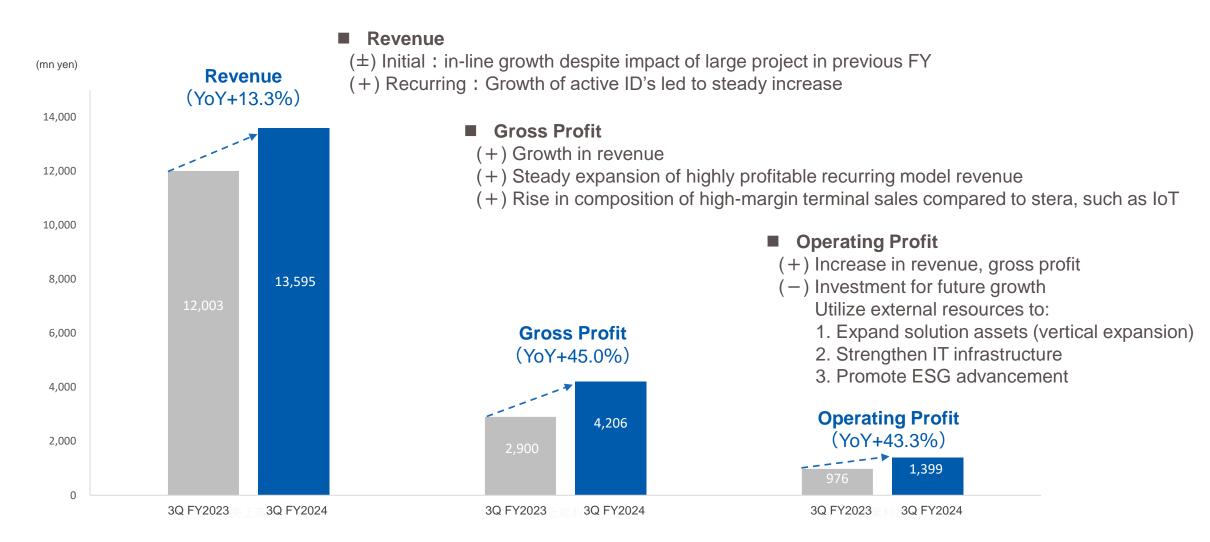
Revenue is in-line with forecast, profit progress is ahead of schedule Number of active ID's continue to expand even with high growth in the last FY due to Japan Post

(mn yen)	Q3 FY2023	Q3 FY2024	YoY	Forecast FY2024	Progress towards forecast FY2024			
Revenue	12,003	13,595	+13.3%	19,200	70.8%			
Gross profit	2,900	4,206	+45.0%	5,095	82.6%			
Operating profit	976	1,399	+43.3%	1,410	99.3%			
Profit attributable to owners of parent	613	860	+40.3%	859	100.2%			
		of Active IDs 2024 Only)	Transaction Vo		Transaction Value (GMV) (3Q FY2024 Only)			
KPI (YoY)		1,367 32.2%)	c.199.3m (+53.0%)		c. ¥1,645bn (+51.7%)			



1.3 Breakdown of Financial Results

Steady growth in revenue despite impact of large project in the previous term such as Japan Post Due to expansion of recurring revenue, profits achieve high growth while exceeding forecast





1.4 Revenue by Business Model (YoY)

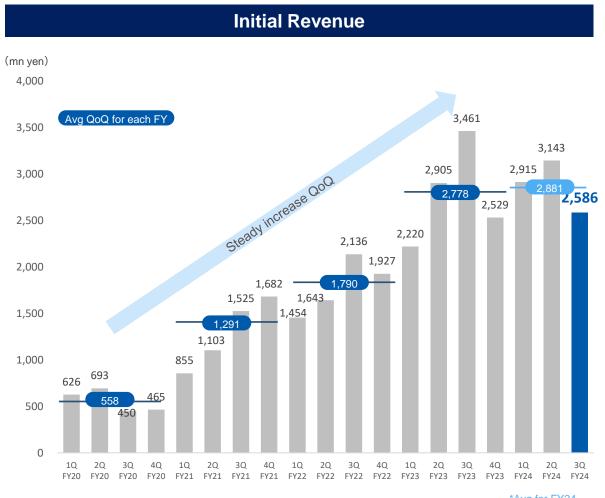
Initial: Steady increase despite large project in last FY Recurring: Well balanced growth while composition of recurring revenue rose

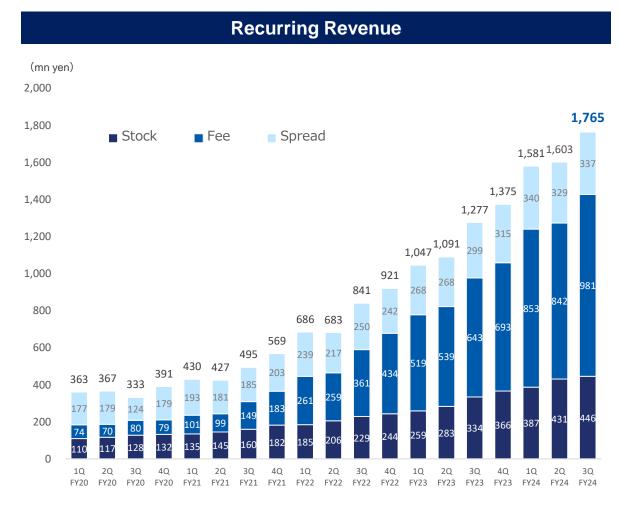
	(Unit: Millions of Yen)	Q3 FY2023 (Composition %)	Q3 FY2024 (Composition %)	YoY
	Initial	8,587 (71.5%)	8,645 (63.6%)	+0.7%
٦	Recurring-Model	3,416 (28.5%)	4,950 (36.4%)	+44.9%
	Stock	877 (7.3%)	1,265 (9.3%)	+44.2%
	Fee	1,702 (14.2%)	2,677 (19.7%)	+57.2%
	Spread	835 (7.0%)	1,007 (7.4%)	+20.5%
	Total Revenue	12,003 (100.0%)	13,595 (100.0%)	+13.3%



1.5 Revenue by Business Model (Quarterly)

Initial: QoQ growth as planned with mid to small size deals Recurring: Continued growth due to rise in number of active ID's









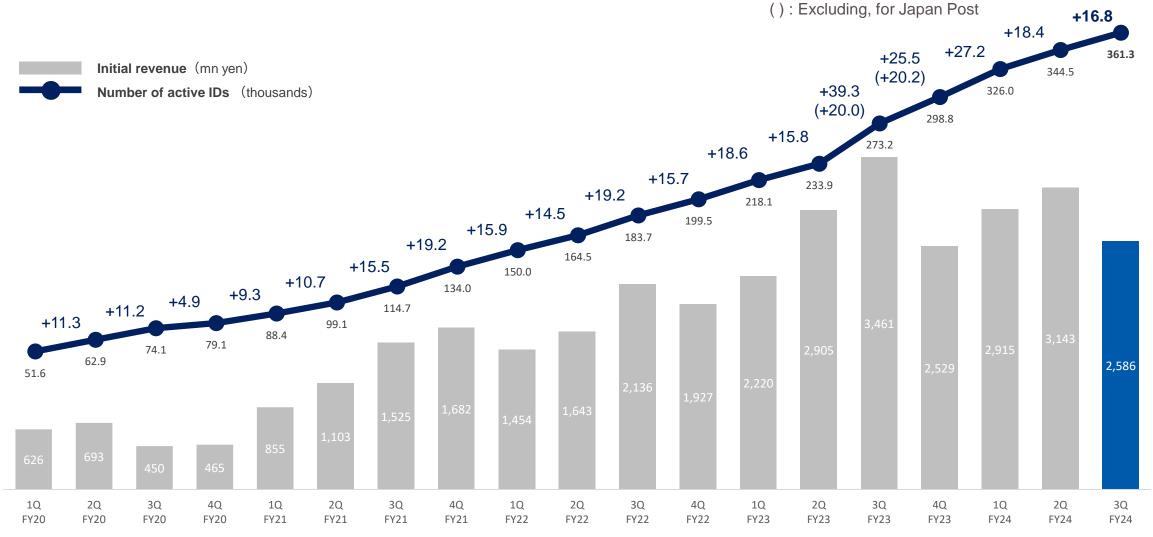
KPI

2



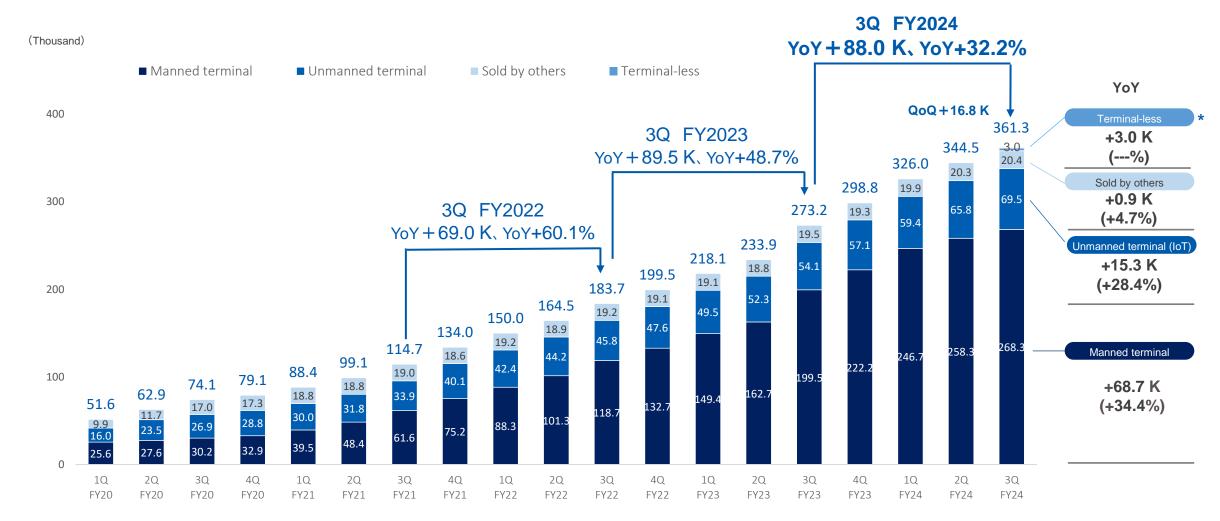
2.1 Initial Revenue and Number of Active IDs

Steady initial revenue with mid to small sized deals Steady increase in number of active ID's



2.2 Consolidated KPI (Number of Active IDs)

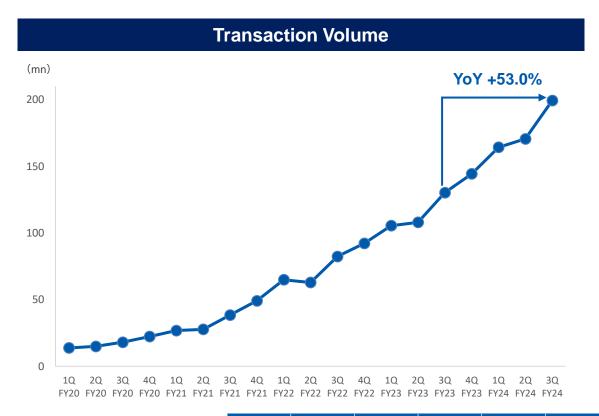
Even with effects of large-scale project in last quarter, active IDs steadily increased Terminal-less ID's increased by 3,000

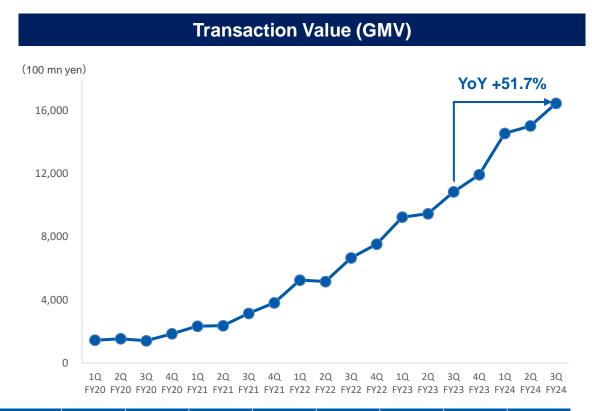




2.3 Consolidated KPI (Quarterly Transaction volume / GMV)

Transaction volume and value increased by more than 50% YoY





Transaction volume
(10 K)
Transaction value
(GMV) (¥100 mn)
(Reference) Average
Settlement Price (¥)

1Q FY21	2Q FY21	3Q FY21	4Q FY21	1Q FY22	3Q FY22	3Q FY22	4Q FY22	1Q FY23	2Q FY23	3Q FY23	4Q FY23	1Q FY24	2Q FY24	3Q FY24
2,682	2,774	3,848	4,913	6,497	6,292	8,237	9,224	10,553	10,804	13,026	14,438	16,431	17,057	19,935
2,328	2,361	3,141	3,810	5,251	5,161	6,658	7,530	9,242	9,459	10,842	11,930	14,552	15,023	16,451
8,680	8,510	8,163	7,755	8,082	8,203	8,084	8,163	8,758	8,756	8,323	8,263	8,856	8,807	8,252

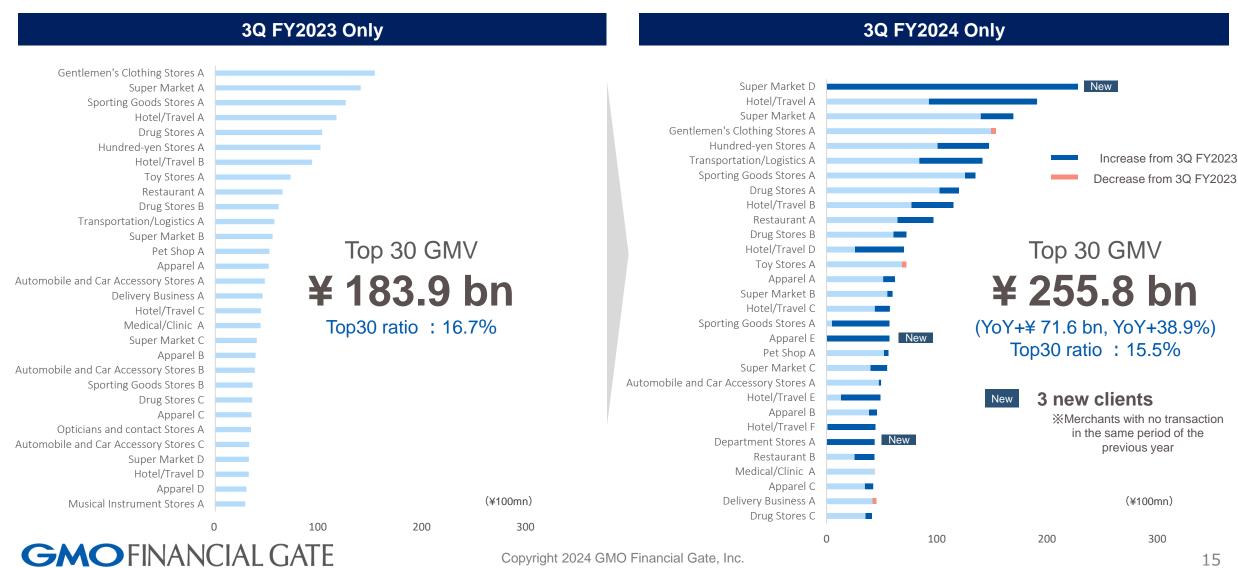
Business Highlights

3



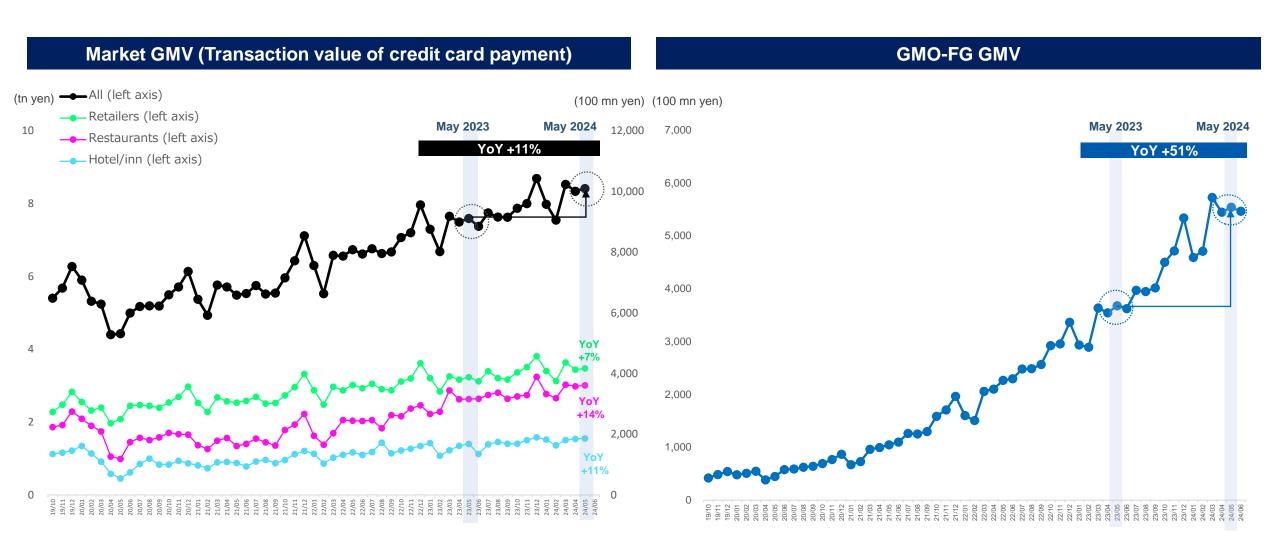
3.1 Top 30 Merchants (GMV basis)

Major supermarkets which started operation in 2Q, emerges as the top merchant, while 3 new merchants increased. Composition of Top 30 ratio continues to decrease while merchant portfolio diversifies



3.2 Comparison to Market Growth (May YoY)

Overall market growth is +11% YoY while GMO-FG grew +51% YoY, significantly exceeding macro trends

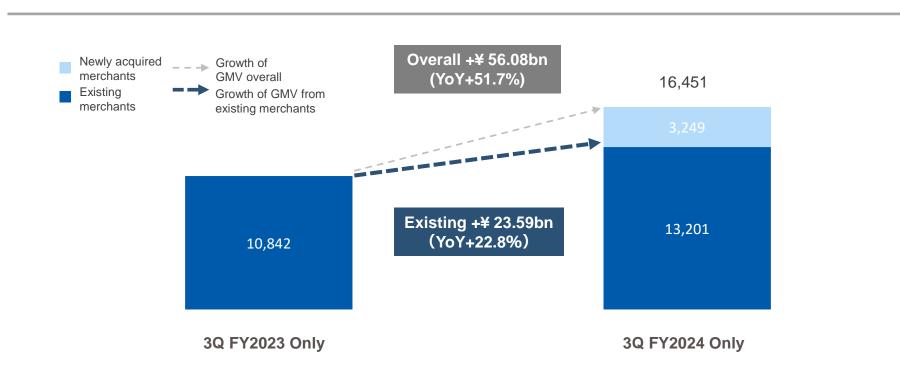




3.3 Settlement Platform which Grows with its Merchants

GMO-FG GMV grew at +51.7% YoY for 3Q, +22.8%YoY for existing merchants Merchants grew with GMO-FG's settlement platform

GMV Growth Rate



^{*}Existing merchants are calculated as the number of merchants in the same period of the previous year. Existing merchants increase in "the number of payment terminals" and "new store openings" are also considered as existing growth.

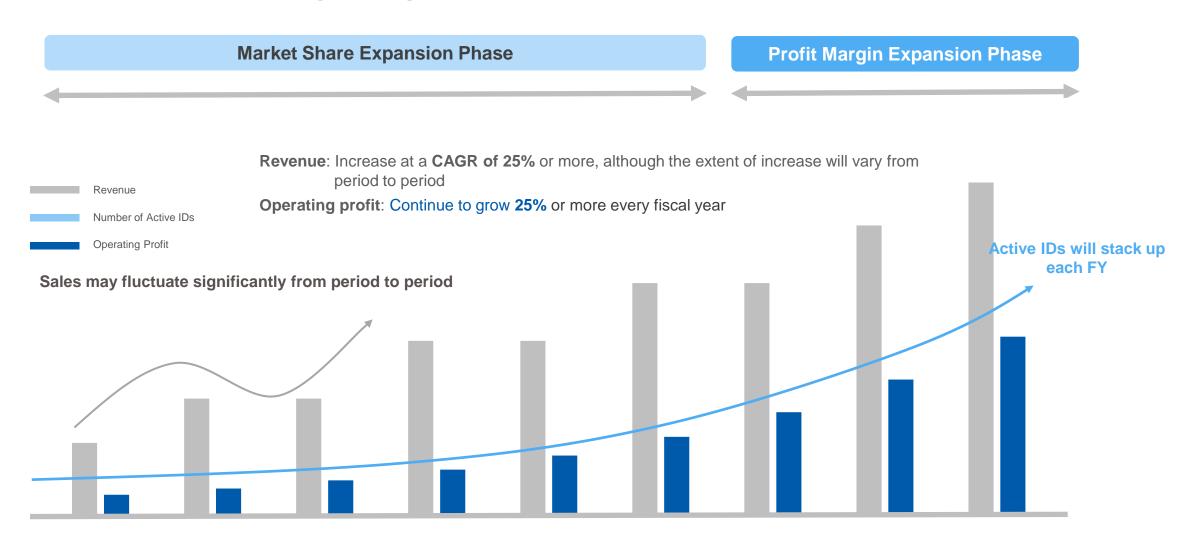


Growth Strategy and Progress



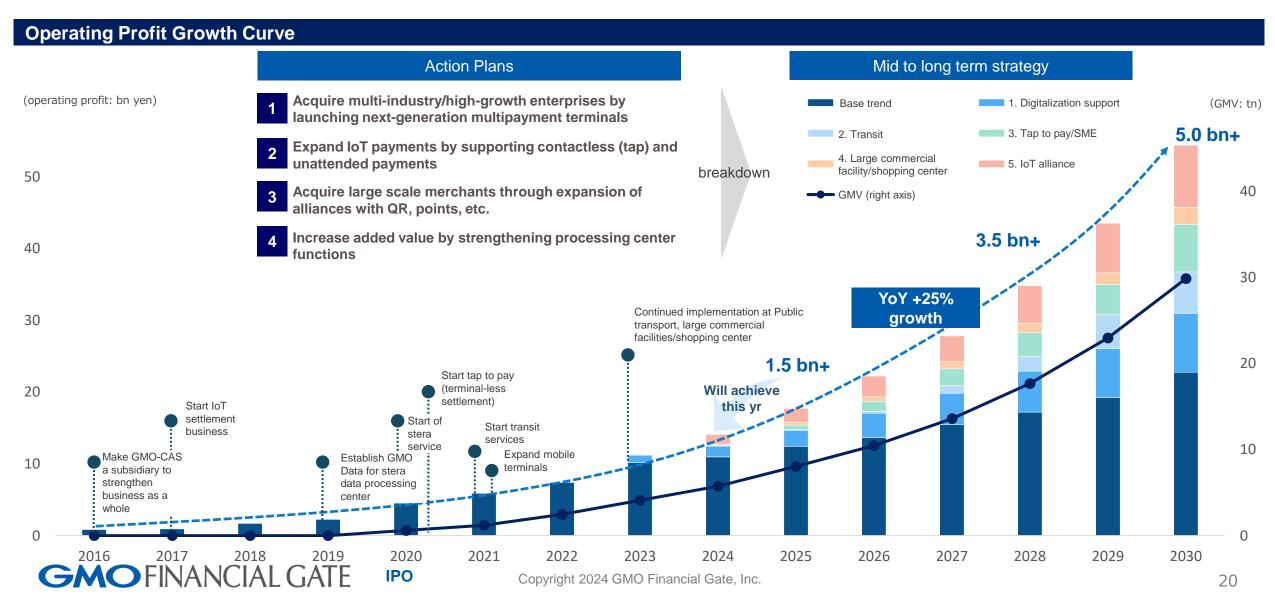
4.1 Image of rise in Revenue & Operating Profit

Market share expansion phase: sales/activation of payment terminals will lead to fluctuation in revenue Profit margin expansion phase: recurring model revenue will increase due to increase in active IDs which will contribute to operating profit growth

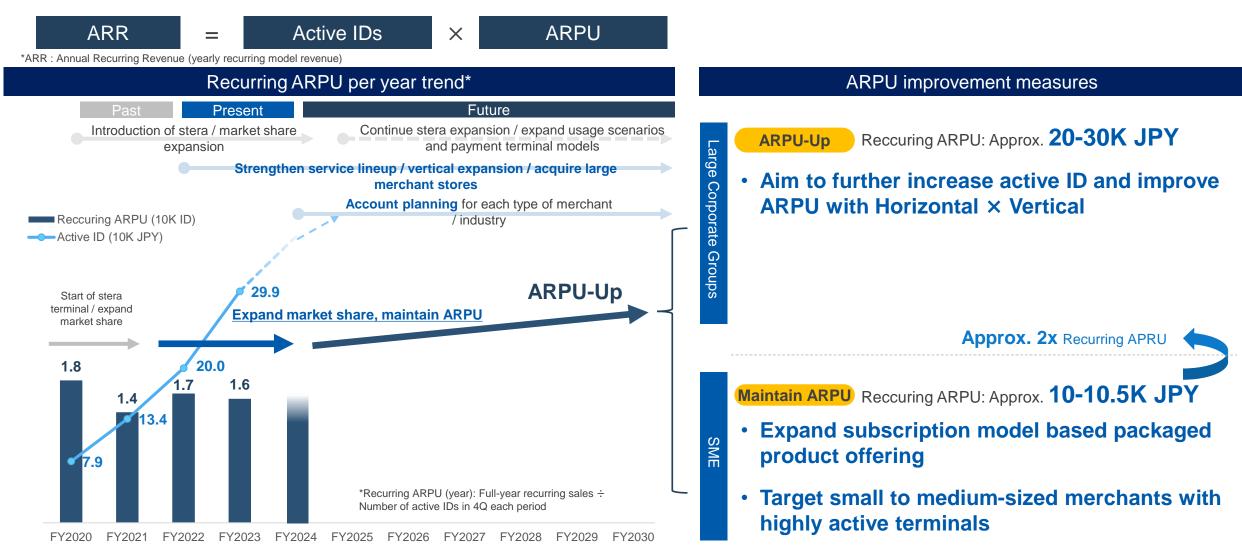


4.2 Mid-term Financial Plan

OP of 1.5bn yen will be achieved this year ahead of schedule – a new five-year plan has been created to promote operating profit of 5bn yen in 2030



Focus on increasing the number of active IDs and ARPU to maximize ARR*. For each large corporate group / SME, we will take measures to maintain and improve APRU and aim to expand ARR



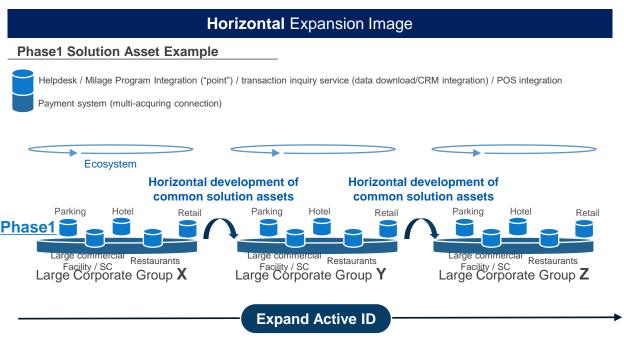
4.4 ARR Expansion Measures in Major Corporate Groups

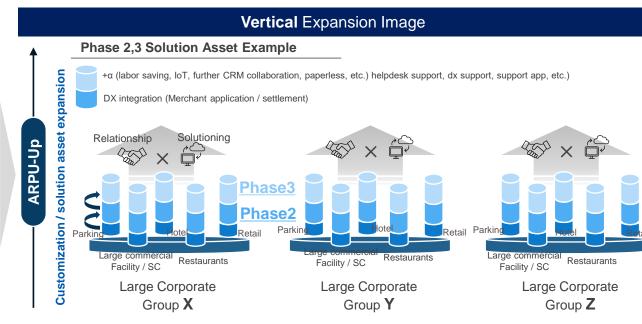
Action Plans:

1

3

Horizontal: Expansion of active IDs through horizontal implementation of existing solution assets Vertical: Improve ARPU per active ID by pitching additional solution assets





Formation of ecosystem in project pipelines



- Continue to focus on acquiring large corporate groups that will contribute to forming a ecosystem
- Increase number of active IDs by promoting Horizontal × Vertical



4.5 Vertical Expansion from Ecosystem Formation

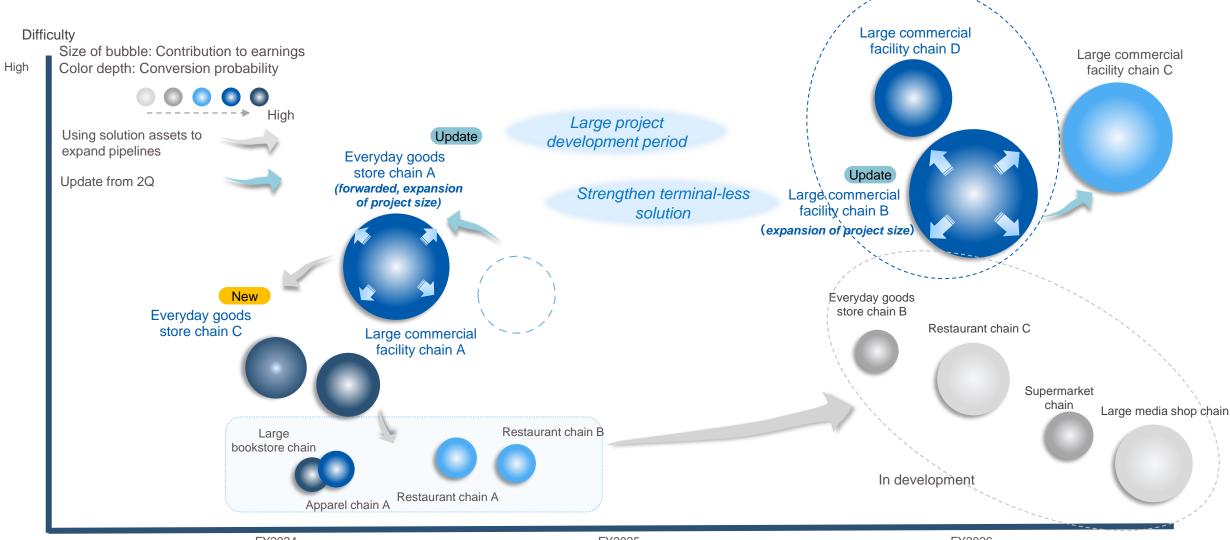
Action Plans:

1

2

3

Expanding pipelines for this FY with projects with short lead times
Our solution assets were highly evaluated and received multiple additional orders in some projects



4.6 Expansion of Payment Platforms - Mobility Domain

Action Plans:

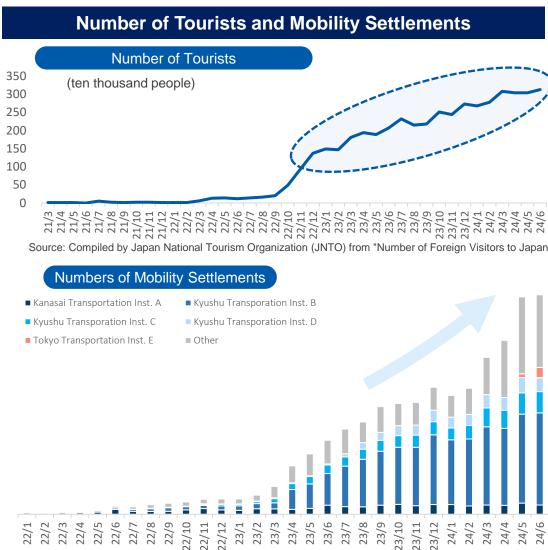
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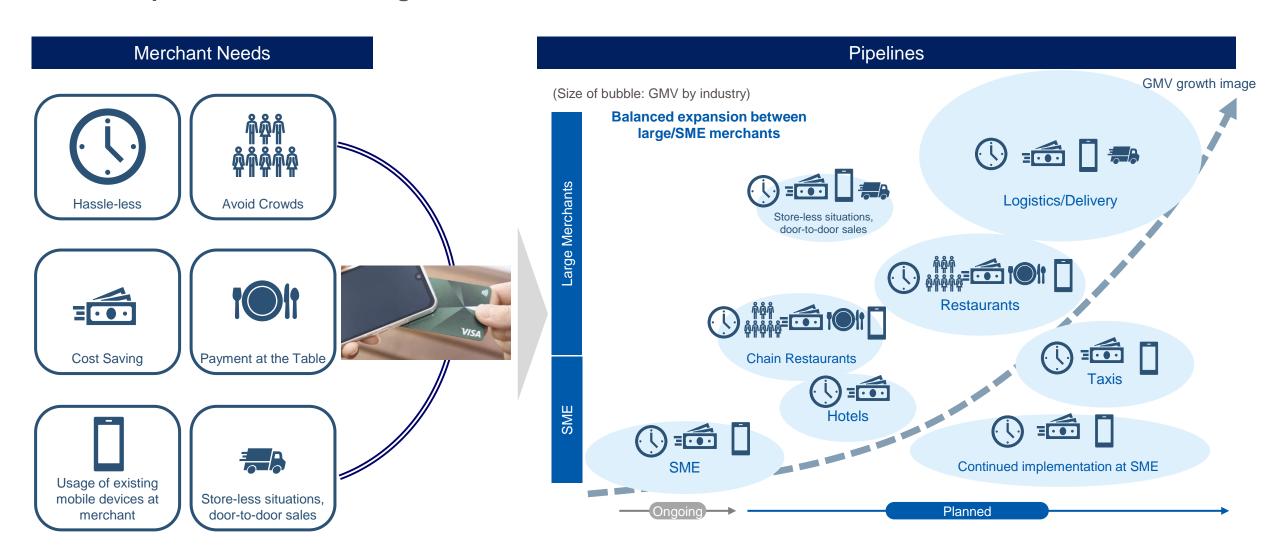
With the continued increase in the number of foreign visitors to Japan, mobility payments rose to 122 institutions. Experimental implementation will start with Bureau of Transportation in Tokyo and Keikyu in 2024

Implementation at Public Transportation Institutions (no. of institutions) July 2024: 122 institutions* (30 prefectures) Leading public YoY+53 institutions transportation institutions in Tokyo metropolitan region Keio Seibu **Tokyo Metro** Bureau of **Transportation Tokyo** Tokyu Keikyu Number of mobility introduction cases in GMO-FG platform *including pre-launched cases





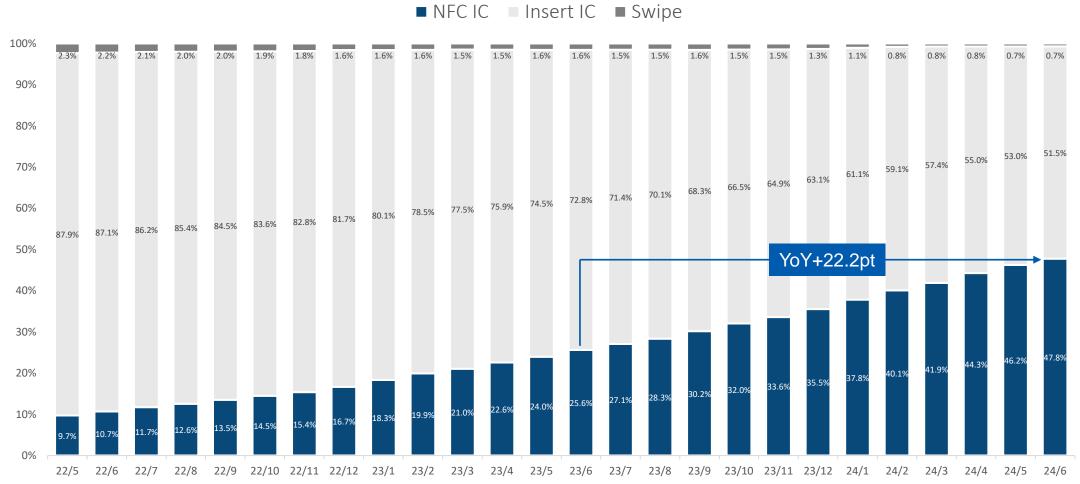
Launched terminal-less payment service "stera fasstap/tap". Currently starting introduction to SMEs Plan to implement to a wide range of merchants to meet various needs





The percentage of credit touch payments at our processing center is on an upward trend. Growing awareness of the convenience of NFC is driving the future spread of credit touch in the mobility field

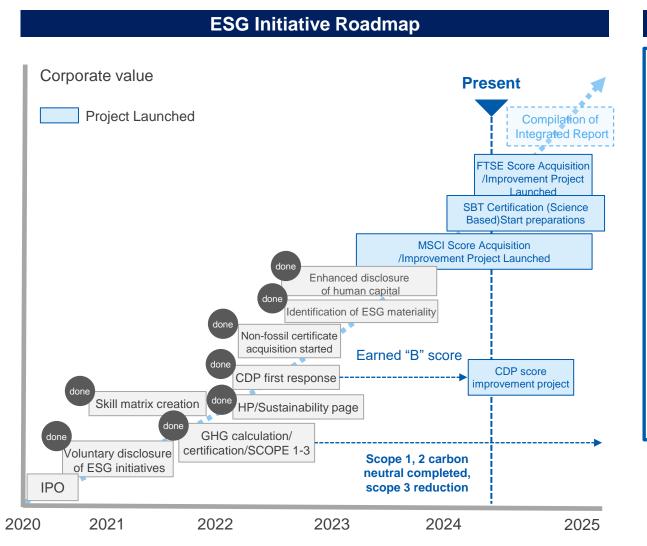
Credit and debit payments at our centers / Proportion of payment methods





4.9 Expanding ESG Initiatives

Working closely with external advisors to improve MSCI and Sustainalytics scores – continue to promote ESG initiatives to improve corporate value



To Do's

Promote MSCI score acquisition/improvement project

- Continue cooperation with external consultant regarding ESG rating (MSCI\ Sustainalytics)
- By improving ratings, aim to be included in MSCI index in Sept. 2025

Project launched for SBT certification (Science Based Targets)

- The SBT (Science Based Targets) Secretariat carries out certification after comparing the levels required by the Paris Agreement with the greenhouse gas emission reduction targets set by each company.
- Project launched to reduce greenhouse gases and data verification continued by thirdparty verification organization

CDP score improvement project

- Earned B score in 2023
- Will strive to earn A score by implementing external consultants

FTSE score acquisition/improvement project launched

- Visualize issues with the assumption that they will be subject to scoring in the near future
- · Started considering countermeasures

Creation of Integrated Report

Formed Project Team

• We plan to create an integrated report from the perspective of enhancing information disclosure in order to promote management that involves more stakeholders.



Supplemental Agenda

Financial Information, Investment and Shareholder Return Policies

5



5.1 Profit & Loss

(thousands of yen)	3Q FY2023	3Q FY2024	YoY
Revenue	12,003,785	13,595,283	+13.3%
Cost of goods sold	9,103,131	9,389,064	+3.1%
Gross profit	2,900,654	4,206,219	+45.0%
SG&A	1,923,987	2,806,677	+45.9%
Operating profit	976,666	1,399,541	+43.3%
Ordinary profit	973,092	1,391,449	+43.0%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	613,308	860,300	+40.3%



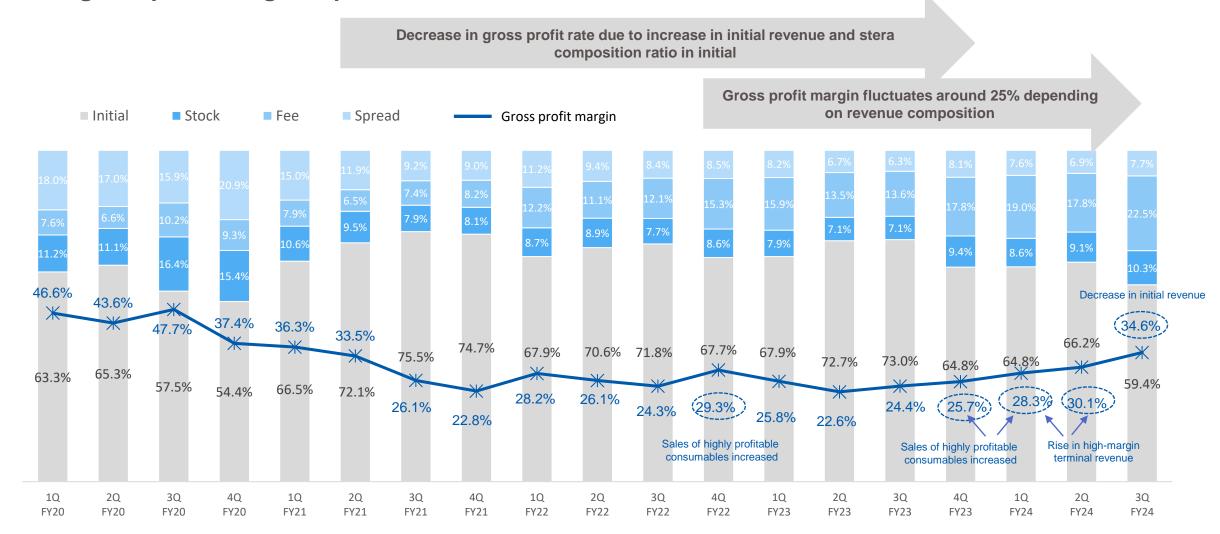
5.2 Revenue by business model (Quarterly)

(mn yen)	1Q FY21	2Q FY21	3Q FY21	4Q FY21	1Q FY22	2Q FY22	3Q FY22	4Q FY22	1Q FY23	2Q FY23	3Q FY23	4Q FY23	1Q FY24	2Q FY24	3Q FY24
Initial	855	1,103	1,525	1,682	1,454	1,643	2,136	1,927	2,220	2,905	3,461	2,529	2,915	3,143	2,586
– Recurring-Model	430	427	495	569	686	683	841	921	1,047	1,091	1,277	1,375	1,581	1,603	1,765
Stock	135	145	160	182	185	206	229	244	259	283	334	366	387	431	446
. Fee	101	99	149	183	261	259	361	434	519	539	643	693	853	842	981
Spread	193	181	185	203	239	217	250	242	268	268	299	315	340	329	337
Total	1,286	1,531	2,020	2,252	2,141	2,327	2,978	2,849	3,267	3,997	4,738	3,905	4,496	4,747	4,351

5.3 Changes in Revenue Composition and Changes in Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit margin fluctuates due to change in revenue composition – has increased for 5 consecutive quarters

Initial gross profit margin improved due to increased sales of unmanned terminals





5.4 Balance sheet

No major changes

End of 3Q FY2024 (thousands of yen)

Cash and cash equivalents (37.9%)

4,256,739

Merchandise (Payment terminal) 2,959,082

Other current assets 1,540,330

Non-current assets 2,111,303

Asset

Current liabilities 3,519,035

Non-current liabilities 2,064,896

Total net assets (50.3%) 5,654,760

Total liabilities and net assets

■ Note

Merchandise: ¥ 2.95 bn

Decreased by 380mn QoQ

Current liabilities: ¥ 3.51 bn

No major changes

Non-current liabilities: ¥ 2.06 bn

No major changes

Cash and cash equivalents: ¥ 4.25 bn

No major changes



5.5 Balance sheet (Quarterly)

	(mn yen)			1Q FY22	2Q FY22	3Q FY22	4Q FY22	1Q FY23	2Q FY23	3Q FY23	4Q FY23	1Q FY24	2Q FY24	3Q FY24	QoQ	YoY
		Cash and cash equivalents	3,434	1,425	1,618	2,231	2,519	1,720	2,190	2,779	4,015	3,897	4,216	4,256	+40	+1,476
	Current assets	Merchandise	1,615	2,177	2,523	1,545	1,507	2,511	3,131	2,733	2,396	3,077	3,344	2,959	-385	+225
Asset		Others	741	868	1,007	884	990	1,527	1,520	1,412	1,093	1,555	1,557	2,111	+553	+699
	Non-	current assets	1,347	1,409	1,445	1,497	1,622	1,567	1,651	1,692	1,757	1,846	1,893	1,911	+18	+219
	Т	otal assets	7,136	5,879	6,593	6,157	6,638	7,326	8,493	8,617	9,262	10,376	11,011	11,238	+226	+2,621
Liabilities		rent liabilities	2,720	1,538	2,135	1,575	1,929	2,801	3,220	2,114	2,604	3,298	3,619	3,519	-100	+1,404
		current liabilities	40	37	33	30	39	39	539	1,540	1,541	2,042	2,062	2,064	+2	+524
Net Asset		Asset	4,376	4,304	4,425	4,552	4,671	4,485	4,732	4,962	5,115	5,036	5,329	5,654	+325	+692
Total lia	abilities a	and net assets	7,136	5,879	6,593	6,157	6,638	7,326	8,493	8,617	9,262	10,376	11,011	11,238	+226	+2,621



5.6 Consolidated KPIs (Number of Active IDs)

The number of unmanned terminals continues to increase due to increase in self-service and labor saving

Started disclosing the number of IDs for terminal-less payments

(thousand)	1Q FY21	2Q FY21	3Q FY21	4Q FY21	1Q FY22	2Q FY22	3Q FY22	4Q FY22	1Q FY23	2Q FY23	3Q FY23	4Q FY23	1Q FY24	2Q FY24	3Q FY24	QoQ (%)	YoY (%)
Manned	39.5	48.4	61.6	75.2	88.3	101.3	118.7	132.7	149.4	162.7	199.5	222.2	246.7	258.3	268.3	+10.0 (+3.9%)	+68.7 (+34.4%)
Unmanned (IoT)	30.0	31.8	33.9	40.1	42.4	44.2	45.8	47.6	49.5	52.3	54.1	57.1	59.4	65.8	69.5	+3.6 (+5.6%)	+15.3 (+28.4%)
Sold by others	18.8	18.8	19.0	18.6	19.2	18.9	19.2	19.1	19.1	18.8	19.5	19.3	19.9	20.3	20.4	+0.1 (+0.5%)	+0.9 (+4.7%)
Terminal-less			ra tap⅃, Term oy others" fror	inal-less will b n 3Q FY24	е										3.0	+3.0 ()	+3.0 ()
Total	88.4	99.1	114.7	134.0	150.0	164.5	183.7	199.5	218.1	233.9	273.2	298.8	326.0	344.5	361.3	+16.8 (+4.9%)	+88.0 (+32.2%)



5.7 Capital Allocation Policy

Aim to achieve continuous business growth in accordance with the investment funding policy and capital allocation policy

Investment Source Funding Policy

Priority of investment resources (1) Operating cash flow, (2)
 Interest-bearing debt, (3) Equity

(1) Operating Cash Flow

Leverage operating CF from continuous profit growth

(2) Favorable sub liabilities, etc.

Flexibly consider the use of interest-bearing debt in accordance with our investment policy based on our financial condition, market environment, and interest rate levels

(3) Equity

We will make a comprehensive evaluation of the stock price level, market environment, financial condition, and other factors. and financial conditions, etc., and consider capital procurement to realize continuous business growth through investment. Consider capital procurement to achieve sustainable business growth through investment based on a comprehensive assessment of stock price levels, market environment, financial conditions, etc.

Capital Allocation Policy

 Priority will be given to business investment and growth investment in accordance with our business strategy, while at the same time, we will continue to provide a certain level of shareholder returns.

Business Investment

Business investment to implement market share expansion strategy

Growth Investments

Strategic investments in preparation for profit margin increase strategy

Shareholder Returns

Stable and continuous dividend payments while securing internal reserves for business and growth investments to support continuous business growth



5.8 Investment Policy

Proactive business investment to execute "market share expansion strategy" necessary for medium to long-term operating profit growth of +25% YoY

	Business investment	Growth investment
Main Investment Target	 Investments in data centers, terminal development, and internal systems Investment in human resources (organizational enhancement, hiring, performance-linked compensation, etc.) Development investment for IoT (mobility), touch settlement in transportation systems (trains, buses, etc.), and labor-saving/self-support 	 Support for cashless transactions in the area of small and medium-sized merchants New business related to money services/payment Data service/marketing support business Building alliances (business alliances, capital tie-ups, etc.)
Basic Investment Policy	•In principle, business investments are made within the budgeted framework based on the assumption that the profit plan will be achieved, and additional investments are made according to the progress of actual performance.	 Careful verification of business profitability and growth potential Start lean and small Expand investment limits in phases where return on investment is expected



5.9 Shareholder Return Policy

Aiming to increase corporate value through business growth while providing stable and continuous dividends simultaneously

Basic Policy on Shareholder Returns

Increase in corporate value

•Aim to increase market capitalization over the medium to long term through continuous business growth

To increase net income attributable to shareholders through business growth in revenue (CAGR 25%) and operating profit (+25% YoY or more) . Increase net income attributable to shareholders through business growth

Stable and continuous dividends

Stable and continuous dividend payments

Aim for shareholder returns of 50% or more while ensuring capital needs and internal reserves to support business growth (currently in place).



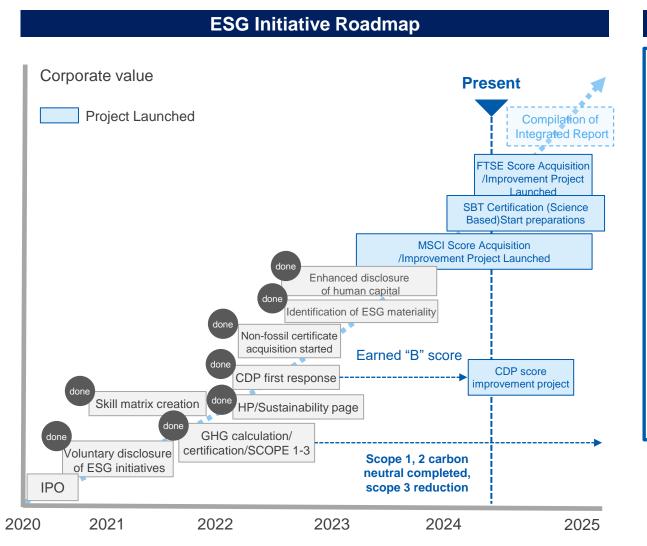
Supplemental Agenda

ESG Initiatives (Details)



6.1 Expanding ESG Initiatives

Working closely with external advisors to improve MSCI and Sustainalytics scores – continue to promote ESG initiatives to improve corporate value



To Do's

Promote MSCI score acquisition/improvement project

- Continue cooperation with external consultant regarding ESG rating (MSCI\ Sustainalytics)
- By improving ratings, aim to be included in MSCI index in Sept. 2025

Project launched for SBT certification (Science Based Targets)

- The SBT (Science Based Targets) Secretariat carries out certification after comparing the levels required by the Paris Agreement with the greenhouse gas emission reduction targets set by each company.
- Project launched to reduce greenhouse gases and data verification continued by thirdparty verification organization

CDP score improvement project

- Earned B score in 2023
- Will strive to earn A score by implementing external consultants

FTSE score acquisition/improvement project launched

- Visualize issues with the assumption that they will be subject to scoring in the near future
- Started considering countermeasures

Creation of Integrated Report

Formed Project Team

• We plan to create an integrated report from the perspective of enhancing information disclosure in order to promote management that involves more stakeholders.



6.2 ESG-related topics (Materiality Identification/CDP Score B earned)

(1) Identified materiality. (2) Received a "B" in CDP, focusing on prime companies, exceeding the industry average, the Asian average, and the global average. Aiming for "A" in the future, and aiming to improve the score of low evaluation items.

ESG Materiality

			Materiality	Contribution to SDGs
ility	1	Infrastructur e & Security	Provide safe and secure face-to- face cashless payment infrastructure	11 住海県州分布名 東京大学 東京大学 東京大学 東京大学 東京大学 東京大学 東京大学 東京大学
Social Responsibility	2	Decarboniza tion & Environmen t	Provide environmentally friendly payment terminals	7 thus-earch 12 oceans turn-some 13 and thus-some 15 oceans turn-some 15 oceans turn-some 17 oceans turn-some turn-s
Socia	3	Business Innovation	Incorporate technological advancements	8 動きがいる 総対点長も ・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・
nagement	4	Human Resources Human Rights	Secure highly specialized human resources and strengthen investment in their training	3 TATOAL
Senior Management	5	Governance	Establish a fair and equitable governance structure	16 ##26026 **********************************

CDP Score: B earned

What is CDP

Non-government organization for global warming countermeasures. Sends out a questionnaire to leading companies around the world on topics such as greenhouse gas emissions, business risks and opportunities due to climate change, and evaluates companies' responses to climate change issues based on their responses. Ratings are given in 8 stages: A, A-, B, B-, C, C-, D, D- (B rating is third from the top

B Score

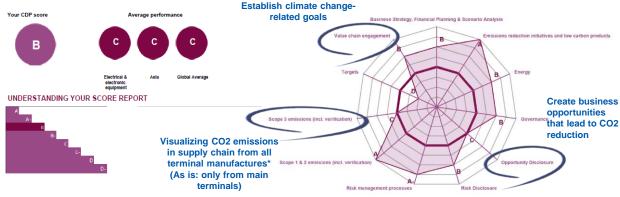
A score of "B" is considered to be at the management level, and indicates that the company has been evaluated as "taking coordinated action on climate issues"

- While our industry average, regional average, and global average are "C", we are a TSE growth market company and has a "B" score that exceeds these standards
- We will continue to strive to enhance disclosed information and aim to obtain an A score

CDP SCORE REPORT - CLIMATE CHANGE 2023



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6.3 ESG Initiatives / Environment

In the provision of our payment platform, we promote business operations that consider environmental impact. Working to reduce CO₂ emissions related to our business

Specific Efforts

- Recycled paper is used for receipts (paper rolls) used at each payment terminal.
- Provide electronic storage services for sales slips to reduce the number of receipts (paper rolls)
- Use of environmentally friendly materials for payment terminal components
- Reuse of payment terminals returned by merchants as replacement terminals (refurbished terminals) in the event of malfunctions, etc.

Environment Related Data						
Our Supply	Chain ostream	GN	ло-FG	downstream		
SC	COPE 3	SCOPE 1	SCOPE 2	SCOPE 3		
	Manufacturing and stribution	Fuel Combustion	Electricity use	Use and	disposal	
payment terminal	Sales of roll paper	-	Office,Settleme nt Centers	Payment Terminal Use	Payment terminal Disposal	

Supply chain CO ₂ emissions	FY2022	FY2023
SCOPE 1 (t-CO2)	0	0
SCOPE 2 (t-CO2)	105	0
SCOPE 3 (t-CO2)	13,927	19,501
Electricity consumption for SCOPE 1 and 2 (kwh)	231,210	200,949

^{*} The subject companies are GMO Financial Gate, GMO Card Systems, and GMO Data, a consolidated group of companies.



^{*} Data for SCOPE 1~3 will be verified by a third-party verification organization in the future.

^{*} Achieved virtually 100% renewable energy by using renewable energy equivalent to SCOPE 1 and 2 electricity consumption.

6.4 ESG Initiatives / Social

Aiming for sustainable growth by hiring excellent human resources and enhancing various systems that contribute to improving the capabilities of all partners* in order to create corporate value and solve social issues

*Employees are referred to as partners

Initiatives

Human Resource Development and Welfare System

- Career design system: System to provide advice and support on career development
- **360-degree multidimensional evaluation system**: A system that allows partners to evaluate their supervisors without a name.
- Countermeasures to the falling birthrate: Financial benefits and special exceptions for work at various stages of marriage, childcare, etc.

Work-style reform

- Promote a telework work system that takes into consideration the safety of executives and employees
- Promotion of maternity and paternity leave
- Encouraging shorter working hours for childcare
- Providing post-retirement reemployment opportunities
- Providing an hourly annual leave system, etc.

Employment of the Disabled

• Inclusivity of diverse employees, creating a better workplace

FY2022 124	FY2023
124	148
96	108
28	40
22.8	32.4
14.3	13.6
3y 7m	3y 10m
40.9	42.7
9.5	4.6
	28 22.8 14.3 3y 7m 40.9

^{*}Number of partners" covers the consolidated corporate group GMO Financial Gate, GMO Card Systems, and GMO Data.



^{*}Number of partners" is the total number of regular employees, rehired employees, contract employees, and seconded employees (excluding employees seconded from our group to outside the group, but including employees seconded from outside the group to our group).

^{*}Number of temporary partners" is the average total number of part-timers and temporary employees during the past year.

^{*} Figures for "Ratio of women among employee partners" and "Ratio of women among management partners" are for "employee partners.

^{*} Average years of service, average age, and turnover rate are non-consolidated figures for GMO Financial Gate.

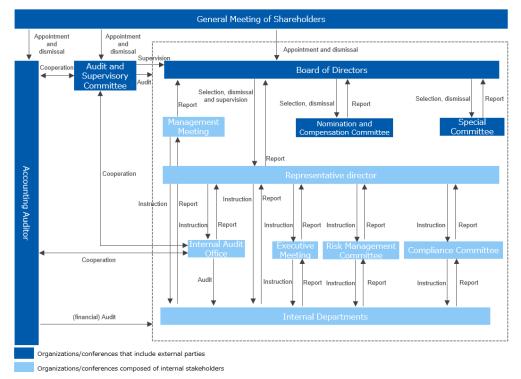
^{*} From the fiscal year ending September 2023, contracted and dispatched partners will be excluded from the calculation of the turnover rate.

6.5 ESG Initiatives / Governance

Focus on enhancing corporate governance by establishing a decision-making structure that responds quickly and appropriately to changes in the business environment, a fair, transparent, and efficient business execution structure

Specific Efforts

- Transition to a company with an audit and supervisory committee: External
 directors account for more than 1/3 of the Board of Directors, eliminating decisionmaking that would create a conflict of interest with shareholders.
- **Establishment of a special committee**: Strengthen the governance of the board of directors and protect the interests of minority shareholders



Governance Related Data

Outside Directors/Female Directors	FY2023
Number of directors	7
Number of independent outside directors (%)	2 (28.6%)
Number of female directors (%)	1 (14.3%)

^{*}Number and percentage of directors expected to be in office as of 12/14/2023

Attendance rate at Board of Directors Meetings (FY2023)

	Held/	Sugiyama	Aoyama	Fukuda	Tamai	Koide	Shimamura	Asayama
Times Held	Percentage	President and Representative Director	Board Member	Board Member	Board Member	Board Member	Independent Outside Director	Independent Outside Director
47 6	Times Attended	17	17	17	14	17	17	17
17 times	attendance rate	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}Directors in office as of the date of submission of this document (12/14/2023)

Board of Statutory Auditors FY2023

Number of times	Number of	Nagasawa	Ozawa	linuma
implemented	times/percentage	Independent Outside Corporate Auditor	Independent Outside Corporate Auditor	Auditor
40	Times Attended	14	14	14
13	Attendance Rate	100%	100%	100%

IR Activities	FY2022	FY2023
Financial Results Briefing	4	4
Number of 1-on-1 meetings	267	232
Group meetings sponsored by brokerage firms	3	3

^{*}For directors appointed during the term, indicate the number and rate of attendance since their appointment.

6.6 ESG Initiatives / Board of Directors

Governance structure built around technology and financial background

Internal Director (Managing Director)

Kentaro Sugiyama / President and Representative Director

Worked in the systems industry for 14 years with clients in the financial industry; joined GMO-FG in May 2017 after having worked for GMO-PG since 2014; became President and Representative Director in December



Akio Aoyama / Director, General Manager, Solution Partner Division

Worked in the systems industry for 21 years with clients in the financial industry; joined GMO-FG in April 2018; became Director in December 2018, responsible for Solution Partner Division; President and Representative Director of GMO Data since August 2019



Tomonaga Fukuda / Director, General Manager, IT Platform Division

18 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the financial industry; joined GMO-FG in September 2019, appointed as Director in December 2020, in charge of the IT Platform Division



Tomoki Tamai / Director, General Manager, Corporate Support Division

Engaged in sales and corporate affairs at major banks and operating companies; joined GMO-FG in August 2021; appointed Director in December 2022; in charge of Corporate Support Division



Director concurrently serving as GMO-PG

Tatsuya Koide / Director

35 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the public and manufacturing industries Joined GMO-PG in September 2021, also serving as Director of GMO-FG Appointed Senior Executive Officer of GMO-PG in December 2021



Independent External Director

Nao Shimamura / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

Engaged in legal practice in the legal industry for 15 years; appointed as an outside director in September 2019 (appointed as an outside director because he has the knowledge and experience to make decisions on important management matters of the Company and to supervise the execution of business operations in an accurate and fair manner).



Rie Asayama / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

Engaged in finance-related business for 36 years at a major banking group; appointed outside director in December 2021 (appointed as outside director because of her experience in promoting diversity and as executive vice president of a general business company).



Takayoshi Nagasawa / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

36 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the financial and distribution industries; appointed as an auditor in December 2016 (appointed as an outside director as a member of the audit committee to strengthen the internal control system and to audit the directors' execution of their duties); concurrently serving as an auditor of GMO Data from August 2019



Satoru Ozawa / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

46 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the corporate management and banking industries; appointed as an auditor in December 2016 (appointed as an outside director as an audit committee member to strengthen the internal control system and to audit the directors' execution of their duties).



Definition of notation GMO-FG: GMO Financial Gate, GMO-PG: GMO Payment Gateway

* Describes directors in office as of June 30, 2024.

6.7 ESG Initiatives / Executive Skills Matrix

Appointment of human resources that contribute to the enhancement of corporate value as directors, with a view to building a system that enables the Board of Directors to function effectively.

Identity	Kentaro Sugiyama	Akio Aoyama	Tomonaga Fukuda	Tomoki Tamai	Tatsuya Koide	Nao Shimamura outside the company Independent Director	Rie Asayama outside the company Independent Director	Takayoshi Nagasawa outside the company Independent Director	Satoru Ozawa outside the company Director
Job title	President and Representative Director	Director, General Manager, Solution Partner Division	Director, General Manager, I Platform Division	T Director, General Manager, Corporate Support Division	Director	Director (Audit and Supervisory Board Member)	Director (Audit and Supervisory Board Member)	Director (Audit and Supervisory Board Member)	Director (Audit and Supervisory Board Member)
Practicing GMO-ism*	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Corporate management	•	•					•		•
System Security			•						
Risk managAement			•	•			•	•	•
Legal & Governance				•		•		•	•
Finance, Accounting & Tax				•					
Sales and Marketing		•			•				
Investment (M&A)				•					
Financial Business									
Human Resource Development and Recruitment, Diversity					•		•		
ESG & Sustainability				•		•	•		

^{*} GMO-ism is the collective name for the company motto and company precepts that express the "Spirit Venture Declaration" and "55-Year Plan," the unchanging goals of the GMO Internet Group, as well as "Executive Principles" and "Laws of Victory.

^{*} Describes directors in office as of June 30, 2024.

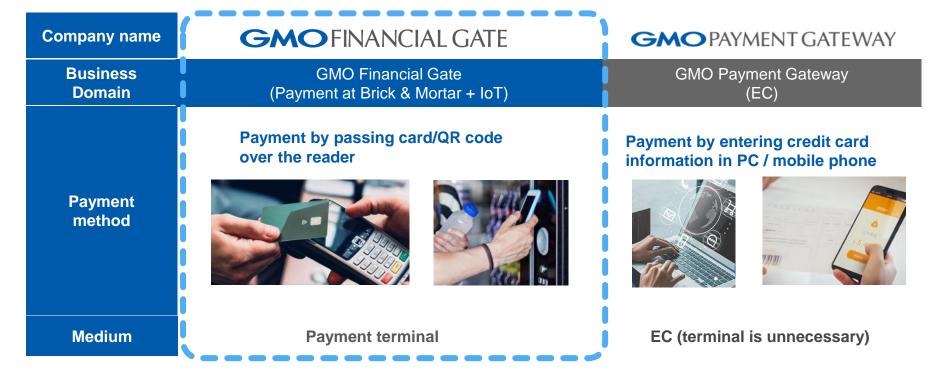


Supplemental Agenda

Appendix



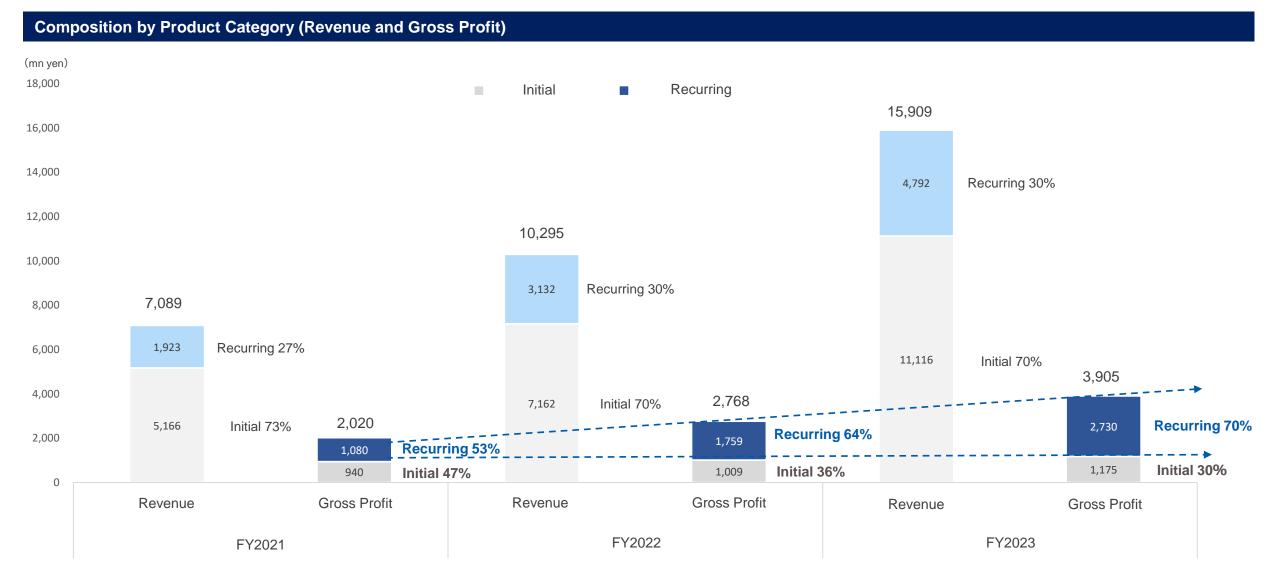
GMO-FG is focusing on offline payment



- Physical hardware network
- Proprietary programming code specifications
- Regulation

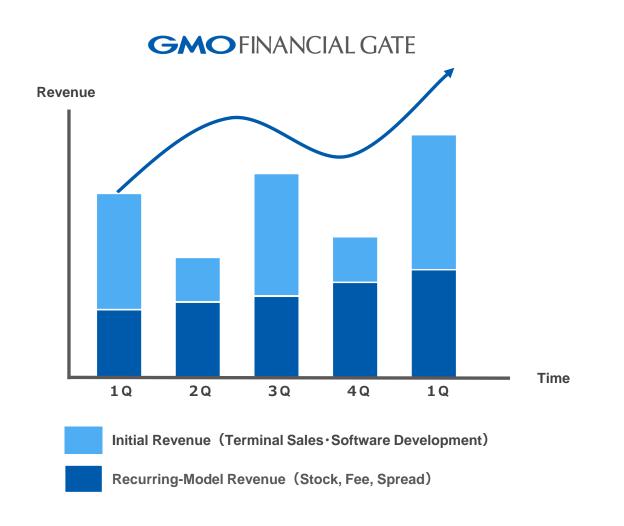


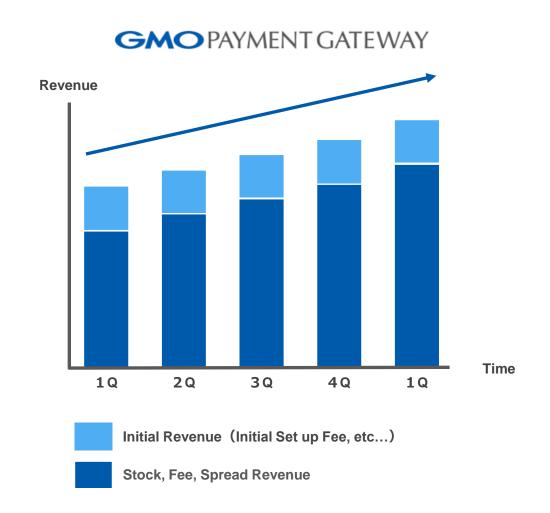
Growth in recurring revenue leads to steady profitability base





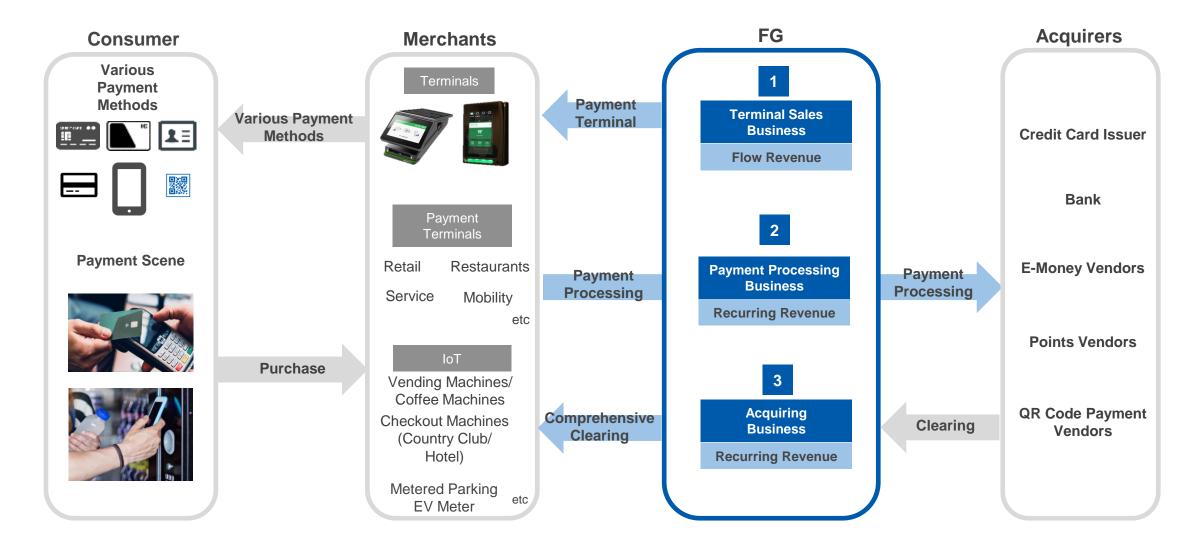
Initial revenue in offline payment is tend to be fluctuate because of its seasonality of terminal delivery



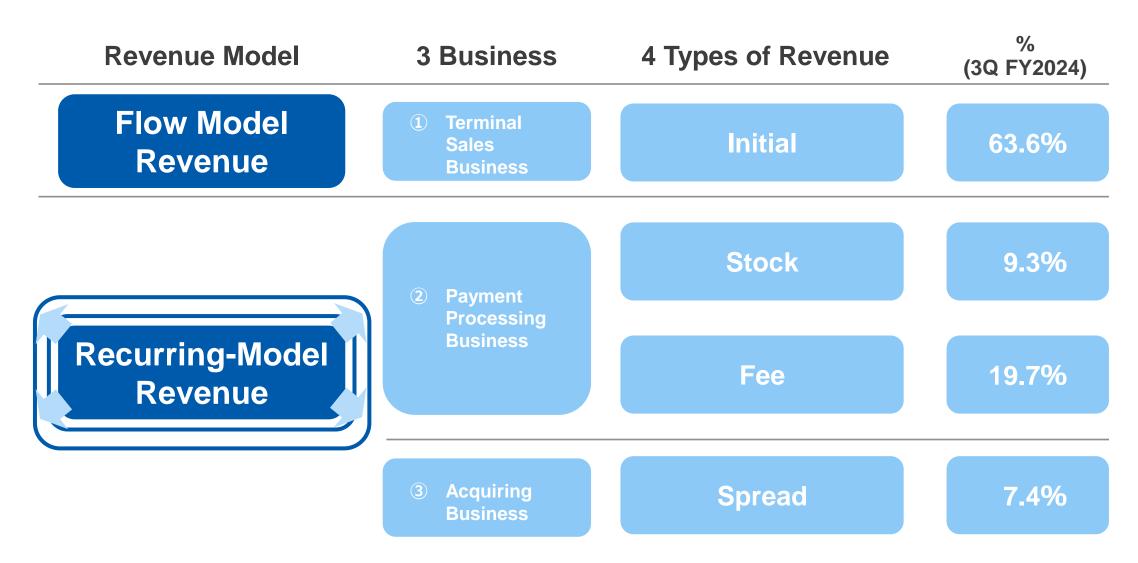


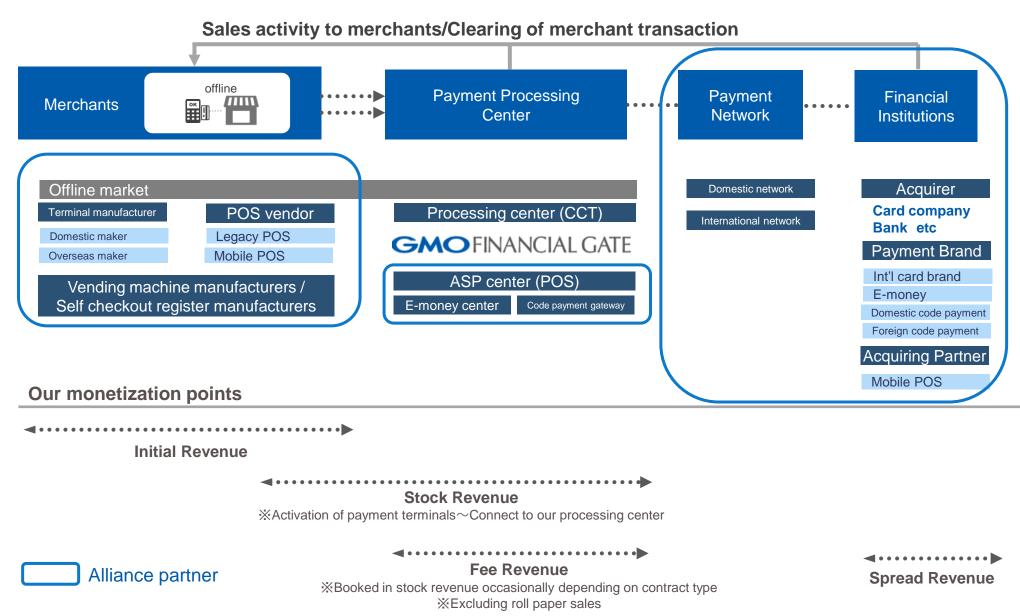


One-stop platform covering all settlement processes between merchants and acquirers



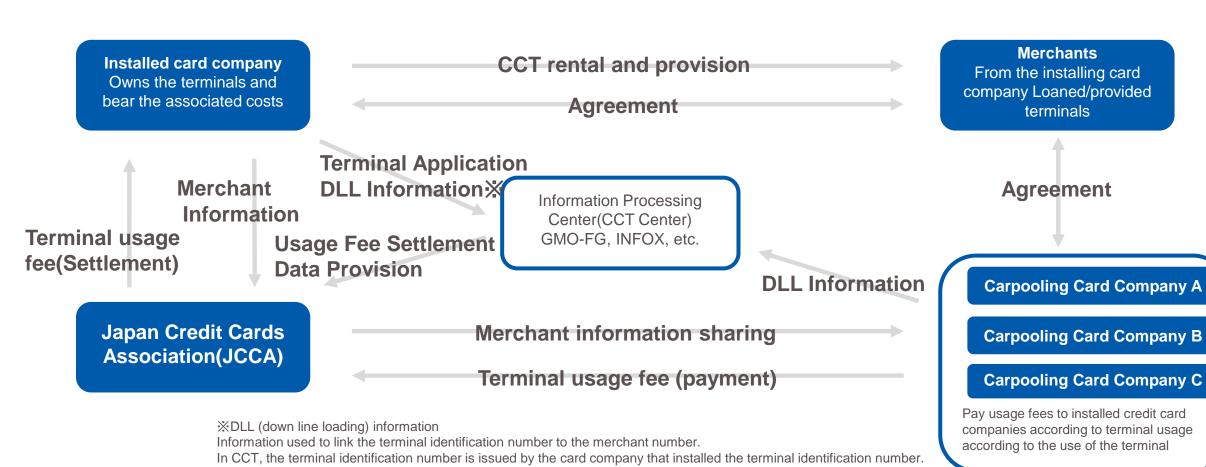
Recurring-model revenue grows with flow model revenue which is mainly coming form the sales of payment terminals





CCT(Credit Center Terminal)

It is a terminal name authorized by the information processing center (CCT Center) designated by the Japan Credit Card Association (JCCA) and operated in accordance with the guidelines, etc., established by the JCCA. A single card company owns the terminal on behalf of another card company and lends it to a merchant for installation. Multiple card companies jointly use the terminals and pay usage fees to the card companies that installed them



In merchant POS, the terminal identification number is issued by the merchant.

Merchant POS

In general, POS (Point of Sales) is a generic term for a service that provides information on sales performance trends such as the date, time, quantity, and price of products sold, but in the credit industry, the term merchant POS is customarily used to refer to all terminals capable of processing credit card transactions that are not CCT terminals. In a merchant POS, the merchant itself owns the terminal, prepares the card payment environment, and makes a separate contract with the credit card company. While this requires more time and effort on the part of the merchant, it also allows for a more flexible design that is not bound by the JCCA (Japan Credit Card Association) guidelines

Merchants Own terminal Agreement Merchants pay roll paper cost and credit card electronic receipt storage cost company A **DLL Information Japan Credit Cards** Agreement Association(JCCA) **Information Processing Center** Agreement (merchant POS centers) GMO-FG, INFOX, etc. credit card company B credit card company C * DLL (down line loading) information Information used to link the terminal identification number to the merchant number.



stera unit, mobile has been released in addition to stera terminal Usage expected to increase in different scenes















Self Checkout

KIOSK

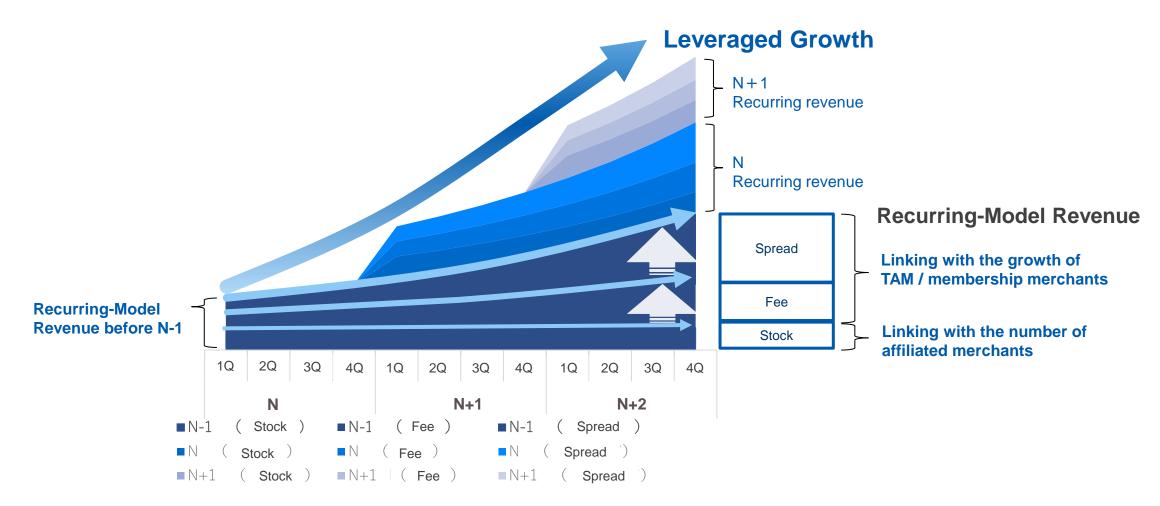
Counter Checkout

Cart POS

Table Check

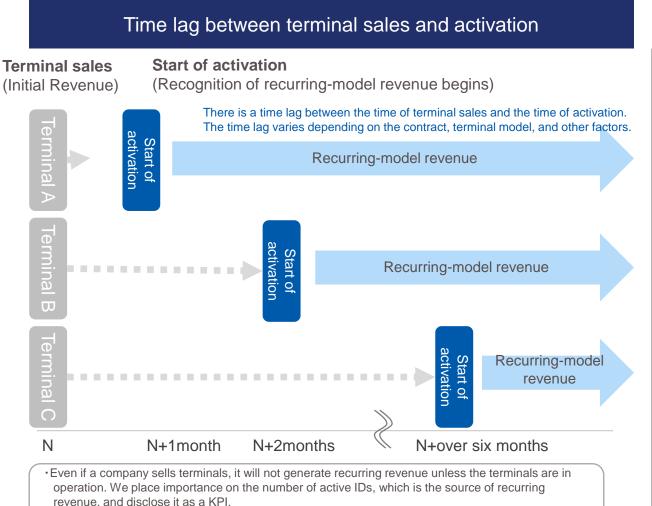


Fee and spread revenue are expanding with the market /growth in membership merchants

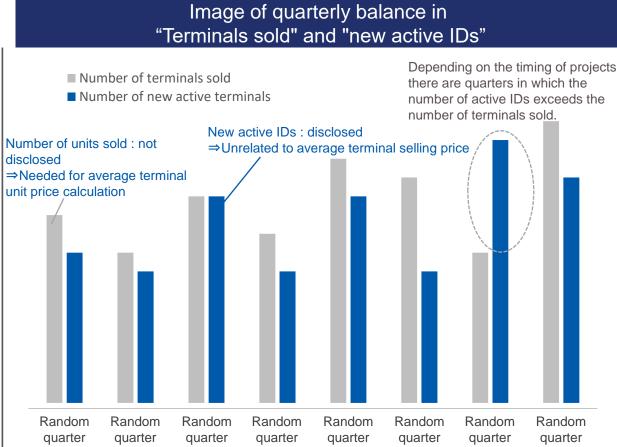




Initial revenue = Number of terminals sold × Average selling price per terminal + Accessory sales + Development sales Number of active IDs = Number of terminals that have processed payment at least once in the quarter



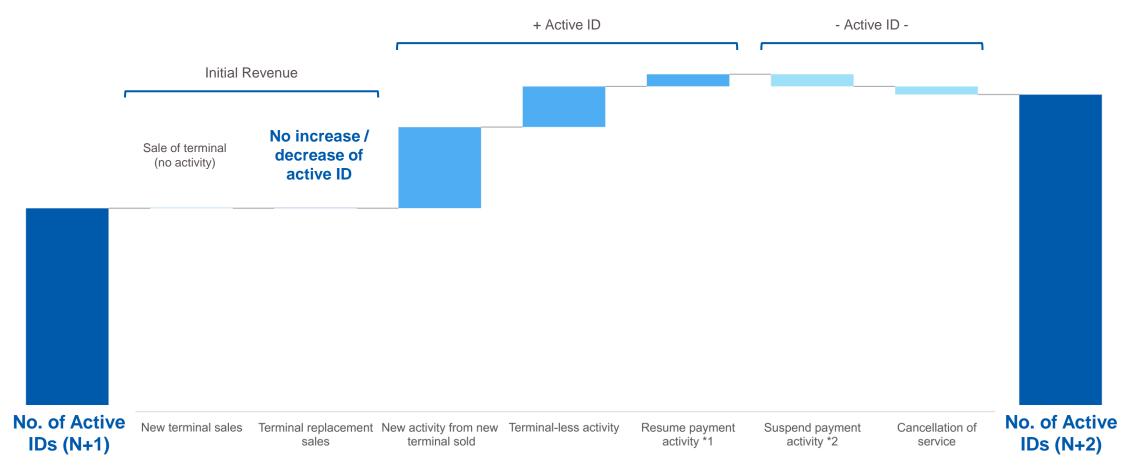
[·]Initial sales ÷ increase in the number of active IDs" ≠ average unit price per terminal



- Sales and capacity utilization both rise and fall each quarter, depending on the project, and are not completely linked.
- •However, there are also quarters in which "utilization > sales" due to simultaneous utilization of large projects, etc.
- •However, there are also quarters when "utilization exceeds sales" due to large projects going into operation simultaneously, etc.



Number of active ID is calculated quarterly and is not directly linked to initial revenue Replacing existing devices contributes to initial revenue, however, does not increase or decrease the number of active IDs





Details on each revenue 1

Initial	Content	Revenue Model
Payment terminal sales	Revenue from Payment terminals purchased from terminal manufacturers, and then confirm certain measures of payment methods that each merchant needs to accept.	 Terminal Selling Price × Units Sold ✓ More than 10 types of terminals ✓ Price range is from about ¥30K up to ¥100K
Software development	Software development that meets customers needs such as widening acceptable payment measures and adding point-payment functionality	• Number of Deals × Ordered value ✓ Since software development is tailor made type revenue, deal size and margin vary from time to time
Stock	Content	Revenue Model
Transaction Inquiry Service	It is a service that provides merchants with their daily sales data that go through our processing center. We charge it as monthly fixed fee	
Points & QR	It is a service to add point/QR payment app to the terminals merchants have. We charge it as monthly fixed fee	Number of contracts × Service Price
Rental (Mobile terminal)	It is a service to rent mobile type terminals that enable merchants to use them in wireless setting. We charge it as monthly fixed fee	✓ Service price is around ¥500 to ¥1K per terminal per month
Mobile SIM	It is a SIM card fee to use mobile type terminals. We charge it as monthly fixed fee	
Digitalization Assistance	Revenue from settlement data transferred to merchants, registration changes, assistance which leads to back office support for clients	Number of contracts × Monthly Fixed Fee
Processing (Monthly fixed fee model)	It is a processing fee based on monthly fixed rate *Basically, it is defined as "Fee" revenue when it comes to the case we charge as Pay As You Go billing, not fixed rate	✓ Monthly fixed fee will vary depending on the size of contract etc

Generally, the economics of services above vary depend on merchants. And there are services that some merchants do not apply

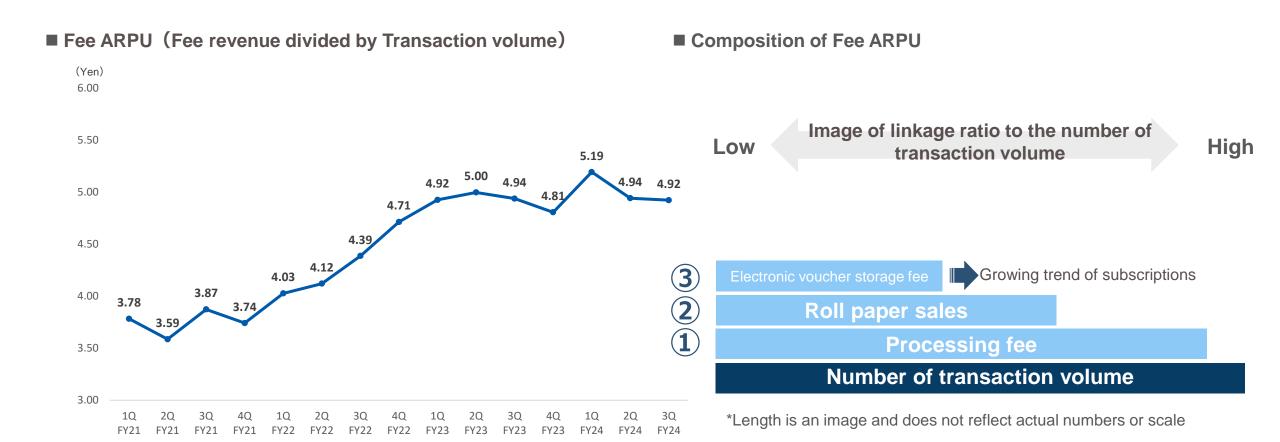


Fee	Content	Revenue Model
Processing	It is a fee we charge toward monthly transaction volume based on the rate per transaction	 TRX Volume × Processing Fee ✓ Processing fee is about ¥3 per transaction
Roll paper	This is a sales of roll paper that is used with payment terminals at stores	 Number of Order × Price of Roll Paper ✓ The price range of roll paper is about ¥130 to ¥200.
Electronic receipt storage	Optional service to store vouchers electronically, sales to be billed based on the number of payment transactions subject to the contract	 Number of settlement processes subject to contract x unit processing fee ✓ Unit processing fee is about ¥1 per transaction

Spread	content	Revenue Model
Acquiring (Settlement agent)	We charge spread fee (α) towards clearing amount to merchants We received indicator rate (N) from acquirers, then we acquire merchants instead of acquirers with the new rate (N+ α = merchant fee)	GMV of Agent Contract × Spread fee we charge (about 0.3∼0.4%)

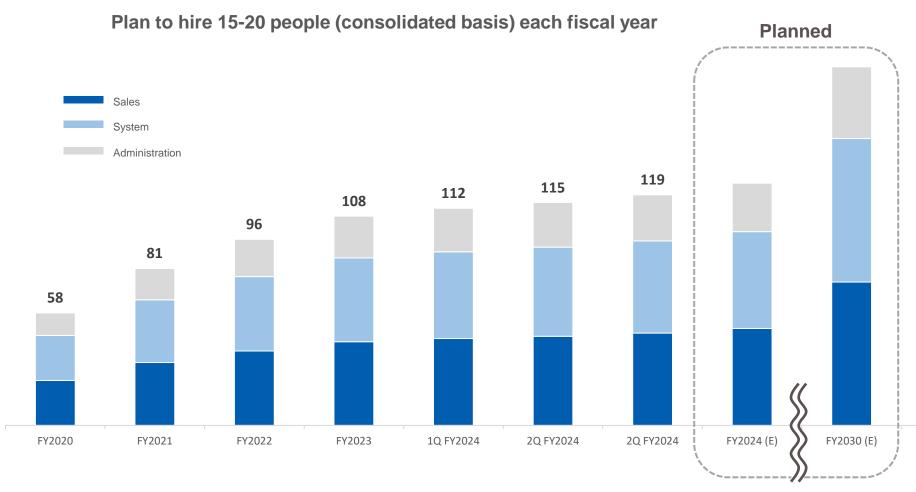


Fee ARPU is at the same level as Q3, Q2 – roll paper continues be major factor





Plans a net increase of 15 to 20 employees per fiscal year to achieve the management benchmarks. Assumed composition of work force is approximately 40% sales, 40% systems, and 20% administration



Sales: can build alliances and promote
Talents who solutions to merchants' issues.

System:

Talents who can promote strategies to leverage digital technologies.

Administration:

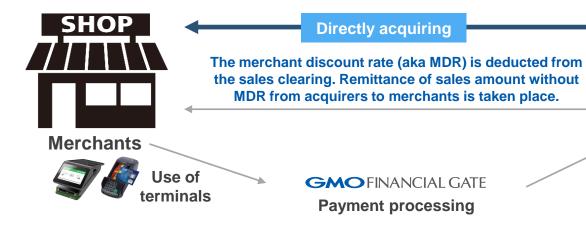
Talents who can promote the establishment of an advanced management system in line with business expansion.

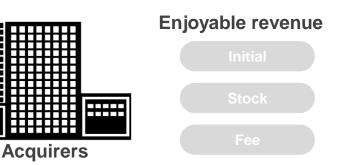


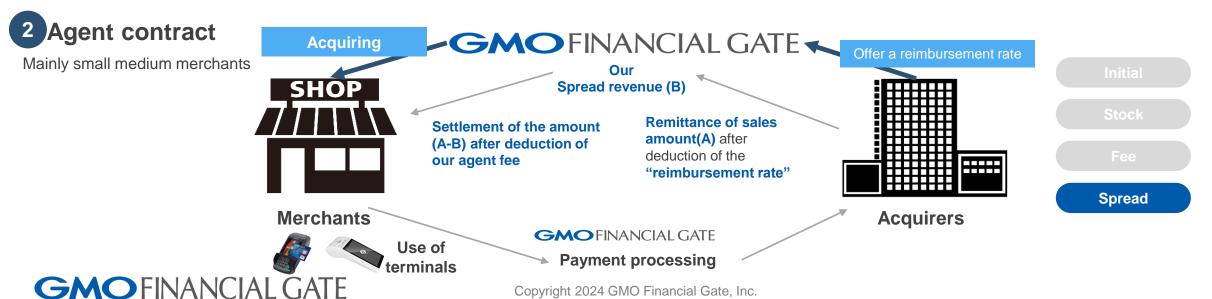
Our total GMV is the sum of 1 and 2 below. Spread revenue is generated only in the case of 2 Agent contract. Since 1 also contributes significantly to GMV, the linkage between total GMV and Spread revenue tends to decline

1 Direct contract

Mainly large merchants







In addition to the increase in the number of active IDs, revenue opportunities for Stock revenue will increase, but the status of subscriptions to paid services will differ depending on the needs/demand of merchants

Payment Terminal Offering





Mobile Model



Embedded Model



POS Model



Merchants (Acquisition opportunity image of Stock revenue)



Stock Revenue



Non-Stock Revenue



merchant A





The status of subscriptions to paid services that contribute to recurring revenue varies depending on the type of merchants and terminals

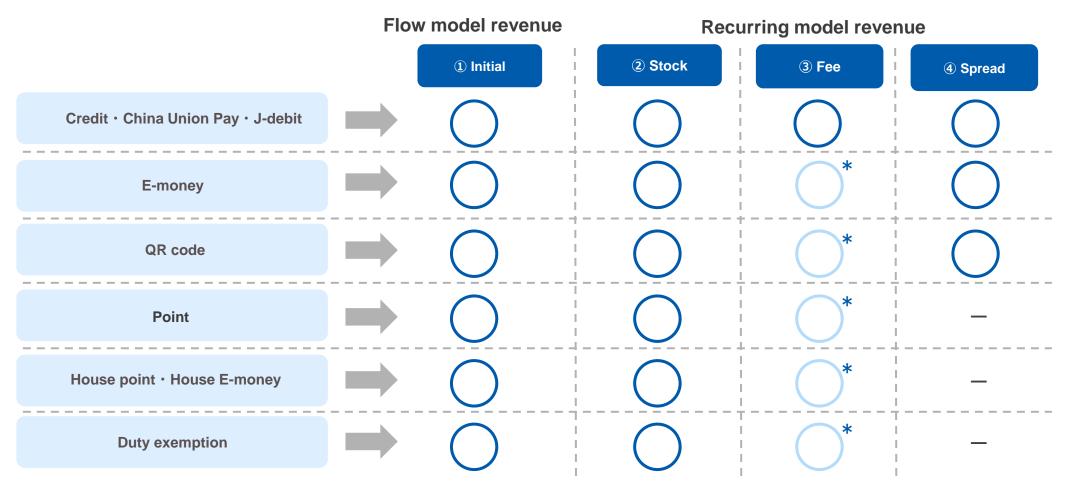








We operate different business models according to payment method as a cashless platformer. Growth in each payment method contributes to our growth as well



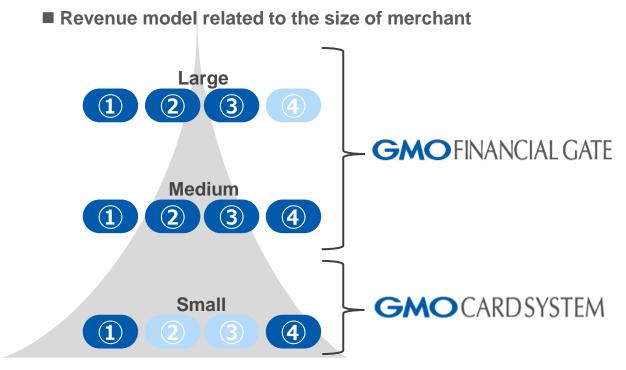
*There is no "processing fee" that constitutes Fee revenue because the transaction is not processed at our processing center, but the paper rolls consumed in conjunction with the transaction contribute to the increase of Fee revenue.



We mainly acquire medium- to large-sized merchants through alliances with major financial institutions. We mainly acquire small merchants (=long tail segment) through our subsidiaries

■ Four types of revenue model

① Initial	Terminal sales, Software development, Initial registration fee, etc
2 Stock	Monthly recurring revenue, communication fee of terminals, etc
3 Fee	Processing revenue related to TRX volume, Receipt paper sales, etc
4 Spread	Commission fee based on TRX value

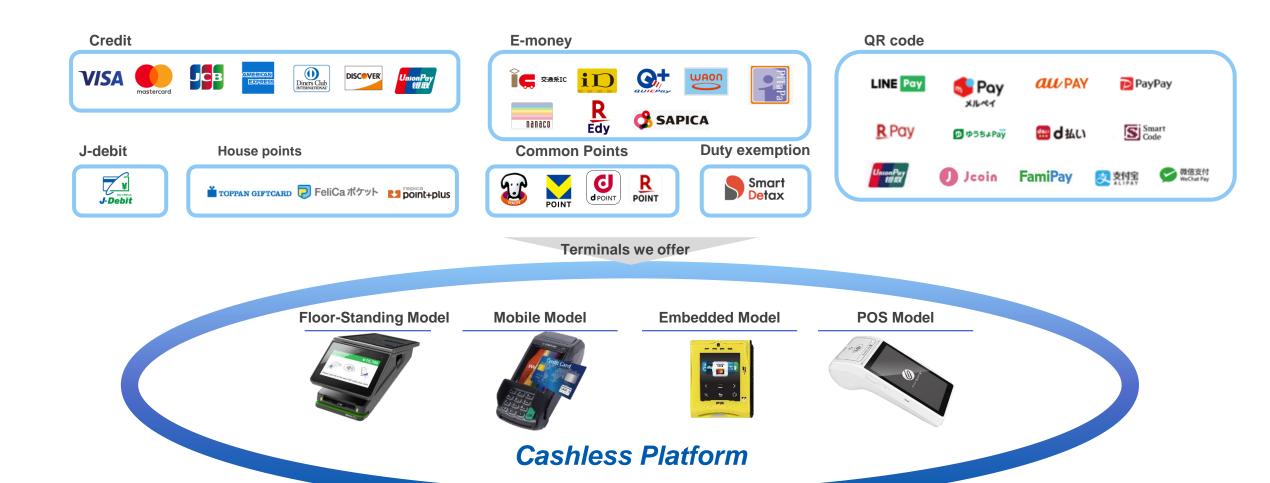




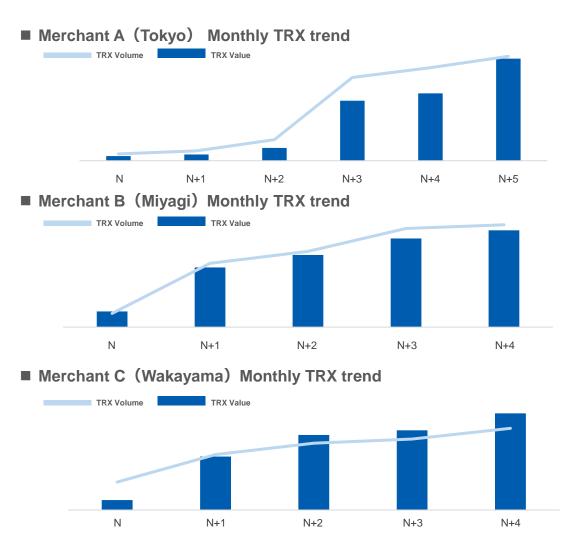
: Realization of the revenue varies from contract to contract



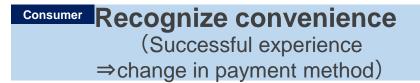
Meeting customer needs through enhanced credit payment functions and alliances with QR / points vendors



TRX volume & value tend to go up in a few months to six months after the merchants introduced cashless payment for the first time



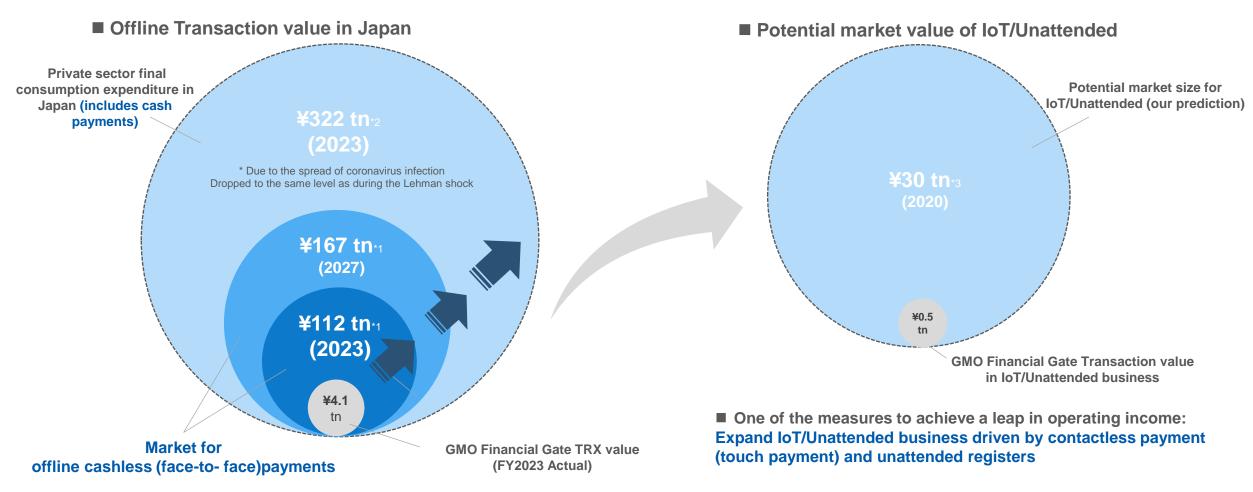






Recurring-Model revenue will increase

Transaction Value of cashless (face-to-face) payment is expanding rapidly, as the value of IoT / Unattended



^{(*1) &}quot;2024 Edition: Actual Status and Future Forecast of the Cashless Payment Market in Japan" and "2024 Edition: Current Status and Future Forecast of Online Payment Service Providers" Yano Research Institute Ltd.

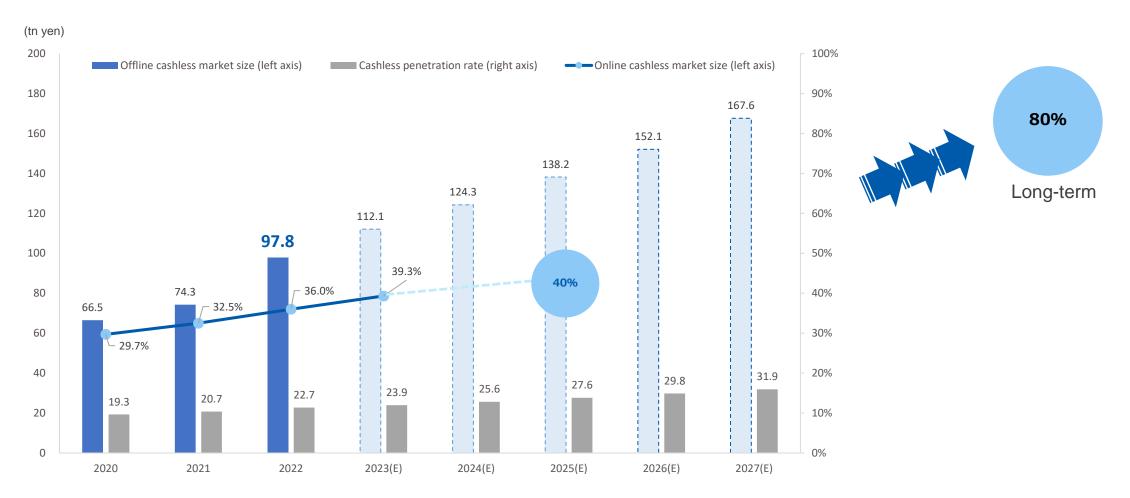
^{(*3) &}quot;Breakdown of Domestic Household Final Consumption Expenditure" by the Cabinet Office, Japan Vending Market," etc. The potential market size of unattended parking facilities is calculated based on the market size of buses/railways, hotels/inns, amusement, vending machines, and parking lots/EVs, which are the areas where IoT/Unattended is expected to grow in the future.



^{(*2) &}quot;Composition of Final Consumption Expenditures by Household Type" the Cabinet Office.



The market for offline cashless payments is currently ¥98 tn, four times larger than the online market. Cashless penetration is expected to rise driven by government-led cashless policies



Source: Cashless payment ratio in 2023,METI

"2024 Edition: Actual Status and Future Forecast of the Cashless Payment Market in Japan" Yano Research Institute Ltd "2024 Edition: Current Status and Future Forecast of Online Payment Service Providers" Yano Research Institute Ltd.



Even in an environment of significant growth in the proportion of QR codes, transaction value and volume of credit continue to grow

Transaction Value

Composition	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023			
Credit	89.7%	86.8%	85.3%	84.5%	83.5%			
Debit	2.1%	2.5%	2.8%	2.9%	2.9%			
E-money	7.0%	7.0%	6.3%	5.5%	5.1%			
QR code	1.2%	3.7%	5.6%	7.1%	8.6%			
(tn yen) 40 Transaction value(absolute value)								
120	■ Credit	Debit E -	money	QR code	10.9			
100		5.3	3	7.9 6.1 3.2	6.4			
80 5:8	3.2 6.0 2.2	6.0)					
60					105.7			
73.4	74.5	81.	0	93.8	20317			
20								
2019	2020	202	1	2022	2023			

Transaction Volume

Composition	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Credit	60.7%	58.2%	55.3%	53.7%	52.4%
Debit	1.8%	2.2%	2.5%	2.5%	2.2%
E-money	33.1%	27.1%	22.8%	19.9%	18.0%
QR code (100 mn)	4.3%	12.4%	19.4%	23.9%	27.4%
400	Transacti	on volume	e(absolute	value)	
350	■ Credi	t ■ Debit ■ E	-money ■ QR	code	
300					93.6
250				70.4	
200	27.2	2	19.0	58.8	61.6
8.2 150 62.3	59.2 —4.9		57.4 6.2	7.4	7.4
100	4.9				178.
₅₀ 114.2	127.0	13	39.4	158.5	170.
2019	2020	2	021	2022	2023

The number of terminals is expected to be equal to or greater than the market for payment terminals in real stores. Unattended market (= general term for vending/service machine market) is expected to expand further due to changes in the external environment such as a decrease in the working population





000

Tickets

EV chargers





sweet treats

Self-checkout

machine (Golf/Hotel)

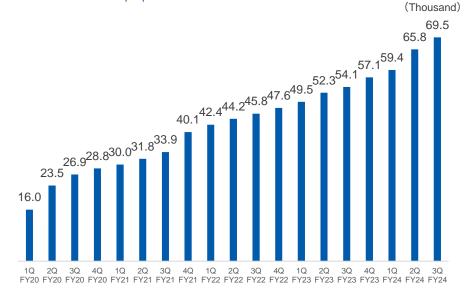




- **Declining workforce**
- Labor-saving support
- · Obtaining inbound demand
- · Retailers moving into offices
- Revision of the Pro-Sales Act
- COVID-19

■ No of active IoT terminals

Net increase in 3Q was QoQ +3,600 units which was not as high as in 2Q when large projects contributed, but it was at a high level. It continues to accumulate at a rapid pace





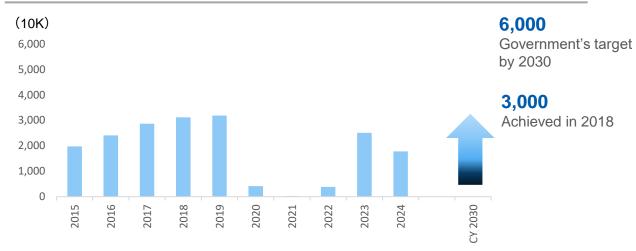
4 mn



Source: The Japan Vending System Manufacturers Association, Japan Ministry of Health Labor and Welfare, Yano Research Institute Ltd.

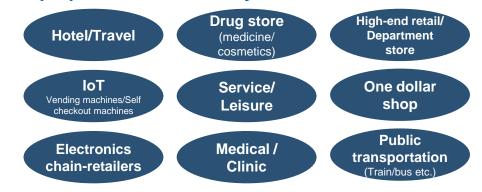
After a rapid recovery from the post covid, number of visitors has gradually stabilized

Number of visiting foreigners (annually)

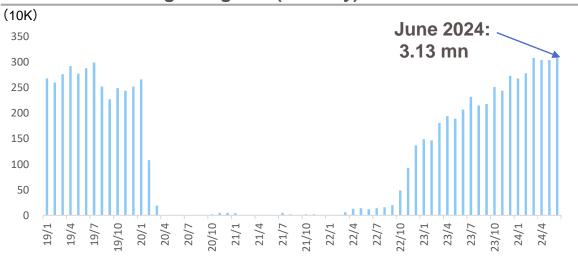


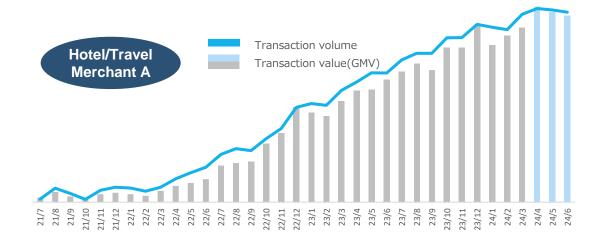
Our inbound-related industry merchants

Aggressively cultivate merchants in related industries in preparation for recovery of inbound demand



Number of visiting foreigners (Monthly)





Our growth strategy is based on the perspective of "a payment platform that provides value to society as an infrastructure company supporting a cashless society". We develop growth strategies focusing on "value creation"

growth strategy

- Market Share Expansion Strategy
 Provision of multiple payment terminals, accumulation of solution assets through Vertical deployment
- Operating profit growth of +25% every fiscal year (Operating profit 1.5 billion in FY2025, GMV ¥5 tn)

Value

- GMO Financial Gate pursues the value of existence
- Progressive, growth, profitability, immediacy, rationality, social, diversity

Mission

- We support value creation for our customers by demonstrating a high level of professionalism and encouraging them to take the initiative.
- We will contribute to the progress and development of society through our strong will to develop and create new markets and by conducting our business with integrity, fairness and honesty.



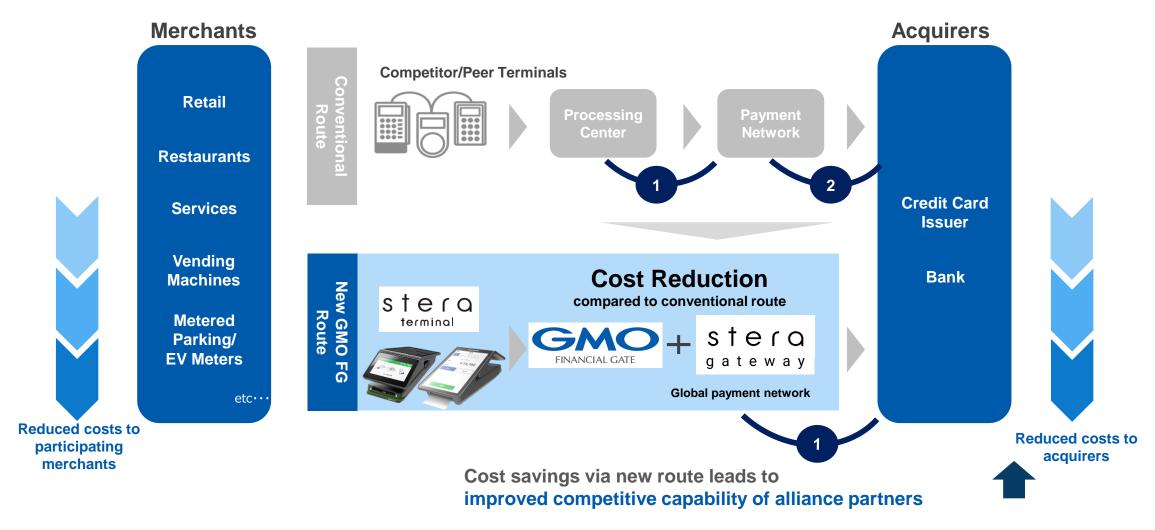
Vision

Revolutionizing Payments: Becoming the No. 1 Cashless Platformer that Transforms Society

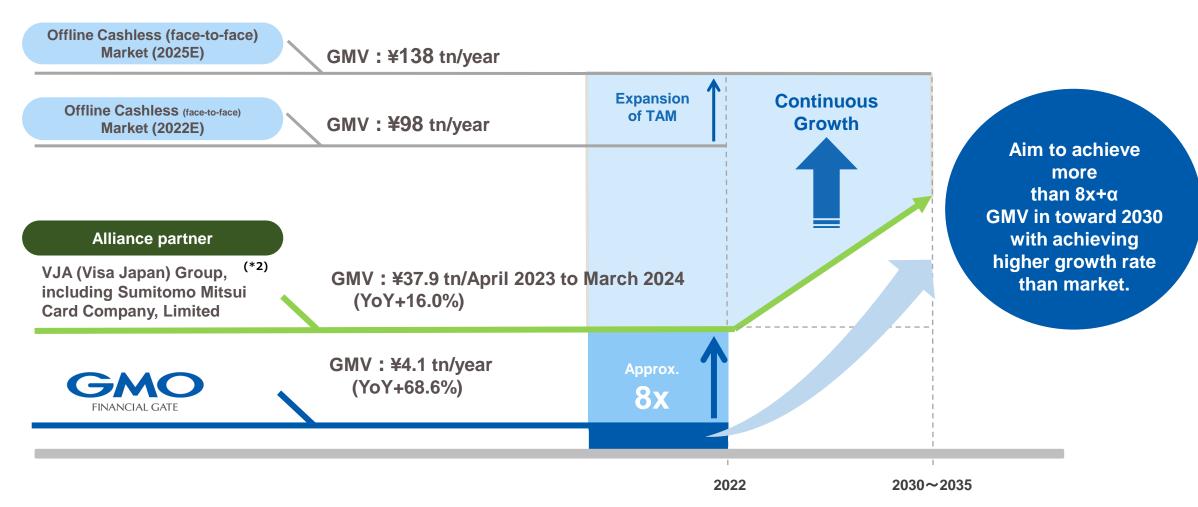




We created a new payment processing route with alliance partners. This route increases GMV, as the route reduces costs to participating merchants and acquirers



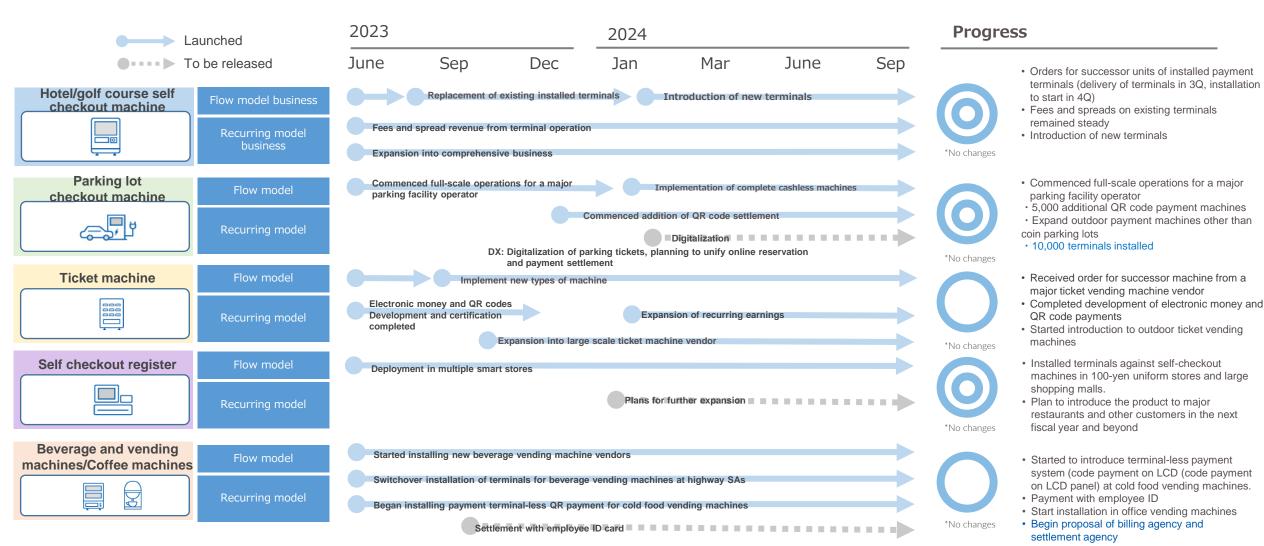
Due to cashless settlement penetration, TAM of our service scope has continuously expanded – New process network alliance partner will contribute to GMV increase



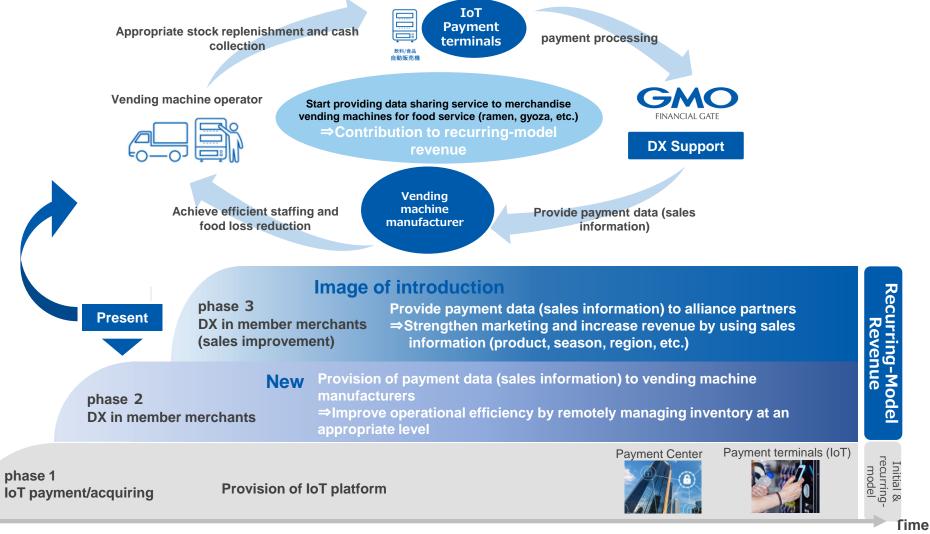
(*1) Source: "2024 Edition: Actual Status and Future Forecast of the Cashless Payment Market in Japan" and "2024 Edition: Current Status and Future Forecast of Online Payment Service Providers" Yano Research Institute Ltd. (*2) Source: VJA



Unmanned Terminals (IoT) has strengthened alliance initiatives in multiple areas Initiatives to monetize data is planned to materialize in the near future



Started providing payment data service for merchandise vending machines, contributing to recurring-model revenue. Supporting merchants' operational efficiency improvement and sophistication (DX) using data



Unique Positioning

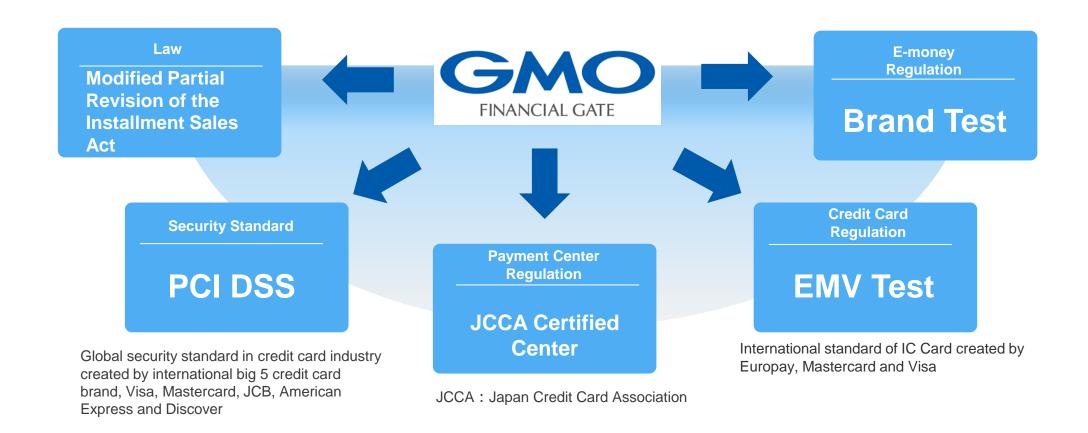
End-to-end solutions via one-stop platform allows us to create alliances with many players in the market

■ Solutions in Offline Payment Market Adaptation of Customization Payment Clearing/ Maintenance/ **Terminal** Top-End POS (Customize Payment Processing Settlement Adjustment Support Methods) Register Models FG N Leading payment network player R Major operating company Using their own registers only P Leading payment vendor



Barriers to Entry (Regulations to be Followed)

Many kinds of regulations exist in the face-to-face payment market depending on the payment method, and the number of regulations are increasing. As payment methods become more diversified, the barriers to entry become more challenging



METI announced its Cashless Vision policy in 2018, Japanese cashless market will expand in response



Impact on Business

Increasing demand for cashless terminals as merchants are obligated to use credit card IC Expanding demand for cashless terminals as merchants become obligated to use credit card IC

Consumer redemption projects have resulted in Increase in the amount of payments processed

With/after COVID, the Expanding Contactless and IoT Payment Needs

Inbound Demand Leads to Expanding need for cashless payment terminals Expansion of mobility payment needs

In line with the cost of adapting to the new banknotes Stimulus to introduce cashless payment terminals

Expanding needs for small payments due to the spread of terminal-less payment taps to pay/phones

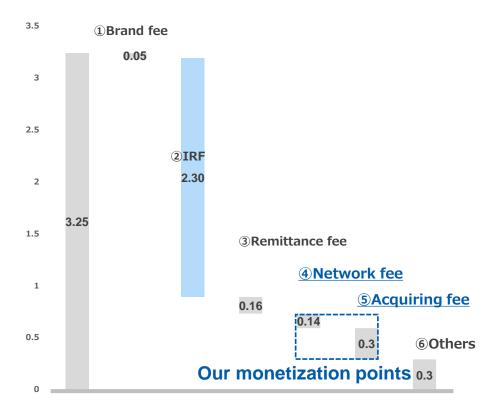
Government Announces Policy of Going Completely Cashless for Osaka Expo; Plan to install 1,000 terminals

Osaka IR to be Approved by Government, Targeting Opening in Latter Half of 2029 Expanding demand for cashless terminals In response to a request from the Japan Fair Trade Commission, Visa, Mastercard, and UnionPay announced their intention to disclose their interchange fee rates by the end of November

METI requires fee among credit card companies Fee among credit card companies is actually paid by merchants Brand fee 0.05% Brand fee 0.2% Internation al Brands Fee among card companies (Interchange fee) 2.3% Card Card Billing company company (Acquiring) (Issuing) Reimbursina Merchant fee 3.25% Payment Billina Reimbursing Billina Rate in longtail could be higher than this Goods/Service **Merchants** Consumers

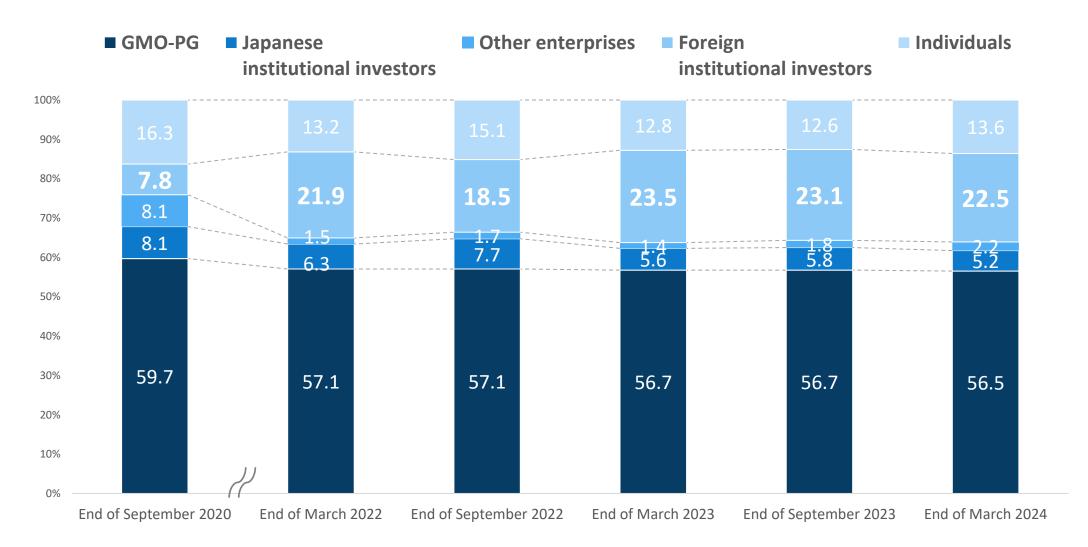
Breakdown of MDR

(model case : AOV ¥5K SME merchant)



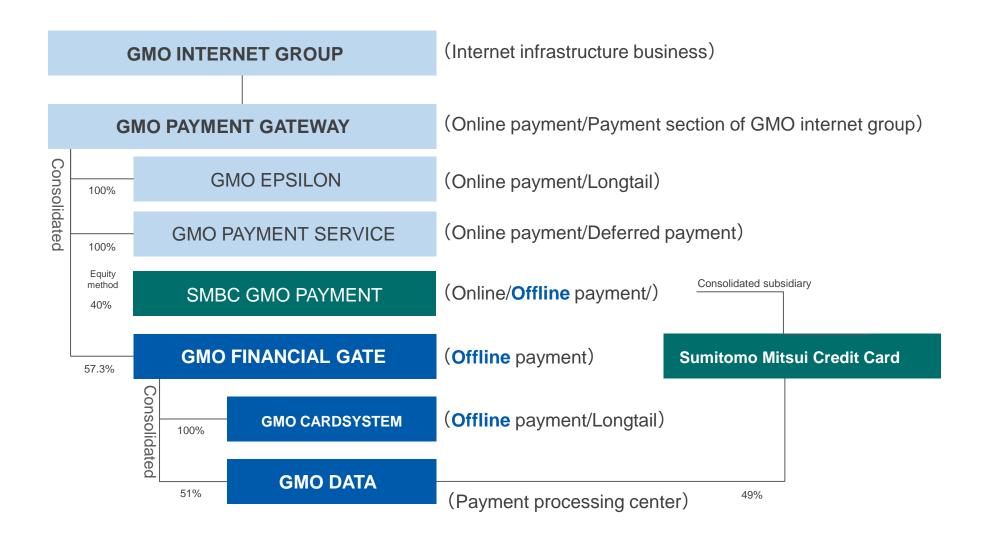


Actively engaged in IR activities for domestic and foreign institutional investors through 1-on-1 meetings and conference appearances, maintaining the ratio of foreign institutional investors at over 20%.





GMO-FG serves in offline face to face payment market as a consolidated subsidiary of GMO-PG





■ Company GMO Financial Gate, Inc. (TSE Growth Ticker:4051)

■ Foundation September 1999

■ Address Humax Shibuya Building 7F, Shibuya Dogenzaka 1-14-6, Tokyo

■ Stock Capital ¥1,638 mn(end of June 2023) ■ Major Shareholder GMO Payment Gateway, Inc.

■ Board Member Representative Director, President Kentaro Sugiyama

Director Akio Aoyama (Solution Partner Division Executive Manager)
Director Tomonaga Fukuda (IT Platform Division Executive Manager)
Director Tomoki Tamai (Corporate Support Division Executive Manager)

Director Tatsuya Koide (GMO Payment Gateway, Inc. Chief Managing Executive Officer)

External Director Nao Shimamura External Director Rie Asayama

External Director Takayoshi Nagasawa

External Director Satoru Ozawa

■ Subsidiary GMO CARD SYSTEM, Inc. shareholding ratio:100% GMO CARD SYSTEM

GMO DATA, Inc. shareholding ratio: 51.0% (Mitsui Card Company, Limited:49.0%)

■ Business Cashless payment infrastructure service (credit card, debit card, e-money etc.)



Floor-Standing Model



Mobile Model



Embedded Model



POS Model

(As of February 14, 2024)



Reference

Site name	URL	
GMO Financial Gate	https://gmo-fg.com/	
IR	https://gmo-fg.com/ir/	
Sustainability	https://gmo-fg.com/sustainability/	
Recruitment information	https://gmo-fg.com/recruit/	
GMO Financial Gate (English)	https://gmo-fg.com/en/	
GMO Payment Gateway	https://www.gmo-pg.com/	
Cashless Roadmap 2023	https://paymentsjapan.or.jp/publications/20230816_roadmap2023/	
Selected Service Industry Current Statistics Survey	https://www.meti.go.jp/statistics/tyo/tokusabido/index.html	
Cashless payment ratio in 2023	https://www.meti.go.jp/press/2023/03/20240329006/20240329006.html	
Statistics of foreign visitors to Japan	https://www.jnto.go.jp/statistics/data/visitors-statistics/	
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Thank you CMOFINANCIAL GATE

GMO Financial Gate, Inc. (TSE Growth 4051)

IR web site URL https://www.gmo-fg.com/ir/

